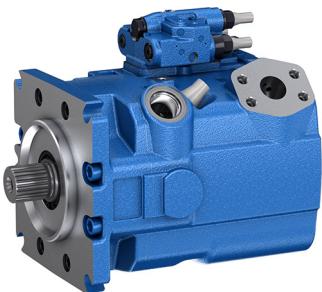


Axial piston variable pump A15V(L)O Series 11



Features

- ▶ Variable pump with axial piston rotary group in swashplate design for hydrostatic drives in open circuit.
- ▶ For use in mobile applications.
- ▶ Flow is proportional to the drive speed and displacement.
- ▶ Flow can be infinitely varied by controlling the swashplate angle.
- ▶ Special control device program with dynamic control behavior and swivel angle sensor with Hall effect for fully electronified pump control.
- ▶ Noise-optimized throughout the entire operating range.
- ▶ The robust and low-wear swivel angle positioning allows for a long service life.
- ▶ Ready for Hybrid: $\pm 100\%$ swivel angles allow for regenerative operation in the motor quadrant area up to nominal pressure.
- ▶ Compact design
- ▶ High efficiency
- ▶ High power density

► Name change:

- up to now **A11V(L)O Series 41**
 - becomes **A15V(L)O Series 11**
 - no technical differences
- ▶ Sizes 110 to 280
 - ▶ Nominal pressure 350 bar (5100 psi)
 - ▶ Maximum pressure 420 bar (6100 psi)
 - ▶ Open circuit

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2 **A15V(L)O Series 11** | Axial piston variable pump
Type code

Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
									/	11			V			0	-		

Axial piston unit

01	Variable swashplate design, nominal pressure 350 bar (5100 psi), maximum pressure 420 bar (6100 psi)	unpainted	A15V
		painted	LA15V

Operating mode

02	Pump, open circuit	without charge pump	●	●	●	●	●	○
		with charge pump	-	●	●	●	●	LO

Size (NG)

03	Geometric displacement, see table of values on page 9 and 10	110	145	175	210	280
----	--	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

Swiveling range

04	One-sided swiveling Two-sided swiveling ¹⁾	110	145	175	210	280
		●	●	●	●	●
	V _g max: + 5 % to + 100 % V _g min: - 5 % to + 30 %					
	V _g max: + 50 % to + 100 % V _g min: - 100 % to - 50 %	●	●	●	●	●
						M

Position 05, 06, 07 with the relevant control axis combination option, controller group a) to e) is described below

Type code position	05	06	07
Combination options	a) Power controller Not for swiveling range "M"	No other controller, without code b) Pressure controller	No other controller, without code
		c) Stroke control	c) Stroke control
		d) Load-sensing	d) Load-sensing
		e) Override DG	e) Override DG
		No other controller, without code	No other controller, without code
	b) Pressure controller	No other controller, without code b) Pressure controller ²⁾	No other controller, without code e) Override DG
		d) Load-sensing	d) Load-sensing
		e) Override DG	e) Override DG
	c) Stroke control Not for swiveling range "M"	No other controller, without code b) Pressure controller	No other controller, without code e) Override DG
		d) Load-sensing	d) Load-sensing

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

¹⁾ Not possible with charge pump (VLO).

²⁾ Cannot be combined with the same pressure controller

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
										/	11		V				0	-		

Control device: Controller group a)					110	145	175	210	280
a)	Power controller	fixed setting			●	●	●	●	●
		override electric-proportional	negative control	<i>U = 12 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
				<i>U = 24 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
		hydraulic-proportional	negative control		●	●	●	●	●
			positive control		●	●	●	●	●
Summation power controller	override hydraulic-proportional, high pressure	negative control	with stop	<i>U = 12 V</i>	○	○	○	●	●
			without stop	<i>U = 24 V</i>	○	○	○	○	○

Controller group b)					110	145	175	210	280
b)	Without additional controller (without symbol)					●	●	●	●
	Pressure controller With one-sided deflection	fixed setting			●	●	●	●	●
		remote controlled	positive control		●	●	●	●	●
		hydraulically							
		electric-proportional with integrated pilot valve for external pilot pressure supply	positive control	<i>U = 24 V</i>	○	○	○	○	●
not combinable with other controllers									

Controller group c)					110	145	175	210	280
c)	Without additional controller (without symbol)					●	●	●	●
	Stroke control	electric-proportional	positive control	<i>U = 12 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
				<i>U = 24 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
			negative control	<i>U = 24 V</i>	-	-	●	●	●
		hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure	negative control		●	●	●	●	●
			positive control		●	●	●	●	●

Controller group d)					110	145	175	210	280
d)	Without additional controller (without symbol)					●	●	●	●
	Load-sensing, Pump pressure internal	fixed setting			●	●	●	●	●
		electric-proportional	positive control	<i>U = 12 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
			positive control	<i>U = 24 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
	Pressure controller	remote controlled	positive control		●	●	●	●	●
	hydraulically								

Controller group e)					110	145	175	210	280
e)	Without additional controller (without symbol)					●	●	●	●
	Override DG electric-proportional	with integrated pilot control	positive control	<i>U = 24 V</i>	●	●	●	●	●
valve and only in combination with DG					negative control	<i>U = 24 V</i>	●	●	●

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

4 A15V(L)O Series 11 | Axial piston variable pump

Type code

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	/	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
										/	11		V			0	-			

Depressurized basic position and external control pressure supply¹⁾

110 145 175 210 280

08	Basic position maximum swivel angle ($V_{g \max}$)					
	Without external control pressure supply (standard for power and pressure controllers)	●	●	●	●	●
	With external control pressure supply (integrated shuttle valve, standard for negative stroke control)	●	●	●	●	●
08	Basic position minimum swivel angle ($V_{g \min}$)					
	With external control pressure supply (integrated shuttle valve, standard for positive stroke control)	●	●	●	●	●

Connector for solenoids²⁾

110 145 175 210 280

09	Without connector (without solenoid, only for hydraulic control)	●	●	●	●	●
	DEUTSCH - molded connector, 2-pin, without suppressor diode	●	●	●	●	●

Swivel angle sensor

110 145 175 210 280

10	Without swivel angle sensor	●	●	●	●	●
	With electrical	●	●	●	●	●
	Swivel angle sensor ³⁾ (as per data sheet 95150)	●	●	●	●	●

Series 110...280

11	Series 1, index 1	●	11
----	-------------------	---	----

Version of port and fastening threads

110 145 175 210 280

12	Metric, all fastening threads according to DIN 13, all port threads with O-ring seal according to ISO 6149	●	●	●	●	●
	ANSI, all fastening threads according to ASME B1.1, all port threads with O-ring seal according to ISO 11926	●	●	●	●	●

Direction of rotation

110 145 175 210 280

13	Viewed on drive shaft	clockwise	●	●	●	●
		counter-clockwise	●	●	●	●

Sealing material

110...280

14	FKM (fluoroelastomer)	●	V
----	-----------------------	---	---

Mounting flange

110 145 175 210 280

15	SAE J744	152-4	●	●	-	-
		165-4	-	-	●	●
	SAE J617	409-12	-	●	●	-

Drive shaft (permissible input torque, see page 4)

110 145 175 210 280

16	Splined shaft ANSI B92.1a	1 3/4 in 13T 8/16 DP	●	●	●	●
		2 in 15T 8/16 DP	-	●	●	●
		2 1/4 in 17T 8/16 DP	-	-	-	●
	Splined shaft DIN 5480	W45x2x21x9g	●	-	-	-
		W50x2x24x9g	-	●	●	-
		W60x2x28x9g	-	-	-	●

Rotary group version

110 145 175 210 280

17	Standard version without charge pump	●	●	●	●	●
	Premium version, efficiency and speed optimized (version with and without charge pump)	-	●	●	●	●

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

1) For description, please refer to "Control device" and the tables from page 13

2) Connectors for other electric components may deviate

3) Please contact us if the swivel angle sensor is used for control

01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
										/	11		V				0	-		

Through drives (for mounting options, see page 70)

18	Flange SAE J744 Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾										
	Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation	110	145	175	210	280	
82-2 (A)	82-2 (A)	●○	A1 ⁴⁾	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	S2	●	●	●	●	A1S2
		●○	A3	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	S2	●	●	●	●	A3S2
101-2 (B)	101-2 (B)	●○	B1 ⁴⁾	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	●	●	●	●	B1S4
				1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	●	●	●	●	B1S5
127-2 (C)	127-2 (C)	●○	B3	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	●	●	●	●	B3S4
				1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	●	●	●	●	B3S5
127-4 (C)	127-4 (C)	●○	B5	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	●	●	●	●	B5S4
				1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	○	○	●	●	B5S5
152-4 (D)	152-4 (D)	●○	C1 ⁴⁾	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	C1S7
				1 1/2 in	17T 12/24DP	S9	●	●	●	●	C1S9
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○	C3	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	C3S7
				1 1/2 in	17T 12/24DP	S9	●	●	●	●	C3S9
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○	C5	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	○	●	●	●	C5S7
				1 3/8 in	21T 16/32 DP	V8	●	●	○	○	C4V8
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○	D4	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	D4S7
				1 3/8 in	21T 16/32 DP	V8	○	○	○	○	D4V8
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○		1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	●	●	●	●	D4T1
				1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	-	-	●	●	E4T1
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○		2 in	15T 8/16DP	T2	-	-	●	●	E4T2
				2 1/4 in	17T 8/16DP	T3	-	-	-	-	E4T3
165-4 (E)	165-4 (E)	●○		W60x2x28x9g ³⁾	A4		-	-	-	-	E4A4
							●	●	●	●	U000

Pressure sensors and other sensors

110...280

19	Without sensor	●	0
----	----------------	---	---

Standard/special version

110...280

20	Standard version	●	0
	Special version	●	S

● = Available ○ = On request - = Not available

Notices

- ▶ Note the project planning notes on page 75.
- ▶ In addition to the type code, please specify the relevant technical data when placing your order.
- ▶ For details of the mounting situation of combination pumps, see page 70.

1) In accordance with ANSI B92.1a

2) The through drives A3, B3, C3 are equipped with universal through drives. For painting units, observe the mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

3) Hub N60x2x28x8H according to DIN 5480

4) Only for painting units, see position 01

5) See also "Mounting situation of combination pumps in relation to each other" on page 70.

Hydraulic fluids

The A15V(L)O variable pump is designed for operation with HLP mineral oil according to DIN 51524. See the following data sheets for application instructions and requirements for hydraulic fluids before the start of project planning:

- ▶ 90220: Hydraulic fluids based on mineral oils and related hydrocarbons
- ▶ 90221: Environmentally acceptable hydraulic fluids
- ▶ 90222: Fire-resistant, water-free hydraulic fluids (HFDR/HFDU)

Selection of hydraulic fluid

Bosch Rexroth evaluates hydraulic fluids on the basis of the Fluid Rating according to the technical data sheet 90235. Hydraulic fluids with positive evaluation in the Fluid Rating are provided in the following technical data sheet:
90245: Bosch Rexroth Fluid Rating List for Rexroth hydraulic components (pumps and motors)

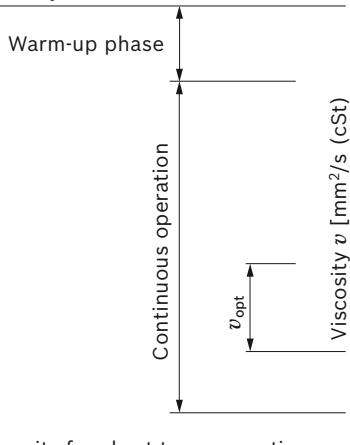
Selection of hydraulic fluid shall make sure that the operating viscosity in the operating temperature range is within the optimum range (v_{opt} ; see selection diagram).

Viscosity and temperature of hydraulic fluids

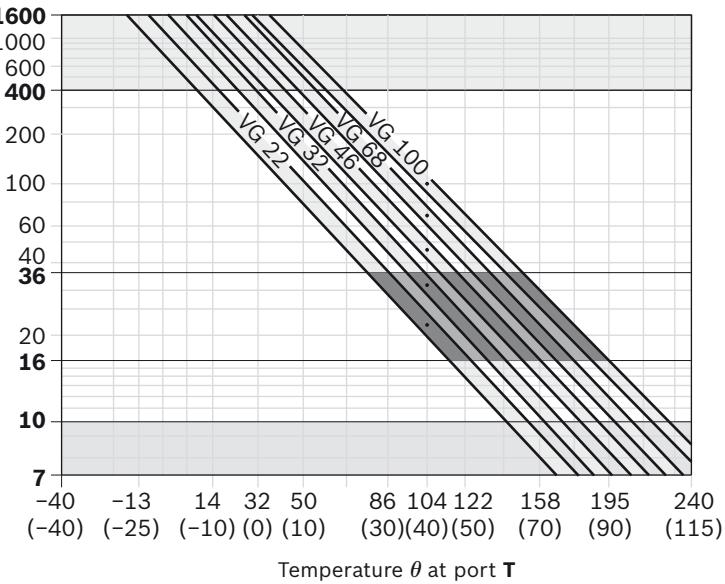
	Viscosity	Shaft seal ring	Temperature ³⁾	Comment
Cold start	$v_{max} \leq 1600 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s (cSt)}$	NBR ²⁾	$\theta_{St} \geq -40^\circ\text{C} (-40^\circ\text{F})$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min, without load } (p \leq 50 \text{ bar (725 psi)}), n \leq 1000 \text{ rpm}$ Permissible temperature difference between the axial piston unit and hydraulic fluid in the system max. 25 K (45 °F)
		FKM	$\theta_{St} \geq -25^\circ\text{C} (-13^\circ\text{F})$	
Warm-up phase	$v = 1600 \dots 400 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s (cSt)}$			$t \leq 15 \text{ min}, p \leq 0.7 \times p_{nom}$ and $n \leq 0.5 \times n_{nom}$
Continuous operation	$v = 400 \dots 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}^1) \text{ (cSt)}$	NBR ²⁾	$\theta \leq +85^\circ\text{C} (+185^\circ\text{F})$	measured at port T
		FKM	$\theta \leq +110^\circ\text{C} (+230^\circ\text{F})$	
	$v_{opt} = 36 \dots 16 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s (cSt)}$			optimal operating viscosity and efficiency range
Short-term operation	$v_{min} = 10 \dots 7 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s (cSt)}$	NBR ²⁾	$\theta \leq +85^\circ\text{C} (+185^\circ\text{F})$	$t \leq 3 \text{ min, } p \leq 0.3 \times p_{nom}$, measured at port T
		FKM	$\theta \leq +110^\circ\text{C} (+230^\circ\text{F})$	

▼ Selection diagram

Maximum permissible viscosity on cold start



Minimum permissible viscosity for short-term operation



¹⁾ This corresponds, for example on the VG 46, to a temperature range of +4 °C to +85 °C (39 °F to +185 °F) (see selection diagram)

²⁾ Special version, please contact us

³⁾ If the temperature at extreme operating parameters cannot be adhered to, please contact us.

Filtration of the hydraulic fluid

Finer filtration improves the cleanliness level of the hydraulic fluid, which increases the service life of the axial piston unit.

A cleanliness level of at least 20/18/15 under ISO 4406 should be maintained.

At a hydraulic fluid viscosity of less than 10 mm²/s (cSt) (e.g. due to high temperatures during short-term operation) at the drain port, a cleanliness level of at least 19/17/14 under ISO 4406 is required.

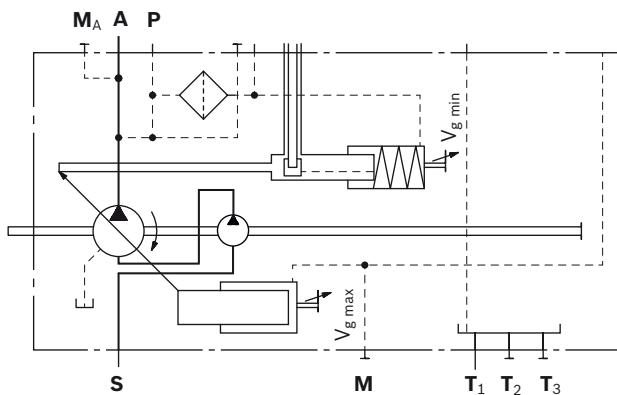
For example, viscosity is 10 mm²/s (cSt) at:

- at a temperature of 73 °C (163 °F) for HLP 32
- at a temperature of 85 °C (185 °F) for HLP 46

Charge pump (impeller)

The charge pump is a centrifugal pump with which the A15VLO is filled and therefore can be operated at higher rotational speeds. This also facilitates cold starting at low temperatures and high viscosity of the hydraulic fluid.

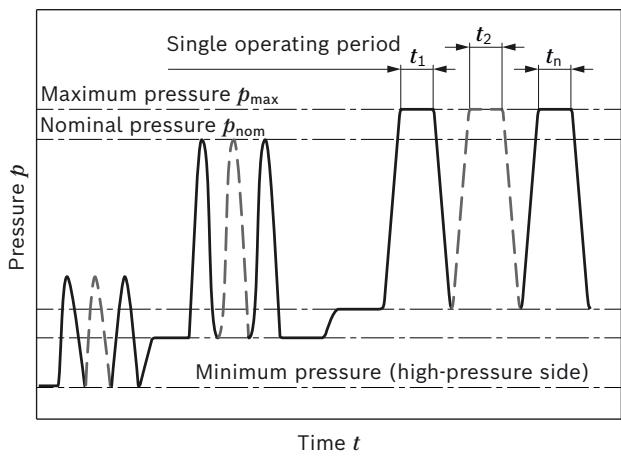
Externally increasing the inlet pressure is therefore unnecessary in most cases. Charging the reservoir with compressed air is not permissible.



Working pressure range

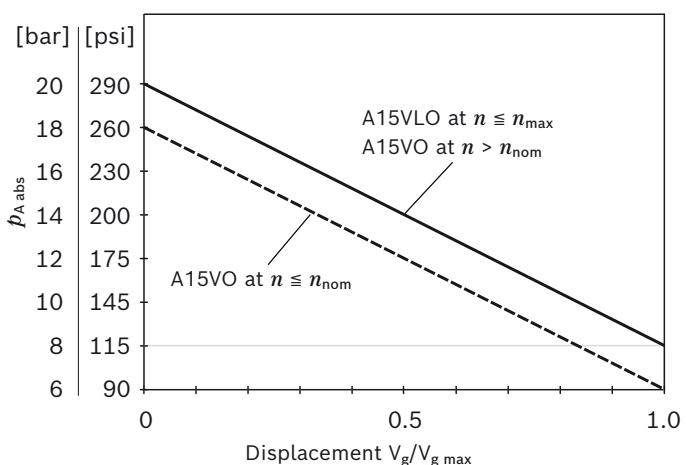
Pressure at working port A	Definition
Nominal pressure p_{nom}	350 bar (5100 psi)
Maximum pressure p_{max}	420 bar (6100 psi)
Single operating period	1 s
Total operating period	300 h
Minimum pressure $p_{\text{A abs}}$ (High-pressure side)	15 bar ¹⁾
Rate of pressure change $R_{\text{A max}}$	16000 bar/s (232000 psi/s)
Pressure at suction port S (inlet)	
Version without charge pump (A15VO)	Minimum pressure at suction port S (inlet) which is required to prevent damage to the axial piston unit. The minimum pressure depends on the rotational speed and the swivel angle (see diagram on page 8 and footnote ⁴⁾ Technical data on page 8).
Minimum pressure $p_{\text{S min}}$	≥ 0.8 bar (12 psi) absolute
Maximum pressure $p_{\text{S max}}$	≤ 30 bar (435 psi)
Version with charge pump (A15VLO)	
Minimum pressure $p_{\text{S min}}$	≥ 0.7 bar (10.5 psi) absolute
Maximum pressure $p_{\text{S max}}$	≤ 2 bar (30 psi) absolute
Case pressure at port T₁, T₂, T₃	
Max. static pressure $p_{\text{L max}}$	3 bar (45 psi)
	Maximum 1.2 bar (18 psi) higher than inlet pressure at port S, but not higher than $p_{\text{L max}}$. A drain line to the reservoir is required.
Pressure peaks $p_{\text{L peak}}$	6 bar (90 psi)
	$t < 0.1$ s

▼ Pressure definition



$$\text{Total operating period} = t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n$$

▼ Minimum pressure (high-pressure side)



Notice

Working pressure range applies when using mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids. Please contact us for values for other hydraulic fluids.

¹⁾ See also footnote 4 on page 9 and 10

Technical data

Rotary group version E and P without charge pump (A15VO)

Size	NG	110	145	175	210	280			
Geometric displacement, per revolution	V_g max	cm ³ in ³	110.0 6.71	145.0 8.85	175.0 10.68	210.0 12.81	280.0 17.09		
	V_g min	cm ³ in ³	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0			
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾	at V_g max ²⁾ Version E	n_{nom}	rpm	2400	2300	2150	2000	1800	
	at V_g max ²⁾ Version P			–	2300	2150	2100	1800	
	at $V_g \leq V_g$ max ³⁾ Version E	n_{max}	rpm	2400	2300	2150	2000	1800	
	at $V_g \leq V_g$ max ³⁾ Version P			–	2600	2500	2350 ⁴⁾	2150 ⁴⁾	
Flow	at n_{nom} and V_g max Version E	q_v	l/min	264	334	376	420	504	
		q_v	gpm	70	88	99	110	133	
Power	at n_{nom} , V_g max and $\Delta p = 350$ bar (5100 psi) Version E	P	kW	154	195	219	245	294	
		P	hp	207	261	294	345	394	
Torque	at V_g max and $\Delta p = 350$ bar (5100 psi) ²⁾	M	Nm	613	808	975	1170	1560	
			lb-ft	452	596	719	863	1151	
Rotary stiffness Drive shaft	1 3/4 in 13T 8/16 DP	T1	c	kNm/rad	190	235	243	254	302
				lb-ft/rad	140137	173327	179227	187340	222744
	2 in 15T 8/16 DP	T2	c	kNm/rad	–	286	298	314	396
				lb-ft/rad	–	210942	219794	231595	292075
	2 1/4 in 17T 8/16 DP	T3	c	kNm/rad	–	–	–	–	519
				lb-ft/rad	–	–	–	–	382795
	W45x2x21x9g	A1	c	kNm/rad	242	–	–	–	–
				lb-ft/rad	178489	–	–	–	–
	W50x2x24x9g	A2	c	kNm/rad	–	334	357	381	–
				lb-ft/rad	–	246345	263309	281011	–
	W60x2x28x9g	A4	c	kNm/rad	–	–	–	–	645
				lb-ft/rad	–	–	–	–	475727
Moment of inertia of the rotary group	Version E	J_{TW}	kgm ²	0,022	0,035	0,045	0,06	0,105	
			lb-ft ²	0.5221	0.8306	1.0679	1.4238	3.3222	
	Version P	J_{TW}	kgm ²	–	0,035	0,045	0,06	0,097	
			lb-ft ²	–	0.8306	1.0679	1.4238	2.3019	
Maximum angular acceleration ⁵⁾	Version E	α	rad/s ²	7465	6298	5609	5014	3900	
	Version P	α	rad/s ²	–	6298	5609	5014	4200	
Case volume		V	l	2.2	2.7	3.6	4	6.5	
			gal	0.58	0.71	0.95	1.06	1.72	
Weight (without through drive) and with D4/E4 mounting flange, approx.	m		kg	64	79	97	111	143	
			lbs	141	174	214	245	315	

1) The values are applicable:

- for the optimum viscosity range from $\nu_{opt} = 36$ to 16 mm²/s (cSt)
- with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils

2) The values apply at absolute pressure $p_{abs} = 1$ bar (15 psi) at suction port S.

3) Maximum rotational speed (speed limit) for increased inlet pressure p_{abs} at suction port S and $V_g < V_g$ max, see diagram page 11.

4) The rotational speed can be increased under the following conditions:

NG	Rotational speed [rpm]	Pressure at port A $p_{A\ abs}$ [bar (psi)]	Swivel angle [%]
280	2300	at least 35 (510)	at least 10
210	2500	at least 35 (510)	at least 10

5) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.

10 **A15V(L)O Series 11** | Axial piston variable pump
Technical data

Technical data

With charge pump (A15VLO) rotary group version P

Size	NG		145	175	210	280
Geometric displacement, per revolution	V_g max	cm ³	145.0	175.0	210.0	280.0
		in ³	8.85	10.68	12.81	17.09
	V_g min	cm ³	0	0	0	0
		in ³	0	0	0	0
Maximum rotational speed ¹⁾	at V_g max ²⁾	n_{nom}	rpm	2600	2500	2350 ⁴⁾
	at $V_g \leq V_g$ max	n_{max}	rpm	2600 ³⁾	2500 ³⁾	2350 ⁴⁾
Flow	at n_{nom} and V_g max	q_v	l/min	377	438	493
			gpm	100	116	130
Power	at n_{nom} , V_g max and $\Delta p = 350$ bar (5100 psi)	P	kW	220	255	288
			hp	295	342	386
Torque	at V_g max and $\Delta p = 350$ bar (5100 psi) ²⁾	M	Nm	808	975	1170
			lb-ft	596	719	863
Rotary stiffness of drive shaft	1 3/4 in 13T 8/16 DP	T1	c	kNm/rad	235	243
				lb-ft/rad	173327	179227
	2 in 15T 8/16 DP	T2	c	kNm/rad	286	298
				lb-ft/rad	210942	219794
	2 1/4 in 17T 8/16 DP	T3	c	kNm/rad	—	—
				lb-ft/rad	—	—
				—	—	519
	W50x2x24x9g	A2	c	kNm/rad	334	357
				lb-ft/rad	246345	263309
	W60x2x28x9g	A4	c	kNm/rad	—	—
				lb-ft/rad	—	—
				—	—	645
				—	—	475727
Moment of inertia of the rotary group		J_{TW}	kgm ²	0,035	0,047	0,063
			lb-ft ²	0.8306	1.0679	1.4238
Maximum angular acceleration ⁵⁾		α	rad/s ²	6298	5609	5014
Case volume		V	l	2.9	3.6	3.7
			gpm	0.77	0.95	0.98
Weight (without through drive) and with D4/E4 mounting flange, approx.		m	kg	92	110	125
			lbs	203	243	276
						326

1) The values are applicable:

- for the optimum viscosity range from $\nu_{opt} = 36$ to 16 mm²/s (cSt)
- with hydraulic fluid based on mineral oils

2) The values apply at absolute pressure $p_{abs} = 1$ bar (15 psi) at suction port **S**.

3) Maximum rotational speed (speed limit) for increased inlet pressure p_{abs} at suction port **S** and $V_g < V_g$ max, see diagram page 11.

4) The rotational speed can be increased under the following conditions:

5) The data are valid for values between the minimum required and maximum permissible rotational speed. Valid for external excitation (e.g. diesel engine 2 to 8 times rotary frequency; cardan shaft twice the rotary frequency). The limit value is only valid for a single pump. The load capacity of the connection parts must be considered.

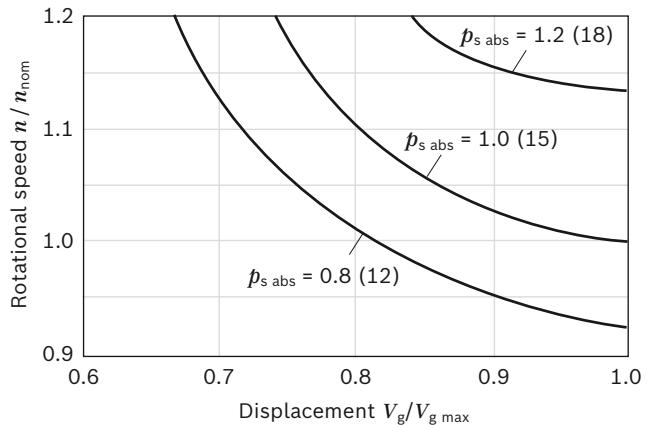
NG	Rotational speed	Pressure at port A p_A abs [bar (psi)]	Swivel angle [%]
	[rpm]		
280	2300	at least 35 (510)	at least 10
210	2500	at least 35 (510)	at least 10

Determining the operating characteristics

Flow	$q_v = \frac{V_g \times n \times \eta_v}{1000}$	[l/min]
	$q_v = \frac{V_g \times n \times \eta_v}{231}$	[gpm]
Torque	$M = \frac{V_g \times \Delta p}{20 \times \pi \times \eta_{hm}}$	[Nm]
	$M = \frac{V_g \times \Delta p}{24 \times \pi \times \eta_{hm}}$	[lb-ft]
Power	$P = \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{60000} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p}{600 \times \eta_t}$	[kW]
	$P = \frac{2 \pi \times M \times n}{33000} = \frac{q_v \times \Delta p}{1714 \times \eta_t}$	[hp]
Key		
V_g	= Displacement per revolution [cm³ (in³)]	
Δp	= Differential pressure [bar (psi)]	
n	= Rotational speed [rpm]	
η_v	= Volumetric efficiency	
η_{hm}	= Hydraulic-mechanical efficiency	
η_t	= Total efficiency ($\eta_t = \eta_v \times \eta_{hm}$)	

▼ Maximum permissible rotational speed (speed limit)

(p_s abs = Inlet pressure [bar (psi)])


Notices

- The maximum permissible rotational speed n_{\max} must not be exceeded (see table of values on page 9 and 10).

Permissible radial and axial loading on the drive shafts

Size	NG	110	110	145	145	145	175	175	175	210	210	210
Code		T1	A1	T1	T2	A2	T1	T2	A2	T1	T2	A2
Drive shaft	\emptyset	1 3/4 in	W45	1 3/4 in	2 in	W50	1 3/4 in	2 in	W50	1 3/4 in	2 in	W50
Maximum radial force at distance a (from shaft collar)	F_q max	N	8000	8000	11000	11000	12300	12300	14000	16925	16925	17000
	a	lb	1798	1798	2473	2473	2765	2765	3147	3805	3805	3822
	F_q	mm	33.5	25	33.5	40	27.5	33.5	40	27	33.5	40
		in	1.32	0.98	1.32	1.57	1.08	1.32	1.57	1.06	1.32	1.57
Axial force max.	$+ F_{ax}$ max	N	1200	1200	1350	1350	1400	1400	1400	1450	1450	1450
		lb	270	270	304	304	315	315	315	326	326	326
F_{ax} ±	$- F_{ax}$ max	N	500	500	600	600	650	650	650	700	700	700
		lb	112	112	135	135	146	146	146	157	157	157

Size	NG	280	280	280	280	
Code		T1	T2	T3	A4	
Drive shaft	\emptyset	1 3/4 in	2 in	2 1/4 in	W60	
Maximum radial force at distance a (from shaft collar)	F_q max	N	20000	20000	18000	23600
	a	lb	4496	4496	4046	5305
	F_q	mm	33.5	40	40	29
		in	1.32	1.57	1.57	1.14
Axial force max.	$+ F_{ax}$ max	N	1800	1800	1800	1800
		lb	405	405	405	405
F_{ax} ±	$- F_{ax}$ max	N	850	850	850	850
		lb	191	191	191	191

Notices

- Theoretical values, without efficiency and tolerances; values rounded
- Operation above the maximum values or below the minimum values may result in a loss of function, a reduced service life or in the destruction of the axial piston unit. We recommend checking loads through tests or calculation/simulation and comparing them with the permissible values.
- The values given are maximum values and do not apply to continuous operation. All shaft loads affect bearing life!

12 A15V(L)O Series 11 | Axial piston variable pump
Technical data

Permissible input and through-drive torques

Size	NG	110	145	175	210	280		
Torque at $V_g \text{ max}$ and $\Delta p = 350 \text{ bar (5100 psi)}$ ¹⁾	M_{\max}	Nm lb-ft	610 452	808 596	975 719	1170 863	1560 1151	
Maximum input torque on drive shaft ²⁾								
T1	1 3/4 in	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	1640 1210	1640 1210	1640 1210	1640 1210	
T2	2 in	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	— —	2670 1969	2670 1969	2670 1969	
T3	2 1/4 in	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	— —	— —	— —	4380 3231	
A1	W45	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	2190 1615	— —	— —	— —	
A2	W50	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	— —	3140 2316	3140 2316	3140 —	
A4	W60	$M_E \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	— —	— —	— —	5780 4263	
Maximum through-drive torque		$M_D \text{ max}$	Nm lb-ft	960 708	1110 819	1340 988	1915 1412	2225 1641

▼ Distribution of torques

Torque at 1st pump	M_1
Torque at 2nd Pump	M_2
Torque at 3rd Pump	M_3
Input torque	$M_E = M_1 + M_2 + M_3$ $M_E < M_{E \max}$
Through-drive torque	$M_D = M_2 + M_3$ $M_D < M_{D \max}$

External control pressure supply

(type code position 08 B and C)

Control systems with external control pressure supply need a flow appropriate to the adjustment time and size. See also page 20

Size	Flow [l/min (gpm)] at 100 ms swivel time
110	10 (2.64)
145	13 (3.43)
175	14 (3.70)
210	17 (4.49)
280	22 (5.81)

¹⁾ Efficiency not considered

²⁾ For drive shaft free of radial force

Power controller

LR – Power controller, fixed setting

The power controller regulates the displacement of the pump depending on the working pressure so that a given drive power is not exceeded at constant drive speed.

The precise control with a hyperbolic characteristic curve, provides an optimum utilization of available power.

The working pressure acts on a rocker via a measuring spool moved together with the control. An externally adjustable spring force counteracts this, it determines the power setting. The depressurized basic position is $V_{g \text{ max}}$. If the working pressure exceeds the set spring force, the control valve will be actuated by the rocker and the pump will swivel back from the basic position $V_{g \text{ max}}$ toward $V_{g \text{ min}}$. Here, the leverage at the rocker may be shortened and the operating pressure may rise in the same relation as the displacement is reduced ($p_B \times V_g = \text{constant}$; p_B = operating pressure; V_g = displacement).

The hydraulic output power (characteristic curve LR) is influenced by the efficiency of the pump.

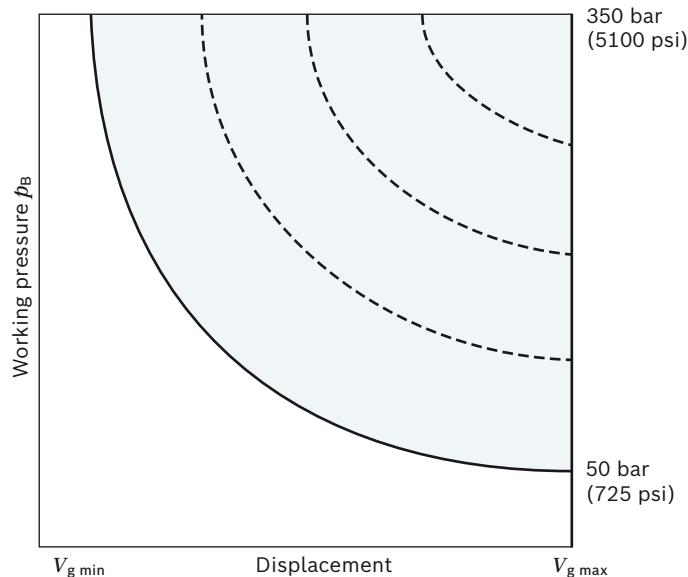
Setting range for beginning of control 50 bar (725 psi) to 350 bar (5100 psi), see table on the right.

When ordering, state in plain text:

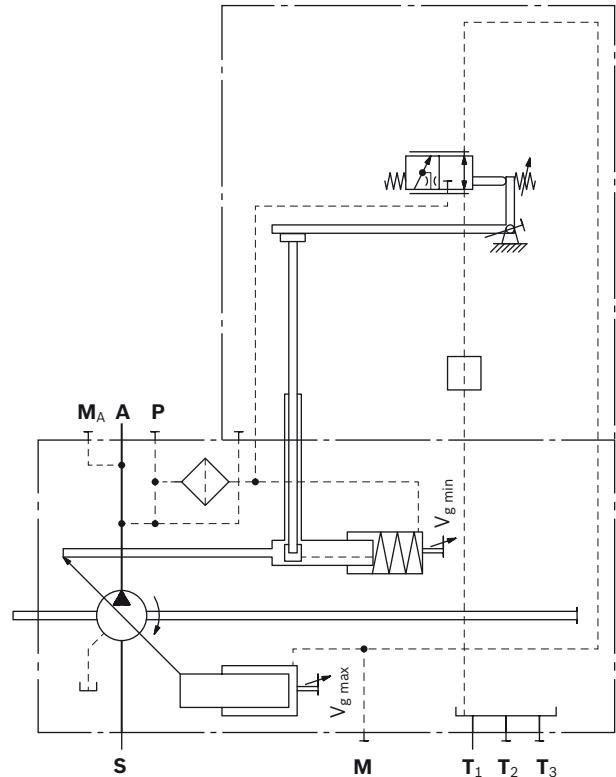
- Drive power P [kW]
- Drive speed n [rpm]
- Maximum flow $q_{V \text{ max}}$ [l/min]

Please contact us if you need a performance chart.

▼ Characteristic curve LR



▼ Circuit diagram LR



Size	Rotational speed [rpm]		
	1000	1500	1800
	Minimum adjustable drive power [kW(hp)] (at 50 bar (725 psi) beginning of control)		
110	11 (15)	17 (23)	20 (27)
145	14 (19)	21 (29)	25 (34)
175	17 (23)	25 (34)	30 (41)
210	20 (27)	30 (41)	36 (49)
280	26 (35)	39 (53)	47 (64)

L3/L4 – Power controller, electric-proportional override (negative control)

A control current acts against the adjustment spring of the power controller via a proportional solenoid.

The mechanically adjusted basic power setting can be reduced by means of different control current settings.

Increasing control current = reduced power.

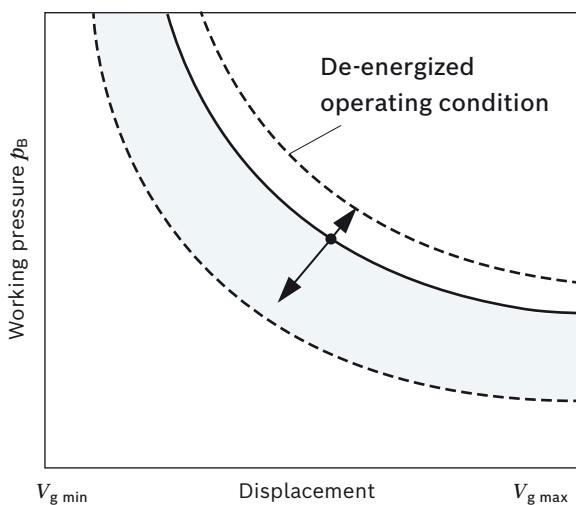
If the control current signal is variably controlled via a load limiting control, the power draw of all consumers is adjusted to the power draw possible for the diesel engine (e.g. electronic load limiting control LLC (data sheet 95310) in BODAS controller RC2-2).

Technical data, solenoid	L3	L4
Voltage	12 V ($\pm 20\%$)	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current		
Beginning of control	400 mA	200 mA
End of control	1200 mA	600 mA
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %	100 %
Type of protection see connector version, page 14		

When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Drive power P [kW (hp)] at beginning of control
- ▶ Drive speed n [rpm]
- ▶ Maximum flow q_V [l/min (gpm)]

▼ Effect of power override through current increase or de-energized operating condition

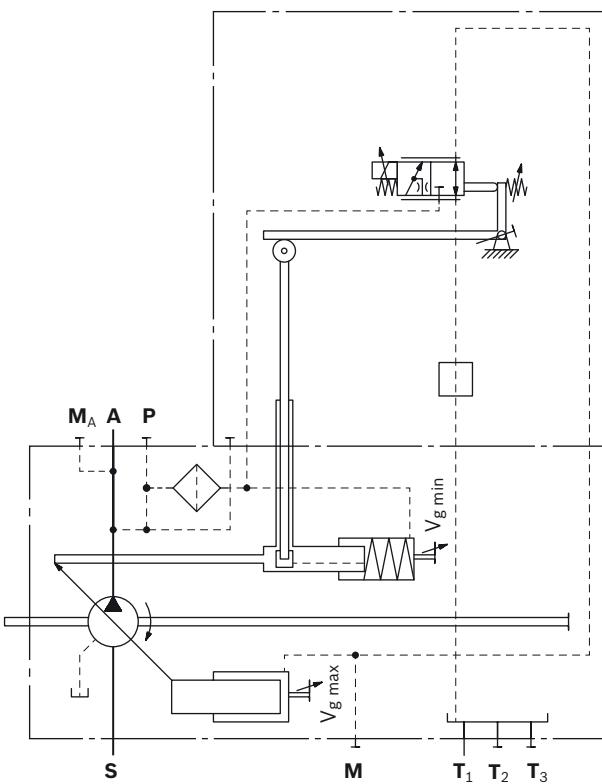


Notice

In operating condition L3 de-energized (jump 400 to 0 mA): Power increase by a factor of 2 of the table values.

In operating condition L4 de-energized (jump 200 to 0 mA): Power increase by a factor of 1 of the table values.

▼ Circuit diagram L3/L4



Reduction of power by control current to the proportional solenoids with L3¹⁾

Power reduction/control current [kW (hp)/100 mA]

Size	Rotational speed [rpm]		
	1000	1500	1800
110	6.1 (8.2)	9.2 (12.3)	11.0 (14.7)
145	7.4 (9.9)	11.1 (14.9)	13.3 (17.8)
175	8.4 (11.3)	12.6 (16.9)	15.1 (20.2)
210	9.4 (12.6)	14.1 (18.9)	16.9 (22.7)
280	11.4 (15.3)	17.1 (22.9)	20.5 (27.5)

Reduction of power by control current to the proportional solenoids with L4¹⁾

Power reduction/control current [kW (hp)/100 mA]

Size	Rotational speed [rpm]		
	1000	1500	1800
110	12.3 (16.5)	18.5 (24.8)	22.1 (29.6)
145	14.8 (19.8)	22.2 (29.8)	26.6 (35.7)
175	16.8 (22.5)	25.2 (33.8)	30.2 (40.5)
210	18.9 (25.3)	28.4 (38.1)	34.0 (45.6)
280	22.9 (30.7)	34.4 (46.1)	41.2 (55.3)

¹⁾ Values in the tables are reference points. Determination of the exact power override on request.

L5 – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override (negative control)

A pilot pressure acts against the adjustment spring of the power controller via a valve.

The mechanically adjusted basic power setting can be reduced by means of different pilot pressure settings.

Increasing pilot pressure = reduced power.

- Maximum permissible pilot pressure

$$p_{st\ max} = 100 \text{ bar (1450 psi)}$$

If the pilot pressure signal is adjusted by a load limiting control, the power reduction of all consumers is reduced to match the available power from the diesel engine.

Reduction of power by pilot pressure at port L5

Power reduction/pilot pressure [kW (hp)/bar (psi)]

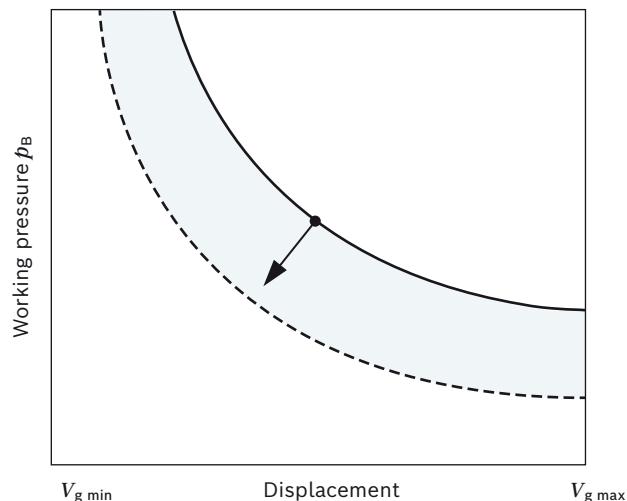
	Rotational speed [rpm]		
Size	1000	1500	1800
110	2.3 (3.1)	3.5 (4.7)	4.1 (5.5)
145	2.8 (3.8)	4.2 (5.6)	5.0 (6.7)
175	3.2 (4.3)	4.8 (6.4)	5.8 (7.8)
210	3.6 (4.8)	5.4 (5.9)	6.5 (8.7)
280	4.4 (5.9)	6.6 (8.9)	7.9 (10.6)

Values in the table are reference points. Determination of the exact power override on request.

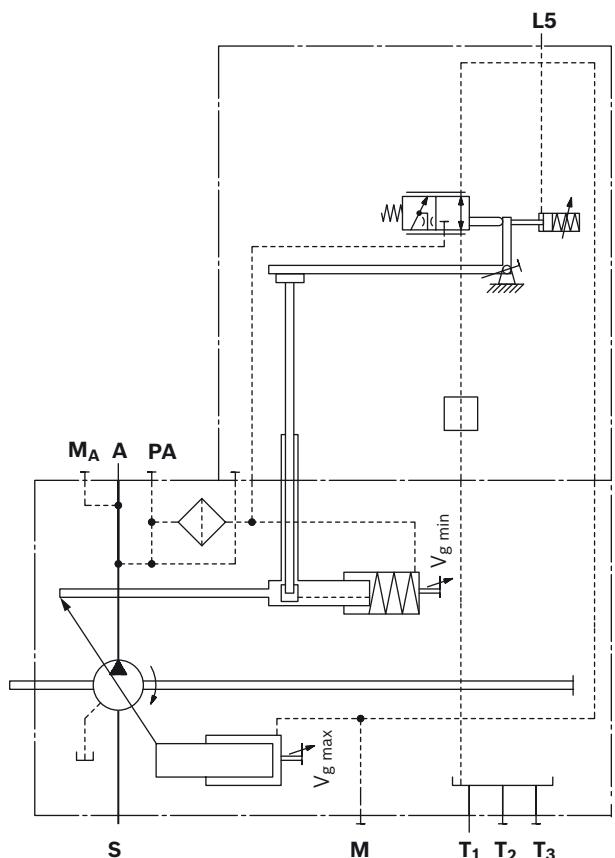
When ordering, state in plain text:

- Drive power P [kW (hp)] at a pilot pressure of p_{st} in L5 of 5 bar (75 psi)
- Drive speed n [rpm]
- Maximum flow $q_V\ max$ [l/min (gpm)]

Effect of power override through pilot pressure increase



▼ Circuit diagram L5



L6 – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override (positive control)

A pilot pressure acts together with the adjustment spring of the power controller via a valve.

The mechanically adjusted basic power setting can be increased by means of different pilot pressure settings.
Increasing pilot pressure = increased power.

- Maximum permissible pilot pressure

$$p_{st\ max} = 100 \text{ bar (1450 psi)}$$

If the pilot pressure signal is adjusted by a load limiting control, the power increase of all consumers is increased to match the available power from the diesel engine.

Increase of power by pilot pressure
at port L6

Power increase/pilot pressure [kW (hp)/bar (psi)]

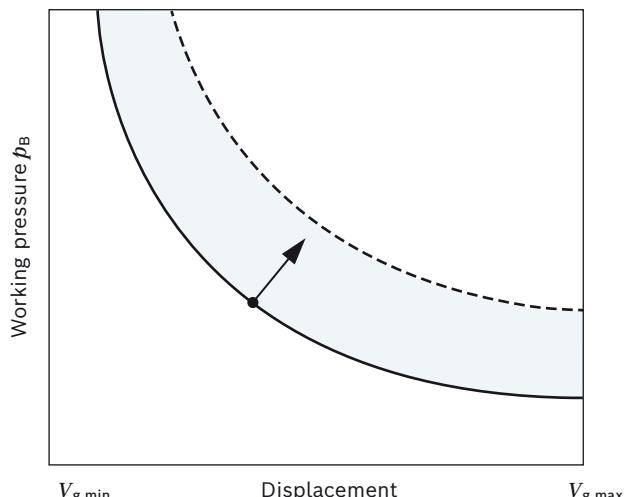
	Rotational speed [rpm]		
Size	1000	1500	1800
110	2.4 (3.2)	3.6 (4.8)	4.3 (5.8)
145	2.9 (3.9)	4.3 (5.8)	5.2 (7.0)
175	3.3 (4.4)	4.9 (6.6)	5.9 (7.9)
210	3.7 (5.0)	5.6 (7.5)	6.7 (9.0)
280	4.5 (6.0)	6.8 (9.1)	8.1 (10.9)

Values in the table are reference points. Determination of the exact power override on request.

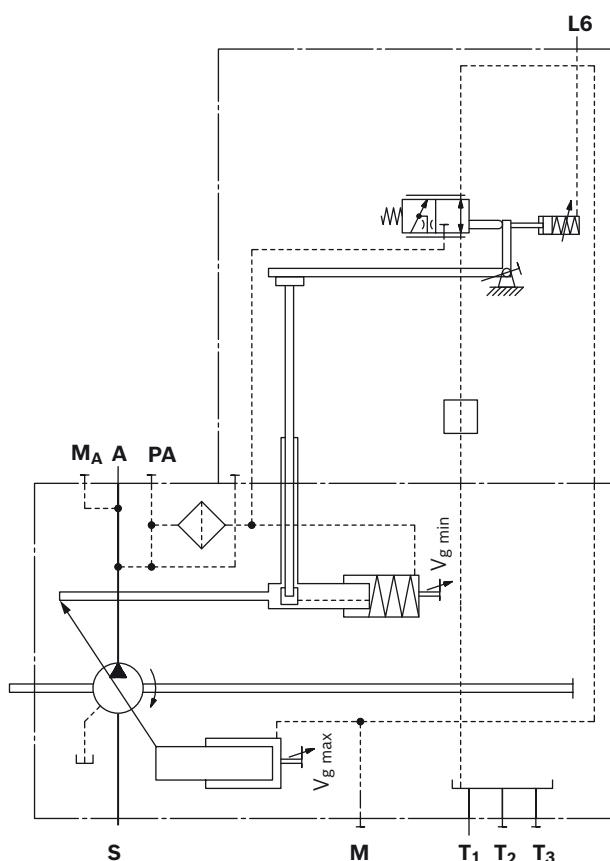
When ordering, state in plain text:

- Drive power P [kW (hp)] at a pilot pressure of p_{st} in L6 of 5 bar (75 psi)
- Drive speed n [rpm]
- Maximum flow $q_V\ max$ [l/min (gpm)]

▼ Effect of power override through pilot pressure increase



▼ Circuit diagram L6



CR – Summation power control of two power-controlled pumps, high-pressure-related override (with stop)

With two pumps of the same size working in different operating circuits, the CR controller limits the overall power.

The CR works like the normal LR with a fixed maximum power setting along the power hyperbola. The high-pressure-related override reduces the power setpoint in dependence on the working pressure of the other pump. That happens proportionally below the beginning of control and is blocked by a stop when the minimum power is reached. Here, the **CR** port of the one pump has to be connected to the **M_A** port of the other pump.

The maximum power of the first pump is reached when the second pump is working at idle when depressurized. When defining the maximum power, the idle power of the second pump has to be taken into account.

The minimum power of each pump is reached when both pumps are working at high pressure. The minimum power usually equates to 50 % of the total power.

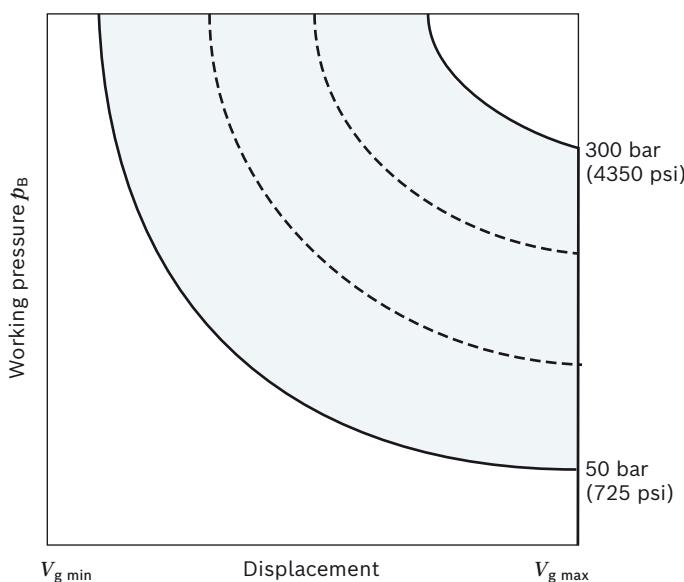
Power that is released by the pressure controller or other overrides remains unconsidered.

Setting range for beginning of control 50 bar (725 psi) to 300 bar (4350 psi).

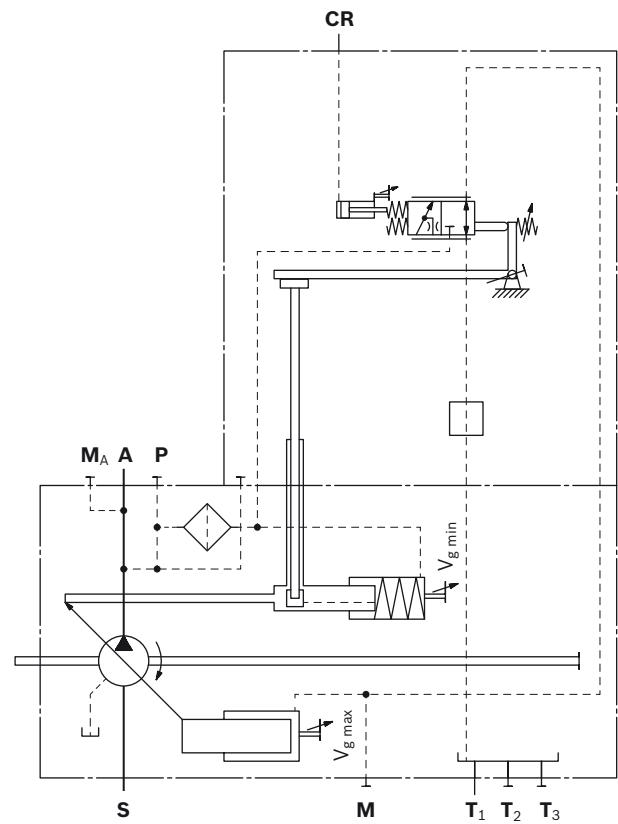
When ordering, please specify separately for each pump:

- Maximum drive power P_{\max} [kW (hp)]
- Minimum drive power P_{\min} [kW (hp)]
- Drive speed n [rpm]
- Maximum flow q_V_{\max} [l/min (gpm)]

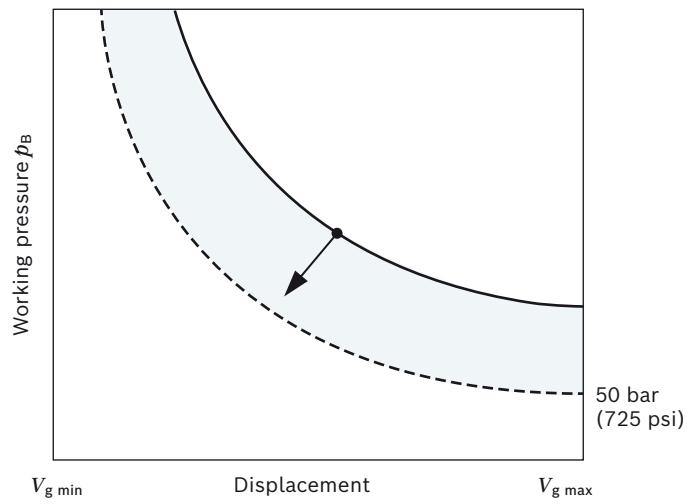
▼ Characteristic curve CR



▼ Circuit diagram CR



▼ Effect of power override of a pump with increasing pressure in the 2nd Pump



PR – Summation power control of a power-controlled pump and a constant pump

Together with the mounted fixed pump, the PR controller on an A15V(L)O effects a limitation of the overall power. The PR works like the normal LR with a fixed maximum power setting along the power hyperbola. The high-pressure-dependent override reduces the power specification in proportion to the working pressure of the fixed pump. Here, port **PR** of the A15V(L)O must be connected to the working pressure of the fixed pump. The power of the controlled pump can then be reduced to zero in a borderline case.

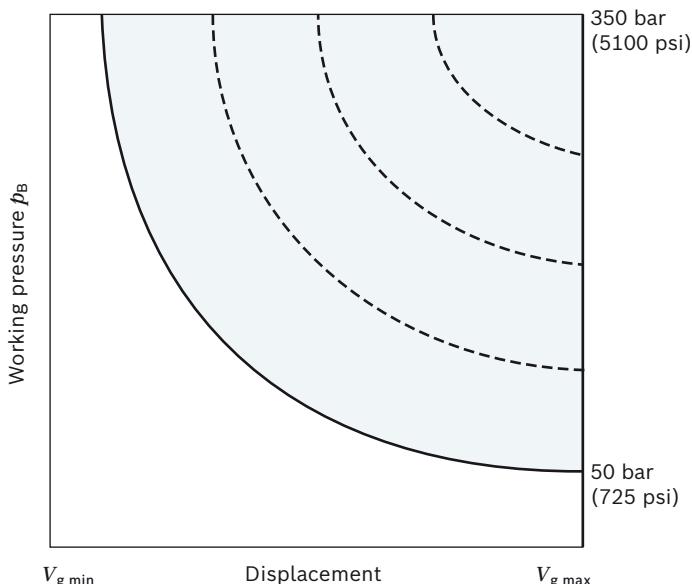
The maximum power of the controlled pump is reached when the fixed pump works at idle when depressurized. When defining the maximum power, the idle power of the fixed pump has to be taken into account. Power that is released by the pressure controller or other overrides remains unconsidered.

Setting range for beginning of control 50 bar (725 psi) to 350 bar (5100 psi).

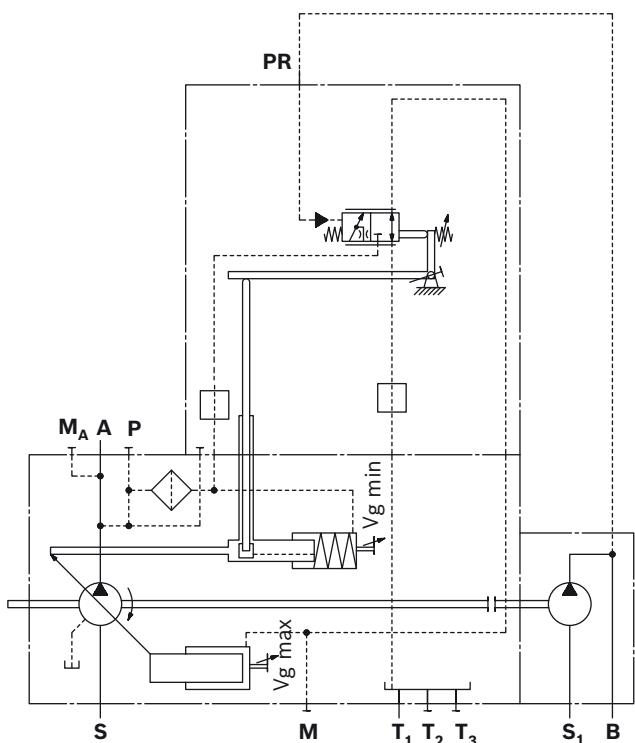
When ordering, state in plain text:

- Maximum drive power P_{\max} [kW (hp)]
- Drive speed n [rpm]
- Maximum flow $q_{V \max}$ [l/min (gpm)]
- Size of the fixed pump

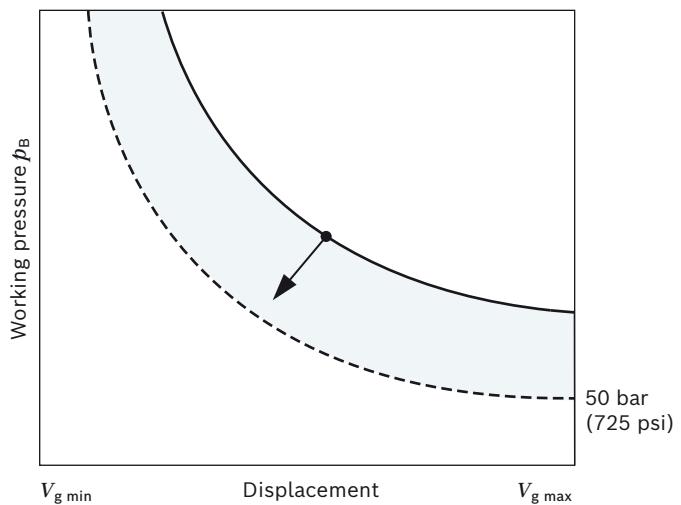
▼ Characteristic curve PR



▼ Circuit diagram PR



▼ Effect of power override of a pump with increasing pressure in the 2nd Pump



Stroke control

E1/E2 – Stroke control electric-proportional (positive control)

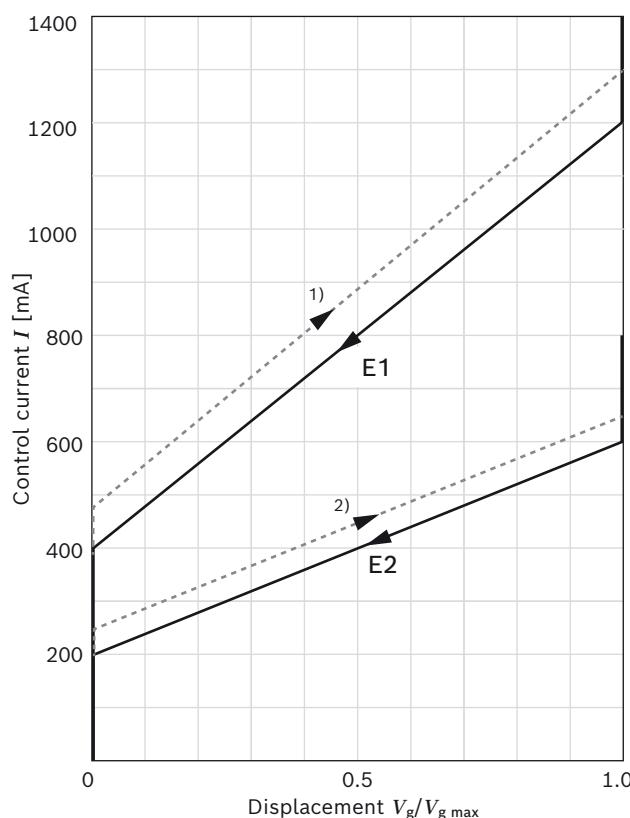
With the electrical stroke control with proportional solenoid, the pump displacement is steplessly adjusted in proportion to the current via the magnetic force. Basic position without pilot signal is $V_g \text{ min}$. The mechanical depressurized basic position. $V_g \text{ min}$ with letter C and $V_g \text{ max}$ with A/B (see type code and/or circuit diagrams on page 20).

With increasing control current the pump swivels to a higher displacement (from $V_g \text{ min}$ to $V_g \text{ max}$). The required control fluid is taken from the working pressure or the external control pressure applied to port **P**. If the pump is to be adjusted from the basic position $V_g \text{ min}$ or from a low working pressure, port **P** must be supplied with an external control pressure of at least 30 bar (435 psi), maximum 50 bar (725 psi).

Notice

If there is no external control pressure applied to **P**, the version "Maximum swivel angle ($V_g \text{ max}$), without external control pressure supply" must be ordered (see type code position 08, A).

▼ Characteristic curve E1/E2



Various BODAS controllers with application software and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids.

- ▶ RC series 30, data sheet 95204
- ▶ RC series 30, data sheet 95205
- ▶ RC series 31, data sheet 95206

Further information can also be found on the Internet at www.boschrexroth.com/mobile-electronics.

Technical data, solenoid	E1	E2
Voltage	12 V ($\pm 20\%$)	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current		
Start of control at $V_g \text{ min}$	400 mA	200 mA
End of control at $V_g \text{ max}$	1200 mA ¹⁾	600 mA ²⁾
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %	100 %
Type of protection see connector version, page 19		

When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Drive speed n [rpm]
- ▶ Maximum flow $q_V \text{ max}$ [l/min (gpm)]
- ▶ Minimum flow $q_V \text{ min}$ [l/min (gpm)]

See circuit diagram on page 20

Notice!

The spring feedback in the controller is not a safety device. The controller can stick in an undefined position due to internal contamination (contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion or residual contamination from system components). As a result, the flow in the axial piston unit will no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications.

Check whether the application on your machine requires additional safety measures to bring the driven consumer to a safe position (immediate stop). If necessary, make sure these are appropriately implemented.

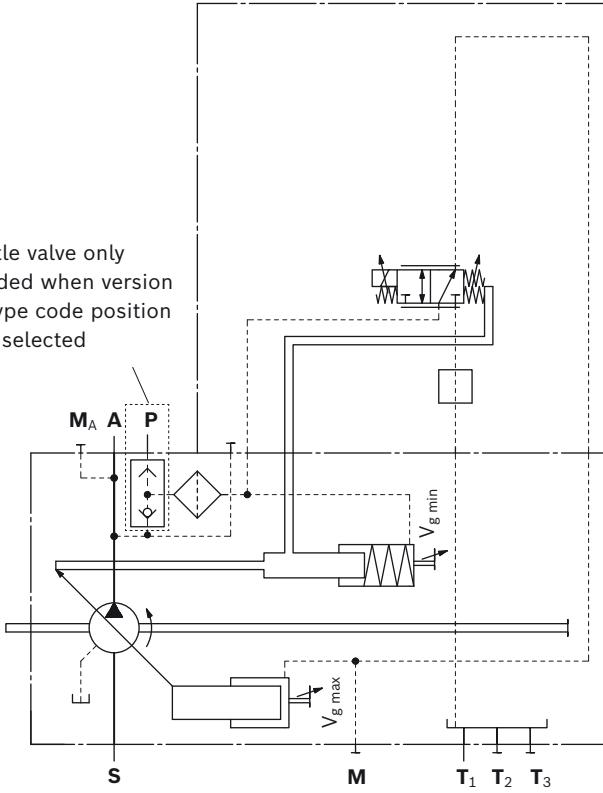
1) Because of the control hysteresis, a control current of up to 1300 mA may be required for the $V_g \text{ max}$ position.

2) Because of the control hysteresis, a control current of up to 650 mA may be required for the $V_g \text{ max}$ position.

▼ Circuit diagram E1/E2

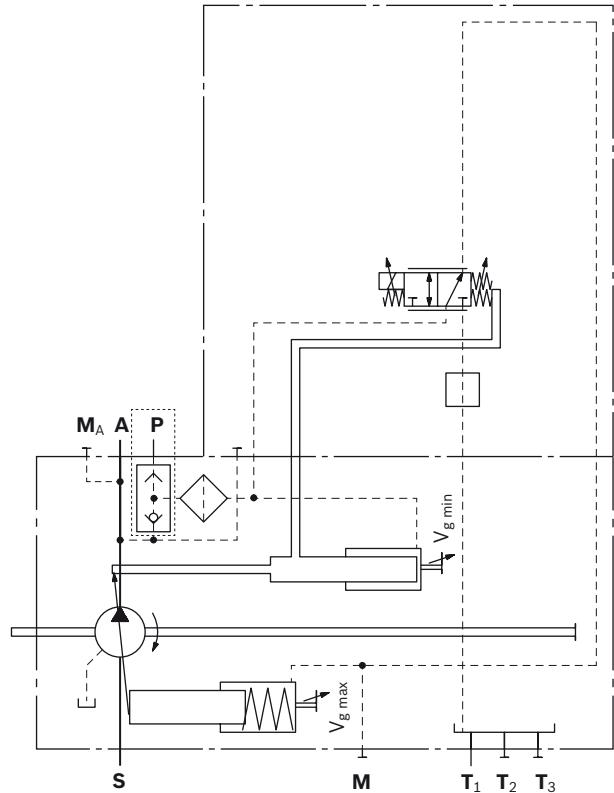
**Basic setting A/B,
depressurized at maximum
swivel angle ($V_g \text{ max}$)**

Shuttle valve only included when version "B" type code position 08 is selected



▼ Circuit diagram E1/E2

**Basic setting C,
depressurized at minimum
swivel angle ($V_g \text{ min}$)**



Stroke control

E4 – Stroke control electric-proportional (negative control)

With the electrical stroke control with proportional solenoid, the pump displacement is steplessly adjusted in proportion to the current via the magnetic force.

Basic position without pilot signal is $V_g \text{ max}$.

The mechanical depressurized basic position is $V_g \text{ max}$ (see type code 08, letter A/B).

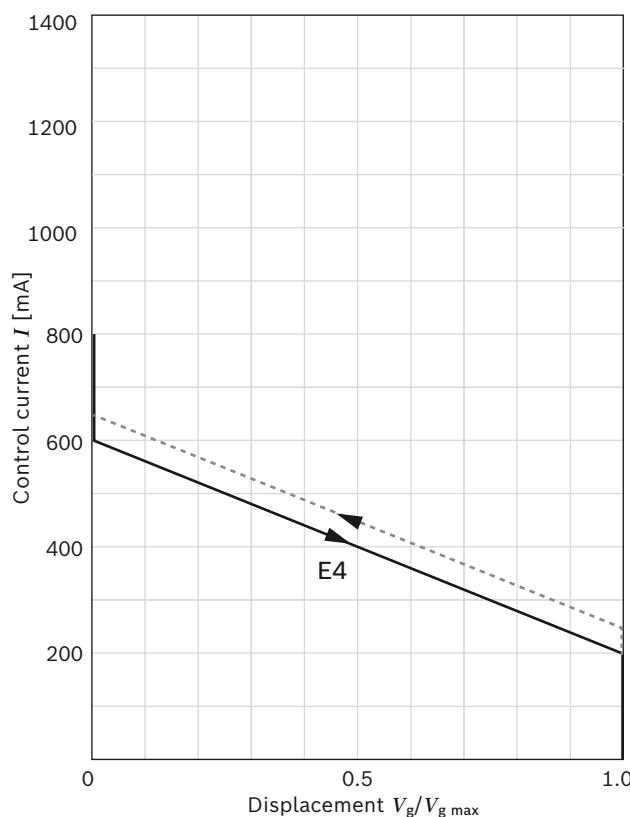
With decreasing control current the pump swivels to a higher displacement (from $V_g \text{ min}$ to $V_g \text{ max}$).

The required control fluid is taken from the working pressure or the external control pressure applied to port **P**. If the pump is to be adjusted from position $V_g \text{ min}$ or from a low working pressure, port **P** must be supplied with an external control pressure of at least 30 bar (435 psi), maximum 50 bar (725 psi).

Notice

If there is no external control pressure applied to **P**, the version "Maximum swivel angle ($V_g \text{ max}$), without external control pressure supply" must be ordered (see type code position 08, A).

▼ Characteristic curve E4



Various BODAS controllers with application software and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids.

- ▶ RC series 30, data sheet 95204
- ▶ RC series 30, data sheet 95205
- ▶ RC series 31, data sheet 95206

Further information can also be found on the Internet at www.boschrexroth.com/mobile-electronics.

Technical data, solenoid	E4
Voltage	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current	
Start of control at $V_g \text{ max}$	200 mA
End of control at $V_g \text{ min}$	600 mA ¹⁾
Current limit	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %
Type of protection see connector version, page 19	

When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Drive speed n [rpm]
- ▶ Maximum flow $q_V \text{ max}$ [l/min (gpm)]
- ▶ Minimum flow $q_V \text{ min}$ [l/min (gpm)]

See circuit diagram on page 22

Notice!

The spring feedback in the controller is not a safety device. The controller can stick in an undefined position due to internal contamination (contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion or residual contamination from system components). As a result, the flow in the axial piston unit will no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications.

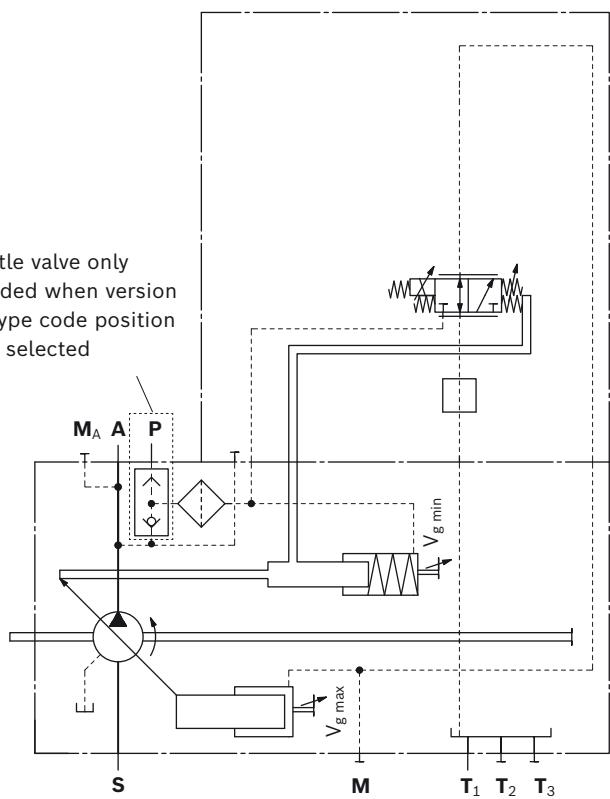
Check whether the application on your machine requires additional safety measures to bring the driven consumer to a safe position (immediate stop). If necessary, make sure these are appropriately implemented.

¹⁾ Because of the control hysteresis, a control current of up to 650mA may be required for the $V_g \text{ min}$ position.

▼ Circuit diagram E4

Basic setting A/B,
depressurized at maximum
swivel angle ($V_{g\ max}$)

Shuttle valve only
included when version
"B" type code position
08 is selected



H3 – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure (negative control)

With pilot-pressure related control, the pump displacement is adjusted in proportion to the pilot pressure applied at port **H3**.

Basic position without pilot signal is $V_g \text{ max}$. The mechanical depressurized basic position is $V_g \text{ min}$ (see type code 08, letter B).

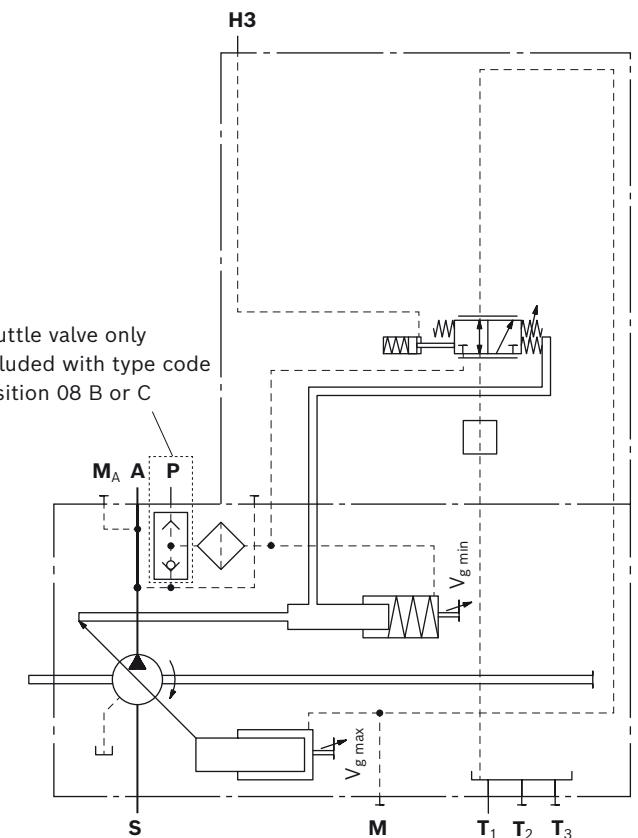
- ▶ Control from $V_g \text{ max}$ to $V_g \text{ min}$
with increasing pilot pressure the pump swivels to a smaller displacement.
- ▶ Setting range for start of control (at $V_g \text{ max}$)
5 bar (75 psi) to 10 bar (145 psi), standard is 10 bar (145 psi). State beginning of control in plain text in the order.
- ▶ Maximum permissible pilot pressure $p_{st \text{ max}}$
= 100 bar (1450 psi)

The required control fluid is taken from the working pressure or the external control pressure applied to port **P**. If the pump is to be adjusted from the basic position $V_g \text{ min}$ or from a low working pressure, port **P** must be supplied with an external control pressure of at least 30 bar (435 psi), maximum 50 bar (725 psi).

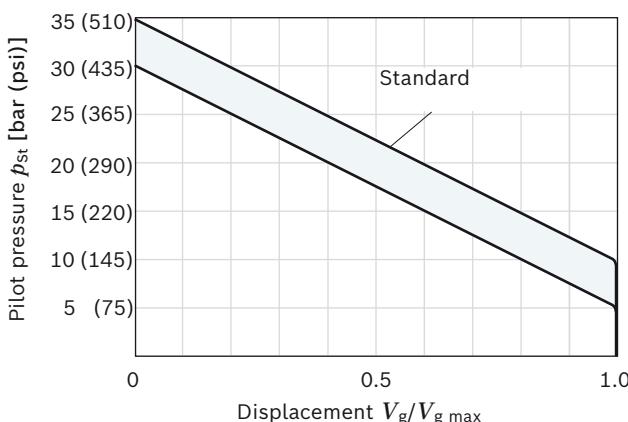
Notice

If there is no external control pressure applied to **P**, the version "Maximum swivel angle ($V_g \text{ max}$), without external control pressure supply" must be ordered (see type code position 08, letter A).

▼ Circuit diagram H3



▼ Characteristic curve H3 (negative)



Pilot pressure increase $V_g \text{ max}$ to $V_g \text{ min}$: $\Delta p = 25 \text{ bar (365 psi)}$

When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Beginning of control [bar (psi)] at $V_g \text{ max}$

H4 – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure (positive control)

With pilot-pressure related control, the pump displacement is adjusted in proportion to the pilot pressure applied at port **H4**.

Basic position without pilot signal is $V_g \text{ min}$. The mechanical depressurized basic position is $V_g \text{ min}$ (see type code position 08, letter C).

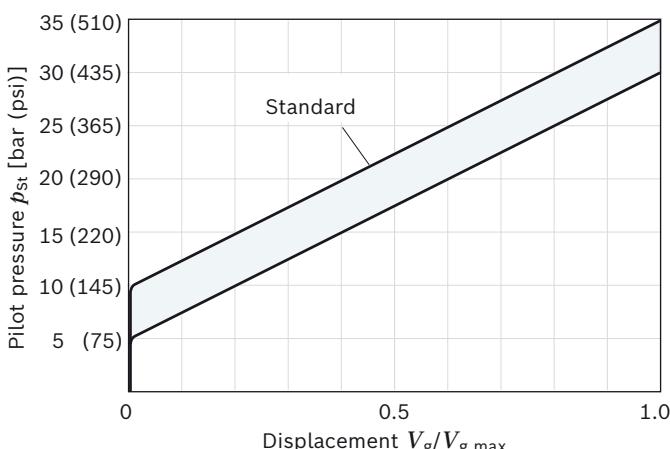
- ▶ Control from $V_g \text{ min}$ to $V_g \text{ max}$
with increasing pilot pressure the pump swivels to a higher displacement.
- ▶ Setting range for beginning of control (at $V_g \text{ min}$)
5 bar (75 psi) to 10 bar (145 psi), standard is 10 bar (145 psi). State beginning of control in plain text in the order.
- ▶ Maximum permissible pilot pressure $p_{st \text{ max}} = 100$ bar (1450 psi)

The required control fluid is taken from the working pressure or the external control pressure applied to port **P**. If the pump is to be adjusted from the basic position $V_g \text{ min}$ or from a low working pressure, port **P** must be supplied with an external control pressure of at least 30 bar (435 psi), maximum 50 bar (725 psi).

Notice

If there is no external control pressure applied to **P**, the version "Maximum swivel angle ($V_g \text{ max}$), without external control pressure supply" must be ordered (see type code position 08, letter A).

▼ Characteristic curve H4 (positive)

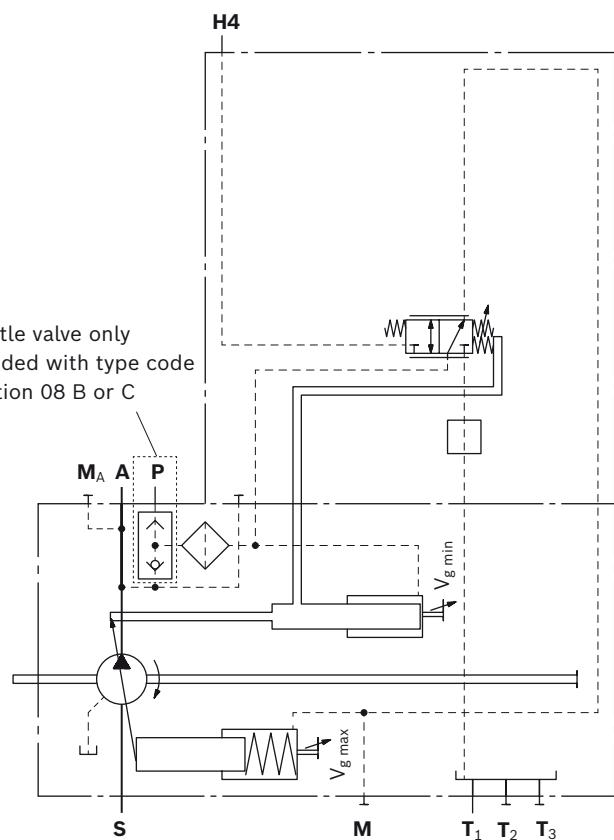


Pilot pressure increase $V_g \text{ min}$ to $V_g \text{ max}$: $\Delta p = 25$ bar (365 psi)

When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Beginning of control [bar (psi)] at $V_g \text{ min}$

▼ Circuit diagram H4



Notice!

The spring feedback in the controller is not a safety device.

The controller can stick in an undefined position due to internal contamination (contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion or residual contamination from system components). As a result, the flow in the axial piston unit will no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications.

Check whether the application on your machine requires additional safety measures to bring the driven consumer to a safe position (immediate stop). If necessary, make sure these are appropriately implemented.

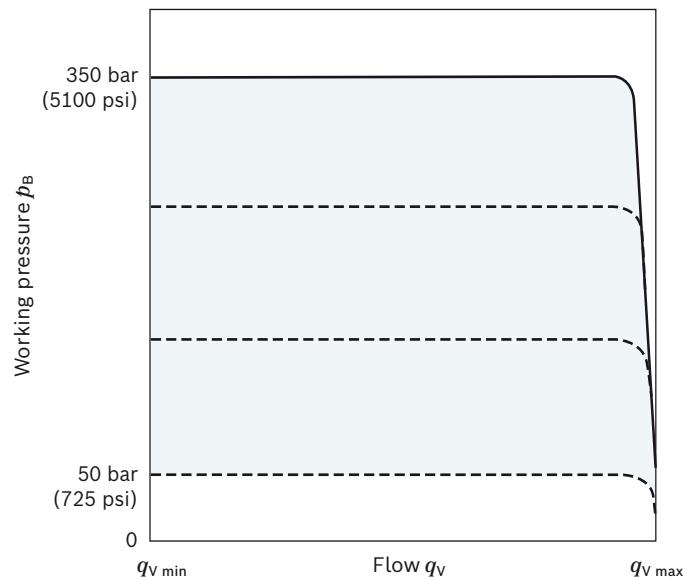
Pressure controller

DR – Pressure controller with one-sided swiveling fixed setting

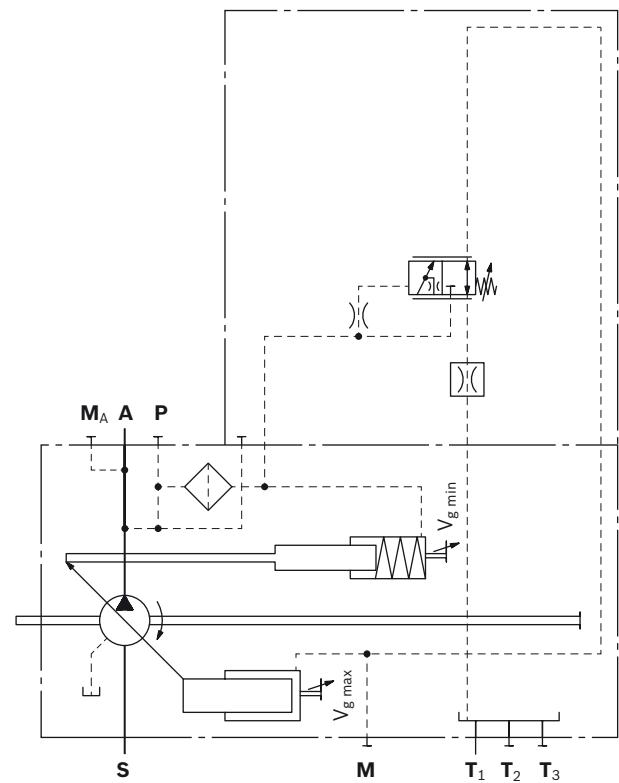
The pressure controller limits the maximum pressure at the pump outlet within the control range of the variable pump. The variable pump only supplies as much hydraulic fluid as is required by the consumers. If the working pressure exceeds the pressure command value at the pressure valve, the pump will regulate to a smaller displacement to reduce the control differential.

- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_g \text{ max}$
- ▶ Setting range for beginning of pressure control 50 bar (725 psi) to 350 bar (5100 psi),
Standard is 350 bar (5100 psi).

▼ Characteristic curve DR



▼ Circuit diagram DR



DRS0 – Pressure controller with load-sensing

The load-sensing controller works as a load-pressure controlled flow controller and adjusts the displacement of the pump to the volume required by the consumer.

The flow of the pump is then dependent on the cross section of the external metering orifice (**1**), which is located between the pump and the consumer. Below the setting of the pressure controller and within the control range of the pump, the flow is not dependent on the load pressure.

The metering orifice is usually a separately located load-sensing directional valve (control block). The position of the directional valve spool determines the opening cross-section of the metering orifice and thus the flow of the pump.

The load-sensing controller compares the pressure upstream the metering orifice to the one downstream the orifice and keeps the pressure drop (differential pressure Δp) occurring here and thus the flow constant.

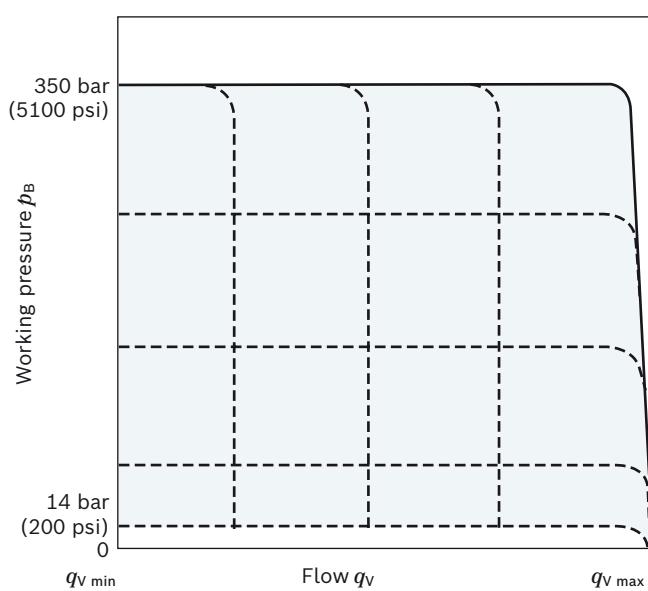
If the differential pressure Δp at the metering orifice rises, the pump is swiveled back (toward $V_{g\min}$). If the differential pressure Δp drops, the pump is swiveled out (toward $V_{g\max}$) until equilibrium at the metering orifice is restored.

$$\Delta p_{\text{metering orifice}} = p_{\text{pump}} - p_{\text{consumer}}$$

- ▶ Setting range for Δp 14 bar (200 psi) to 30 bar (435 psi)
(please state in plain text)
 - ▶ Standard setting 14 bar (200 psi)

The stand-by pressure in zero-stroke operation (metering orifice closed) is slightly higher than the Δp setting.

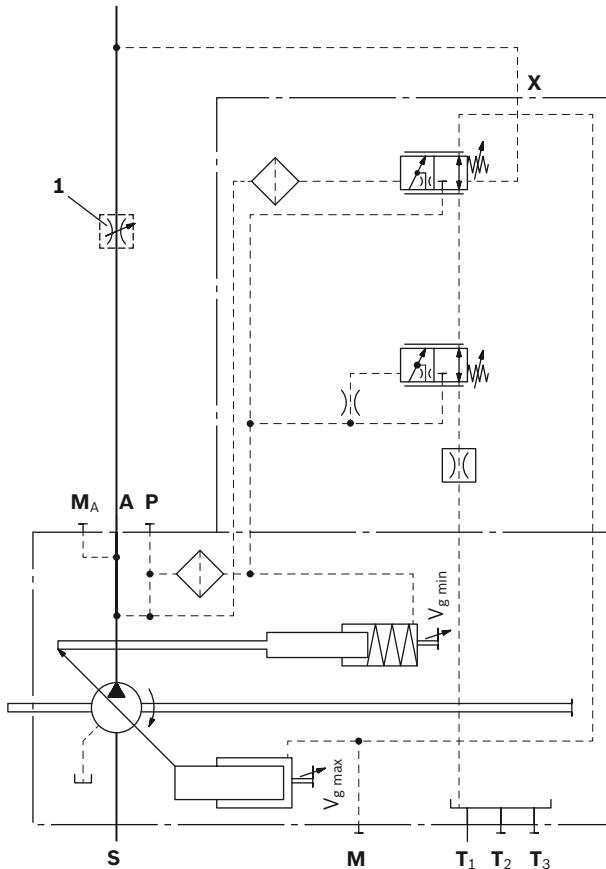
▼ Characteristic curve DBSO



When ordering, state in plain text:

- ▶ Pressure setting p [bar (psi)] at pressure controller DR
 - ▶ Differential pressure Δp [bar (psi)] at load-sensing controller S0

▼ Circuit diagram DRS0



- 1** The metering orifice (control block) is not included in the scope of delivery.

DG – Pressure controller with one-side swiveling, hydraulically remote controlled (positive control)

The remote controlled pressure controller has a fixed setting Δp value. A separately connected pressure relief valve at port X (1) enables the pressure controller to be remote controlled.

- ▶ Setting range Δp 14 (200 psi) to 25 bar (365 psi)
- ▶ Recommended value 20 bar (290 psi) (standard)
- ▶ Control volume at X: about 1.6 l/min (0.42 gpm) (static) at Δp 20 bar (290 psi)

In addition a separately configured 2/2 directional valve (2) can be operated to start the pump with low working pressure (standby pressure).

Both functions can be used individually or in combination (see circuit diagram).

The external valves are not included in the scope of delivery.

As a separate pressure relief valve (1) we recommend:

- ▶ DBD.6, see data sheet 25402
- ▶ Working pressure p in bar (psi) (test pressure for DG)
- ▶ Differential pressure Δp in bar (psi)
- ▶ Drive speed n in rpm
- ▶ Maximum flow $q_V \text{ max}$ in l/min (gpm)

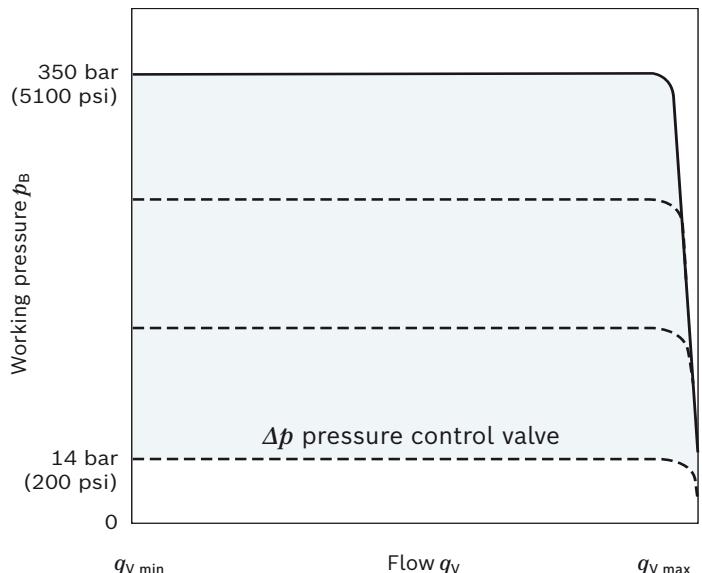
Note for setting remote-controlled pressure control

The setting value for the external pressure relief valve plus the differential pressure value at the pressure control valve determines the level of pressure control.

Example:

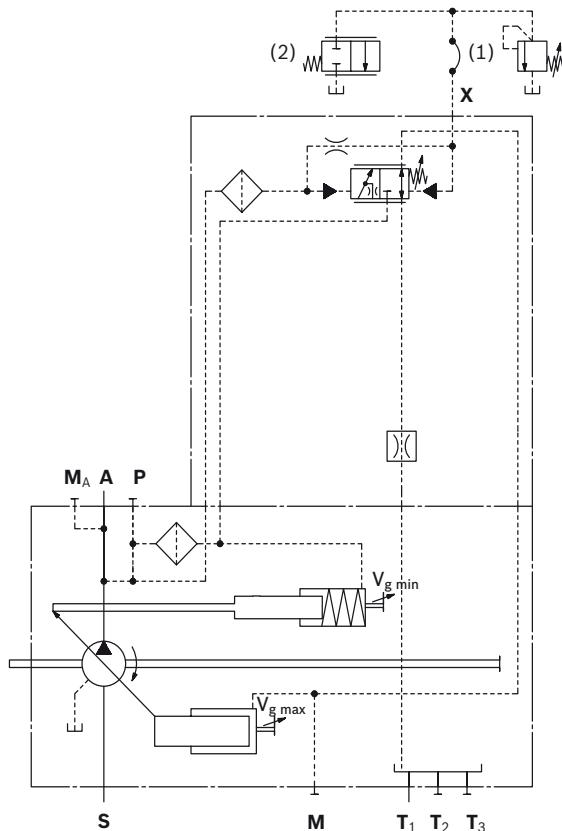
- ▶ External pressure relief valve 330 bar (4800 psi)
- ▶ Differential pressure on pressure control valve 20 bar (290 psi)
- ▶ resulting pressure control of $330 + 20 = 350$ bar ($4810 + 290 = 5100$ psi)

▼ Characteristic curve DG



For function and description of pressure control DR, see page 25

▼ Circuit diagram DG



- 1 Pressure relief valve (not included in the scope of delivery)
- 2 2/2 directional valve (not included in the scope of delivery)

D2 – Proportional pressure controller with one-side swiveling, electric override (positive control)

The pressure controller keeps the pressure in a hydraulic system constant within its control range even under varying flow conditions. The variable pump only supplies as much hydraulic fluid as is required by the consumers.

If the working pressure exceeds the setting at the integrated pressure control valve, the pump is automatically swiveled back to reduce the control differential.

- ▶ Basic position in depressurized state: $V_{g \text{ max}}$
- ▶ Pressure controller basic setting: 32 bar (470 psi)/300 mA

The basic setting of the pressure controller can be overridden. The pressure controller value is proportional to the electrical current acting on the solenoids of the pressure reducing valve.

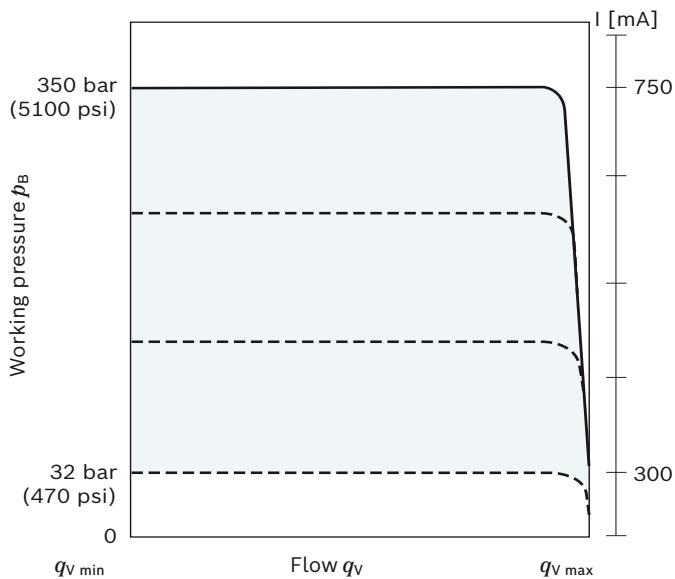
- ▶ Pressure setting overridden:
32 bar (470 psi)/300 mA to 350 bar (5100 psi)/750 mA
- ▶ Auxiliary pressure for controlling D2 at port Y:
 $p_{\min} = 40 \text{ bar (580 psi)}$; $p_{\max} = 50 \text{ bar (725 psi)}$.
Port X acts solely as a measuring port (p_{\max} 50 bar (725 psi)). Pressurization leads to an impermissible increase in pressure.

Notice

Applying current above the limit of 750 mA to the proportional solenoid results in an impermissible increase in pressure.

Make sure that currents above the permissible limit are not applied to the proportional solenoid.

▼ Characteristic curve D2

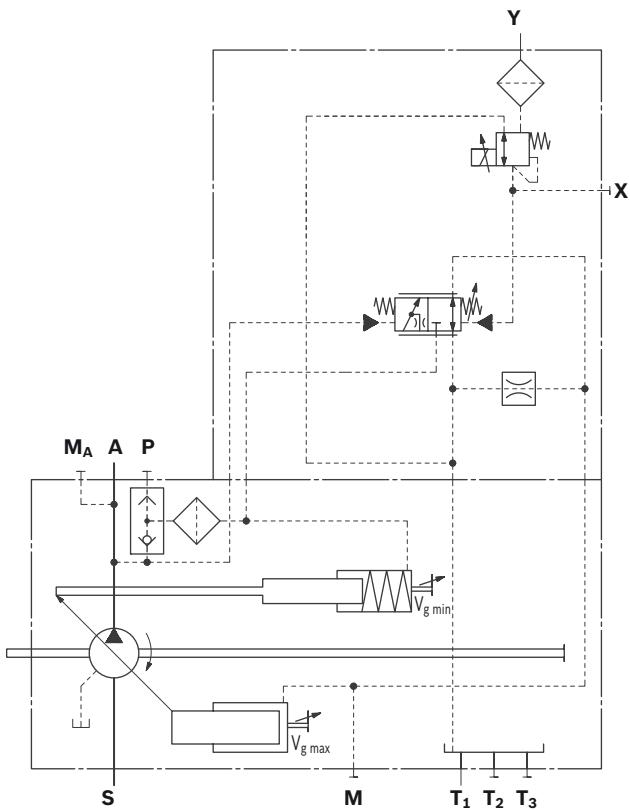


Technical data, solenoid	D2
Voltage	24 V
Control current	
Start of control at $V_{g \text{ min}}$	300 mA
End of control at $V_{g \text{ max}}$	750 mA
Current limit	750 mA
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	12 Ω
Dither frequency	200 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %
Type of protection: see connector version page 72	

The following electronic control units and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids:

BODAS controllers RC Series	Data sheet
30	95204
30	95205
31	95206
and application software	
analog amplifier RA	95230

▼ Circuit diagram D2



DGT6 – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override (positive control)

The remote controlled pressure controller has a fixed-setting Δp value. An electric pressure relief valve (pilot valve) integrated in the control valve enables remote pressure control.

- Fixed value at Δp 14 bar (200 psi).

When ordering, state in plain text:

- Maximum pressure p_{\max} [bar (psi)]
(pressure at port **A**) with 1200mA current.

Pilot valve T6

The electric-proportional pressure relief valve is directly controlled with a positive control as cartridge version (see data sheet 18139-04).

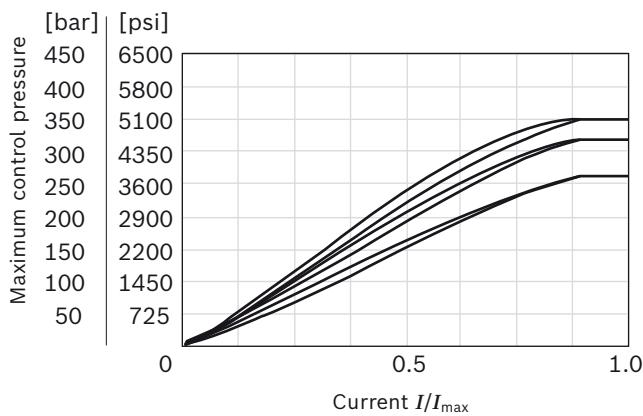
The following pressure settings are available:
250, 315 and 350 bar (3600, 4550 and 5100 psi)
plus 14 bar (200 psi) Δp .

- Standard is 350 bar (5100 psi).

When ordering, the correct pressure value is selected by Rexroth.

Notes and explanations for the DG controller can be found on page 27.

▼ Characteristic curve T6

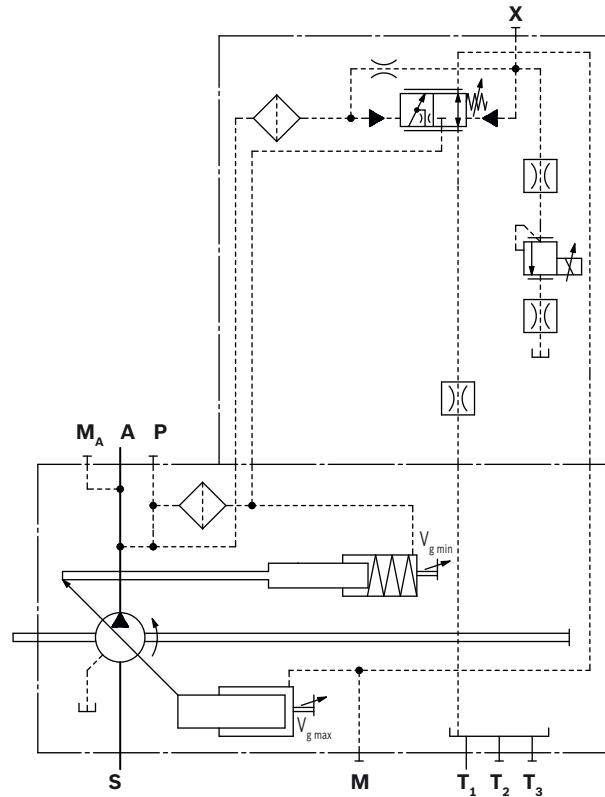


Technical data, solenoid	T6
Voltage	24 V
Control current	
Minimum pressure p_{\min}	0 mA
Maximum pressure p_{\max}	1200 mA
Maximum rated current	1200 mA
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	4.8 Ω
Dither frequency	200 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %
Type of protection: see connector version page 72	

The following electronic control units and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids:

BODAS controllers RC Series	Data sheet
30	95204
30	95205
31	95206
and application software	
analog amplifier RA	95230

▼ Circuit diagram DGT6



DGT8 – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override (negative control)

The remote controlled pressure controller has a fixed-setting Δp value. An electric pressure relief valve (pilot valve) integrated in the control valve enables remote pressure control.

- Fixed value at Δp 14 bar (200 psi).

When ordering, state in plain text:

- Maximum pressure p_{\max} [bar (psi)] (pressure at port A) with 0mA current.

Pilot valve T8

The electric-proportional pressure relief valve is directly controlled with a negative control as cartridge version (see data sheet 18139-07).

The following pressure settings are available:

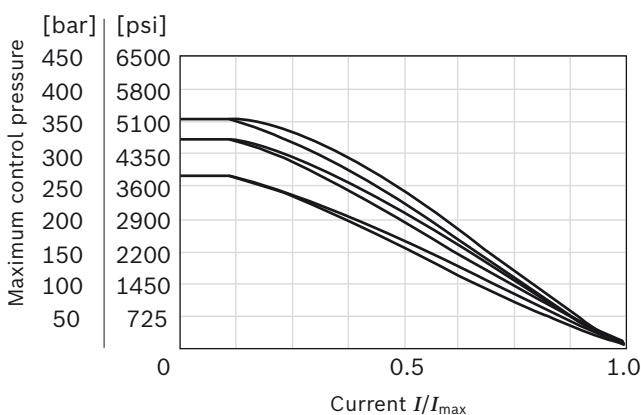
250, 315 and 350 bar (3600, 4550 and 5100 psi) plus 14 bar (200 psi) Δp .

- Standard is 350 bar (5100 psi).

When ordering, the correct pressure value is selected by Rexroth.

Notes and explanations for the DG controller can be found on page 27.

▼ Characteristic curve T8

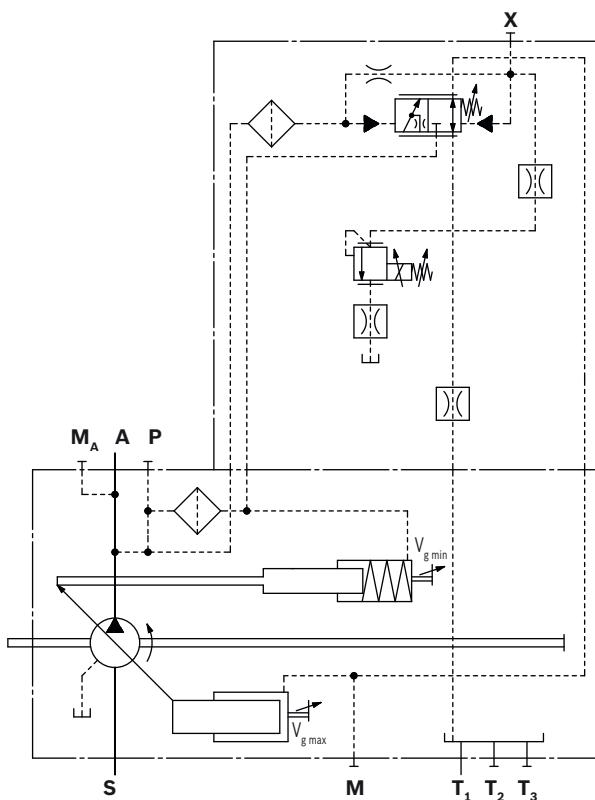


Technical data, solenoid	T8
Voltage	24 V
Control current	
Maximum pressure p_{\max}	0 mA
Minimum pressure p_{\min}	1200 mA
Maximum rated current	1200 mA
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	4.8 Ω
Dither frequency	200 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %
Type of protection: see connector version page 72	

The following electronic control units and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids:

BODAS controllers RC Series	Data sheet
30	95204
30	95205
31	95206
and application software	
analog amplifier RA	95230

▼ Circuit diagram DGT8



S3/S4 – Load-sensing controller, electric-proportional override (negative control)
A control current acts against the adjustment spring of the load-sensing controller via a proportional solenoid. The mechanically adjusted differential pressure can be reduced by means of different control current settings. Increasing control current = reduced differential pressure.

- Reduced differential pressure/control current =

At **S3** 3.1 bar (45 psi)/ 200 mA

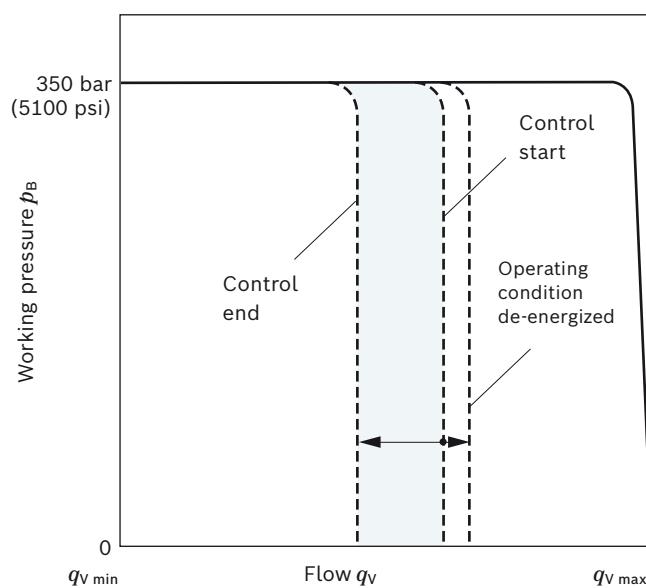
At **S4** 3.1 bar (45 psi)/ 100 mA

Technical data, solenoid	S3	S4
Voltage	12 V ($\pm 20\%$)	24 V ($\pm 20\%$)
Control current		
Beginning of control	400 mA	200 mA
End of control	1200 mA	600 mA
Current limit	1.54 A	0.77 A
Nominal resistance (at 20 °C (68 °F))	5.5 Ω	22.7 Ω
Dither frequency	100 Hz	100 Hz
Duty cycle	100 %	100 %
Type of protection: see connector version page 72		

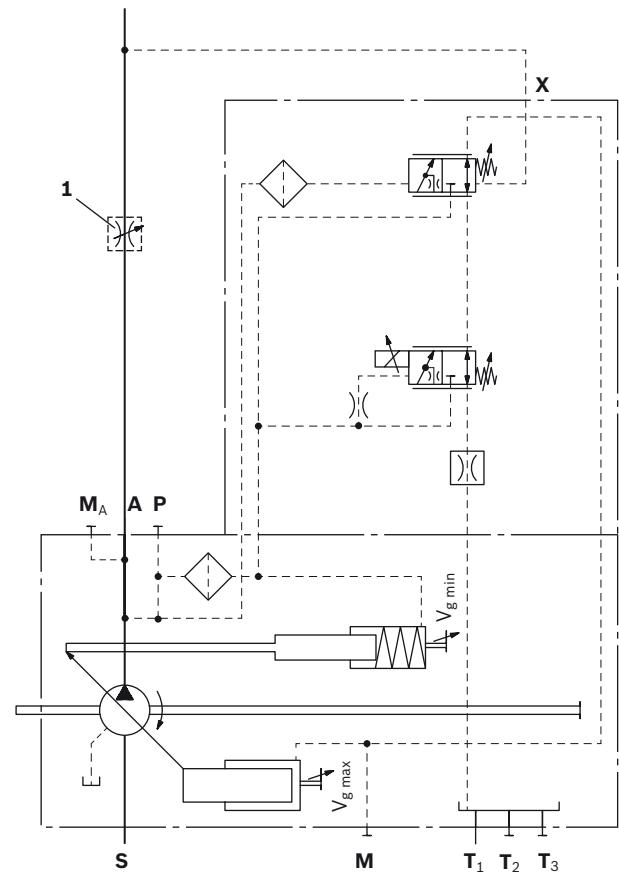
When ordering, state in plain text:

- Differential pressure setting Δp [bar] with control current 200 mA.
 $\Delta p_{\text{metering orifice}} = p_{\text{pump}} - p_{\text{consumer}}$
- Setting range for Δp 20 bar (290 psi) to 30 bar (435 psi) at 200 mA
- Standard setting 20 bar (290 psi) at 200 mA

▼ Characteristic curve DRS4



Circuit diagram DRS4



- 1 The metering orifice (control block) is not included in the scope of delivery.

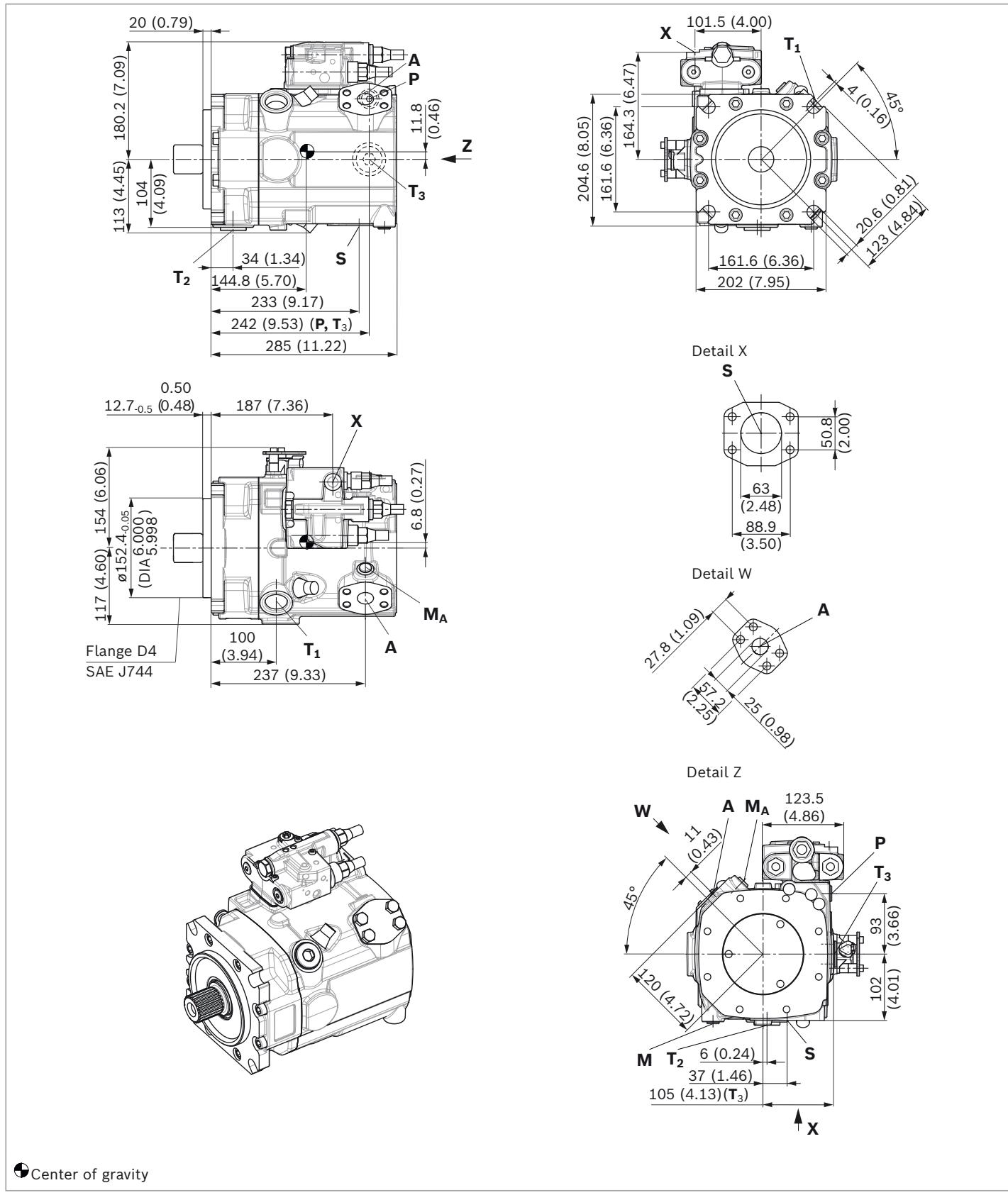
Notice

- In operating condition **S3** de-energized (jump 400 to 0 mA): Increased differential pressure by 3.2 bar (45 psi).
- In operating condition **S4** de-energized (jump 200 to 0 mA): Increased differential pressure by 3.2 bar (45 psi).

Dimensions, size 110

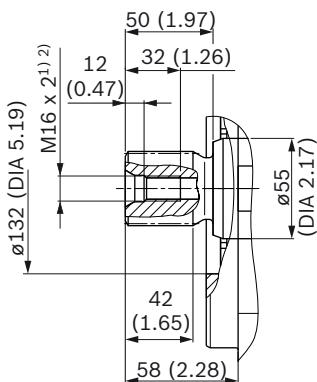
LRDRSO - Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Without charge pump, clockwise rotation



Center of gravity

▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480

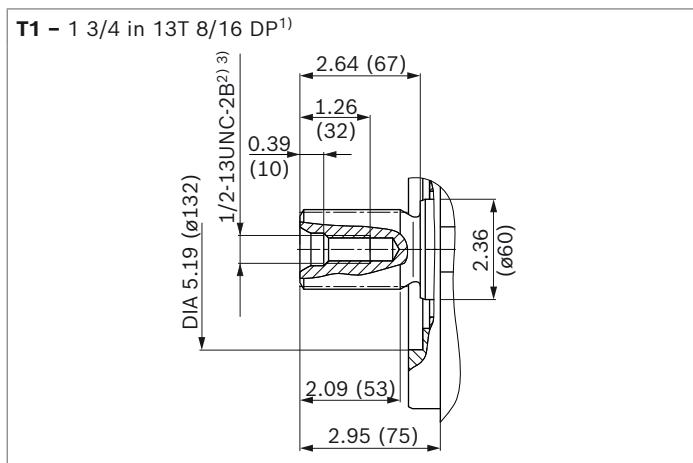
A1 – W45x2x21x9g

Ports version "M", metric	Standard	Size ²⁾	$p_{max\ abs}$ [bar (psi)] ³⁾	State ⁷⁾
A Working port	SAE J518 ⁴⁾	1 in	420 (6100)	O
Fastening thread	DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 18 (0.71) deep		
S Suction port (without charge pump)	SAE J518 ⁴⁾	2 1/2 in	30 (435)	O
Fastening thread	DIN 13	M12 × 1.75; 18 (0.71) deep		
T₁ Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	O ⁶⁾
T₂ Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁶⁾
T₃ Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁶⁾
CR Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4 Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6 Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
X Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
M Control pressure measuring	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
M_A Measuring pressure A	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
P External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁵⁾	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 (0.57) deep	420 (6100)	X

- 1) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)
- 2) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.
- 3) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.
Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.
- 4) Metric fastening thread is a deviation from standard.

- 5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
- 6) Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected (see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).
- 7) O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

▼ Splined shaft SAE J744



Ports – version "A" SAE	Standard	Size ³⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁴⁾	State ⁷⁾
A Working port	SAE J518	1 in	420 (6100)	O
Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	7/16-14UNC-2B; 19 (0.75) deep		
S Suction port (without charge pump)	SAE J518	2 1/2 in	30 (435)	O
Fastening thread	ASME B1.1	1/2-13UNC-2B; 19 (0.75) deep		
T₁ Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	O ⁶⁾
T₂ Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁶⁾
T₃ Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁶⁾
CR Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4 Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6 Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
X Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
M Control pressure measuring	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
M_A Measuring pressure A	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
P External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	50 (725)	O
Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁵⁾	3/4-16 UNF-2B; 12.6 (0.50) deep	420 (6100)	X

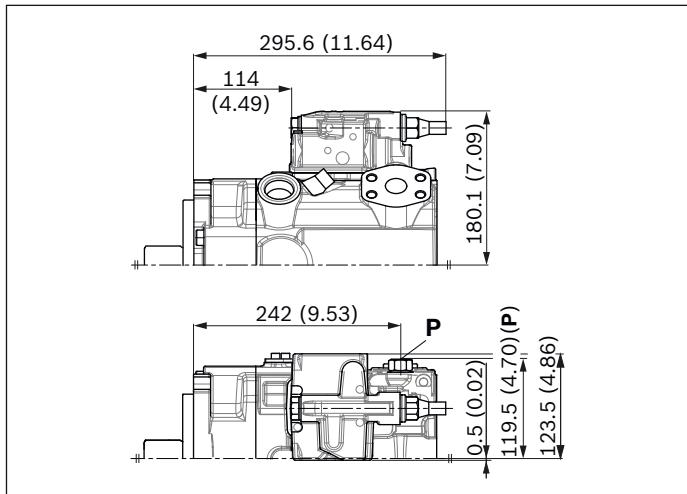
- 1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Center bore according to ASME B1.1
- 3) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.
- 4) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur. Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

- 5) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.
- 6) Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected (see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).
- 7) O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

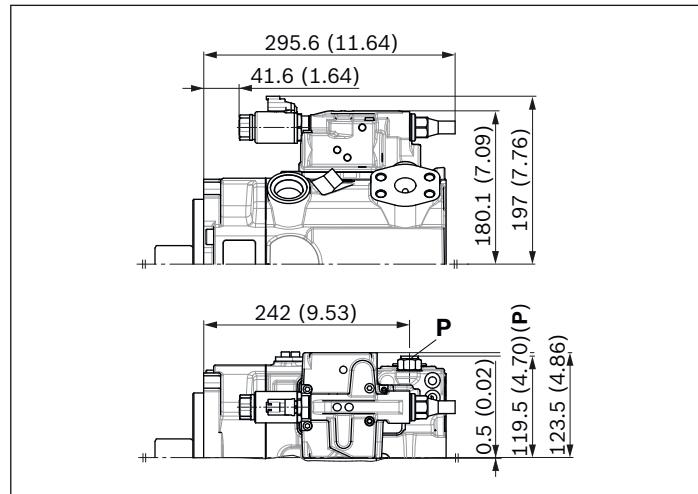
Dimensions [mm (inch)]

Axial piston variable pump | **A15V(L)O Series 11** 35
Dimensions, size 110

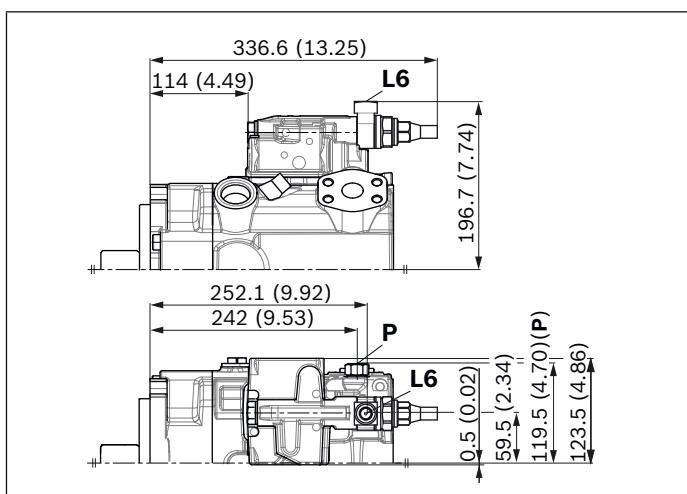
▼ **LR** – Power controller, fixed setting



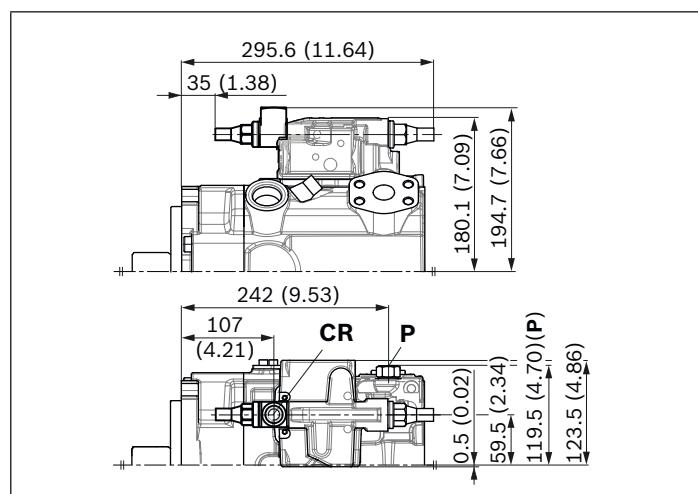
▼ **L3/L4** – Power controller, electric-proportional override



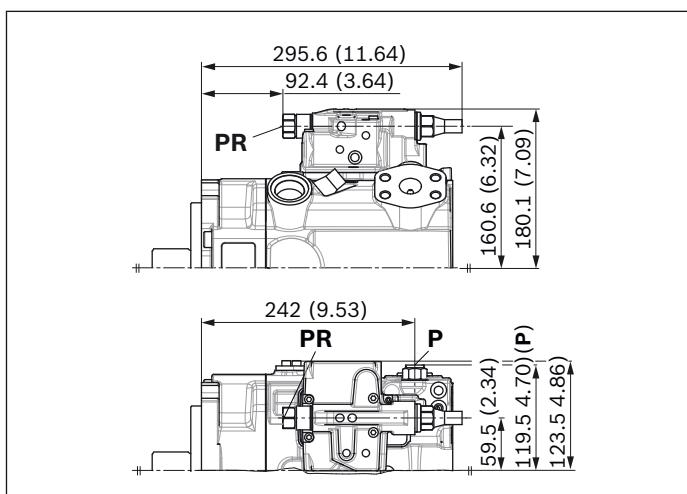
▼ **L5/L6** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override



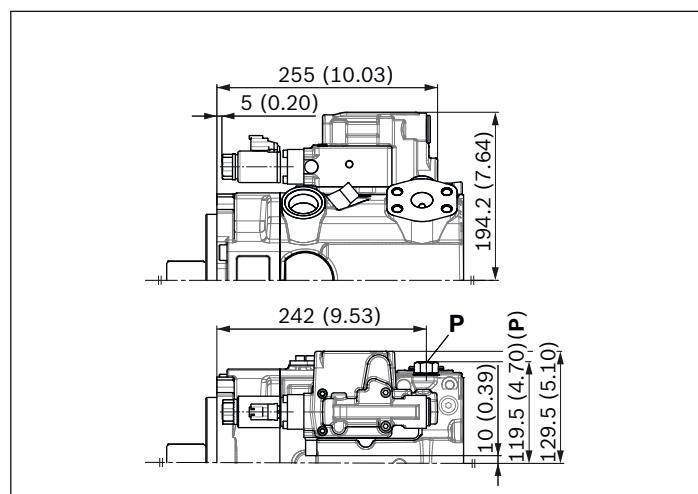
▼ **CR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, with stop



▼ **PR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, without stop



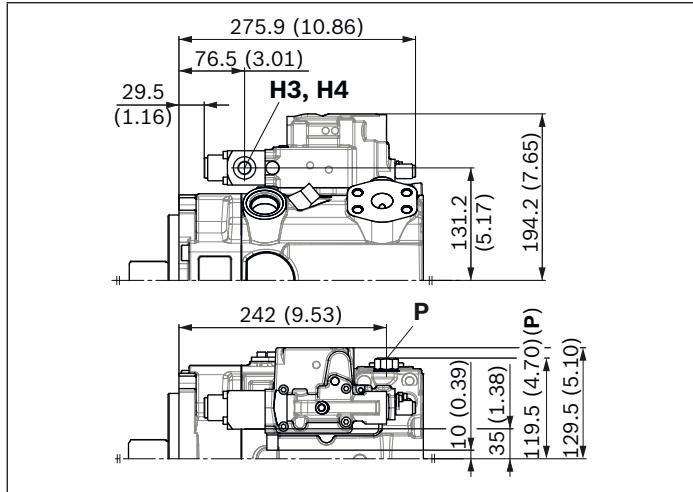
▼ **E1/E2** – Stroke control electric-proportional



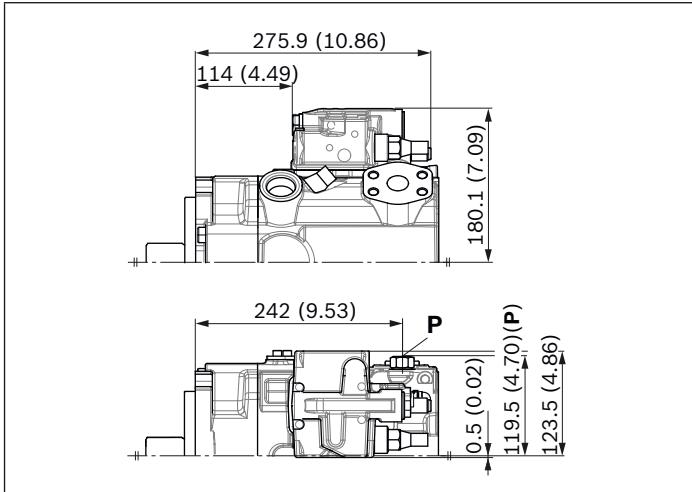
Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard according to type code position 08)

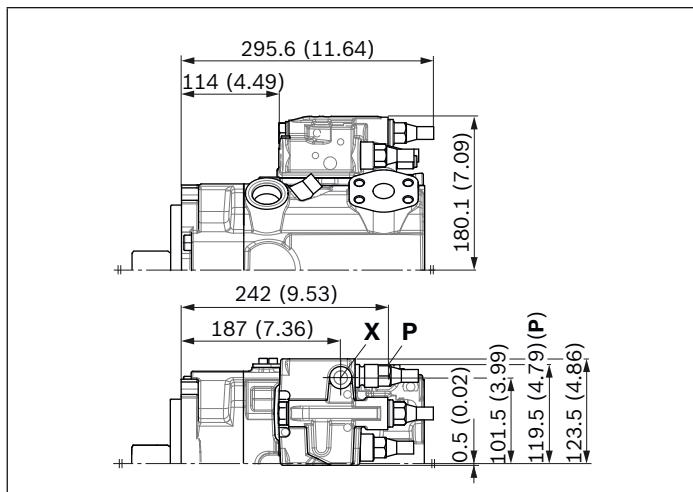
▼ **H3/H4** – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure



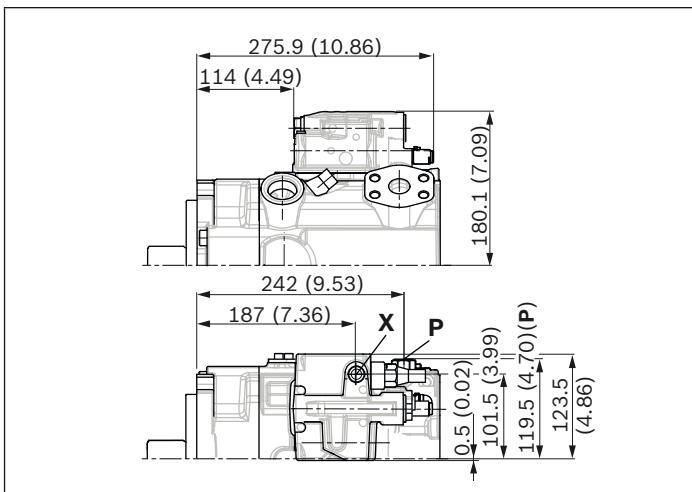
▼ **DR** – Pressure controller, fixed setting



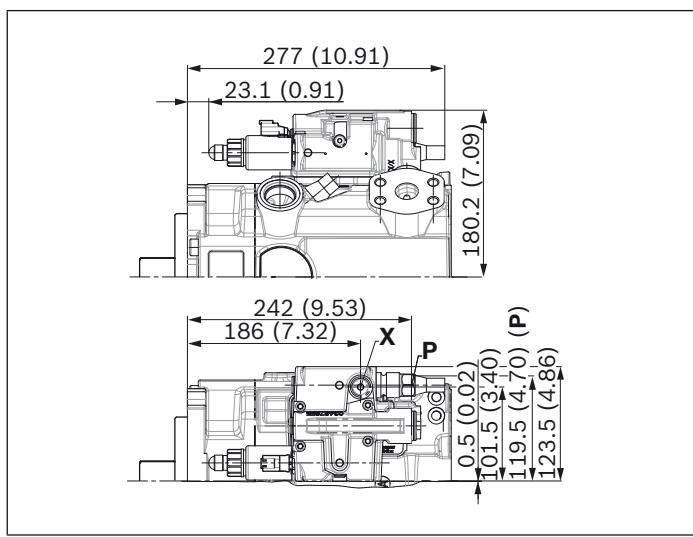
▼ **LRDRS0** – Power controller with pressure controller and load-sensing, fixed setting



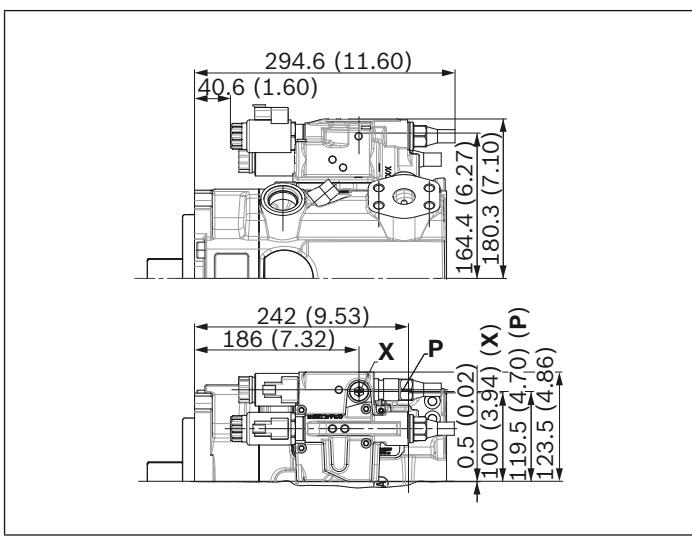
▼ **DG** – Pressure controller, hydraulic, remote controlled



▼ **DGT6/DGT8** – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override



▼ **S3/S4** – Load-sensing, internal pressure, electric-proportional



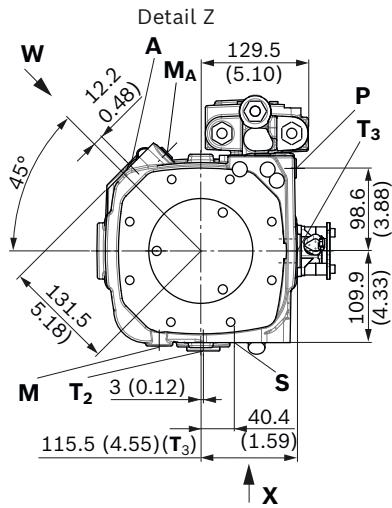
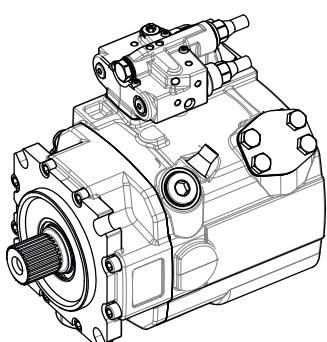
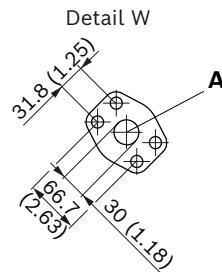
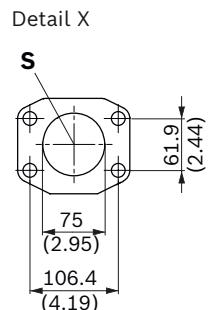
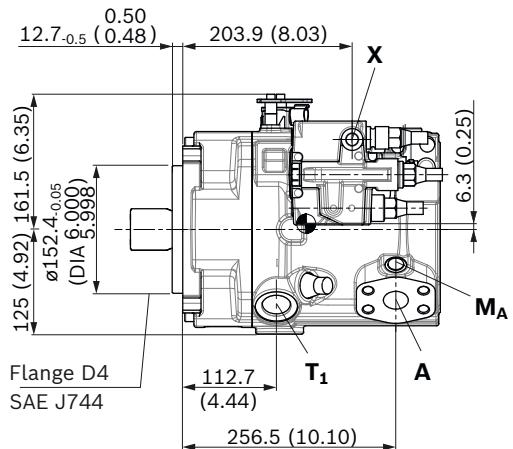
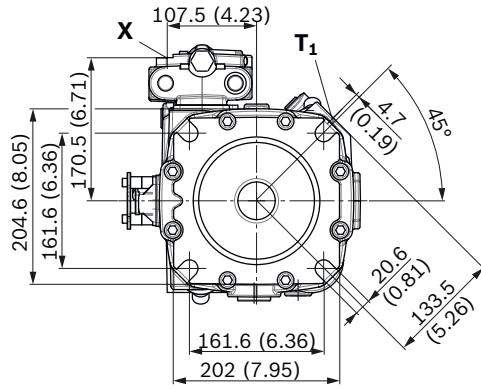
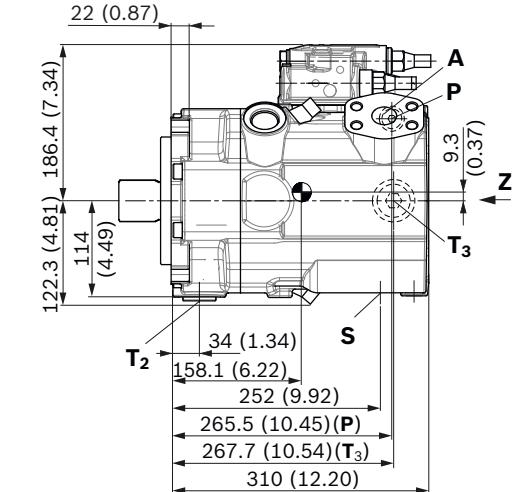
Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard according to type code position 08)

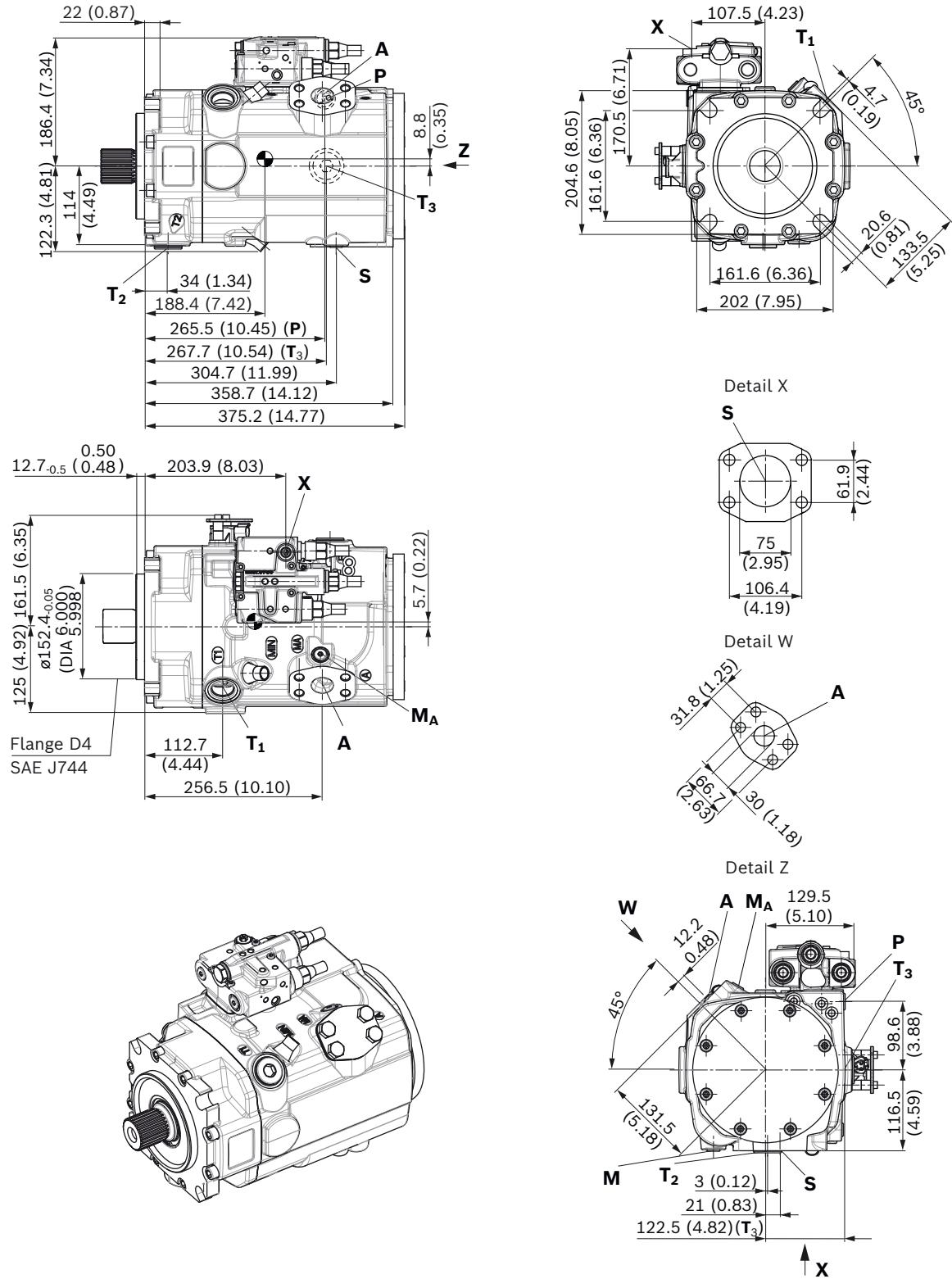
Dimensions, size 145

LRDRS0 - Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Without charge pump, clockwise rotation



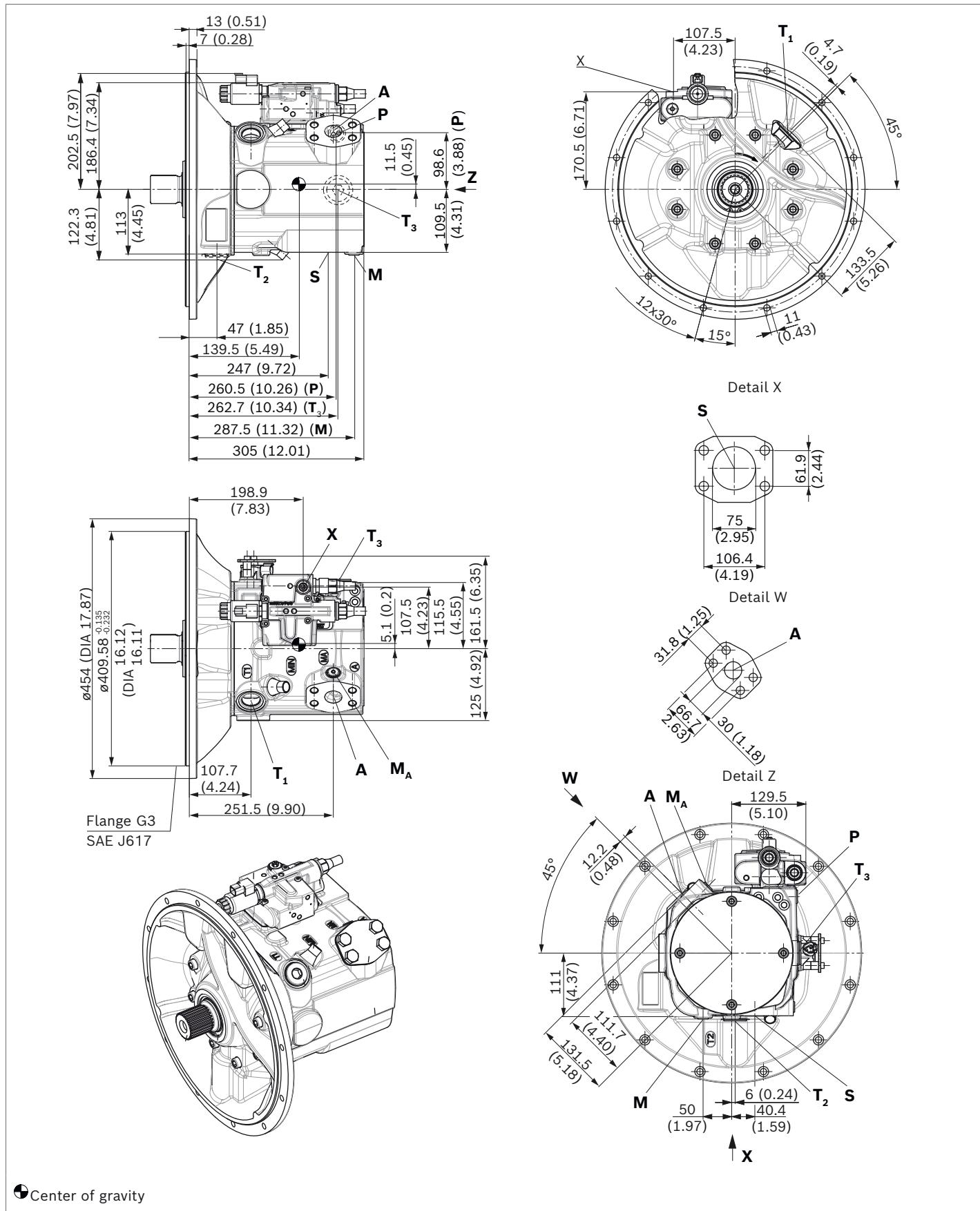
LRDRS0 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor
With charge pump, clockwise rotation



Center of gravity

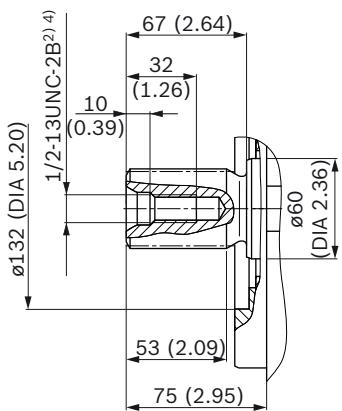
L4SO - Power controller electrically proportional, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Mounting flange G3 according to SAE J617; 409-12; without charge pump

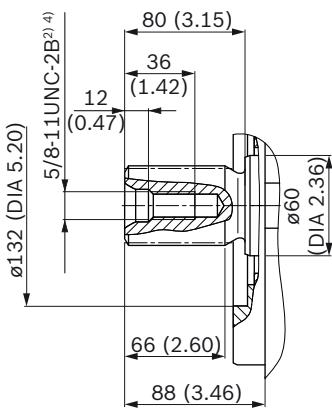


▼ Splined shaft SAE J744

T1 - 1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP¹⁾

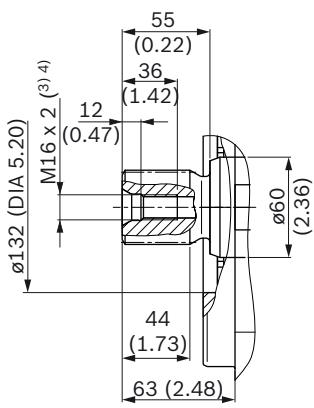


T2 - 2 in 15T 8/16 DP¹⁾



▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480

A2 - W50x2x24x9g



- 1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle
flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Thread according to ASME B1.1
- 3) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)
- 4) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum
tightening torques.

Ports version "M", metric		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 × 2; 22 (0.87) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 in M16 × 2; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 in M16 × 2; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 (0.57) deep	420 (6100)	X
Ports – version "A" SAE		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13 UNC-2B; 19 (0.75) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 in 5/8-11 UNC-2B; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 in 5/8-11 UNC-2B; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16 UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16 UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16 UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 11926	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18 UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	3/4-16 UNF-2B; 12.6 (0.50) deep	420 (6100)	X

5) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.
Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

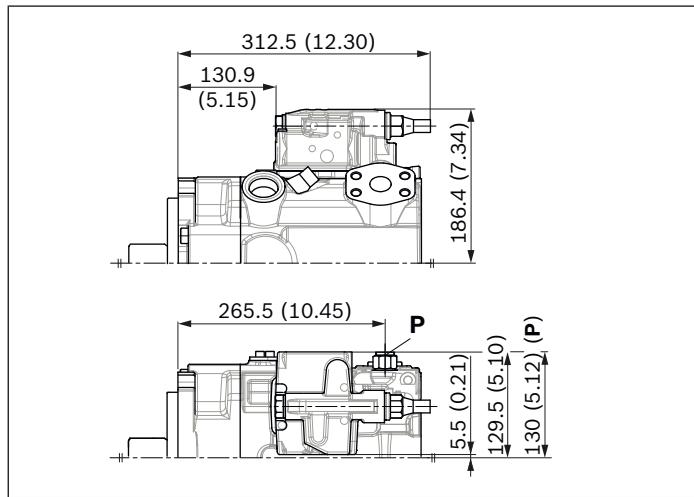
6) Metric fastening thread is a deviation from standard.

7) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

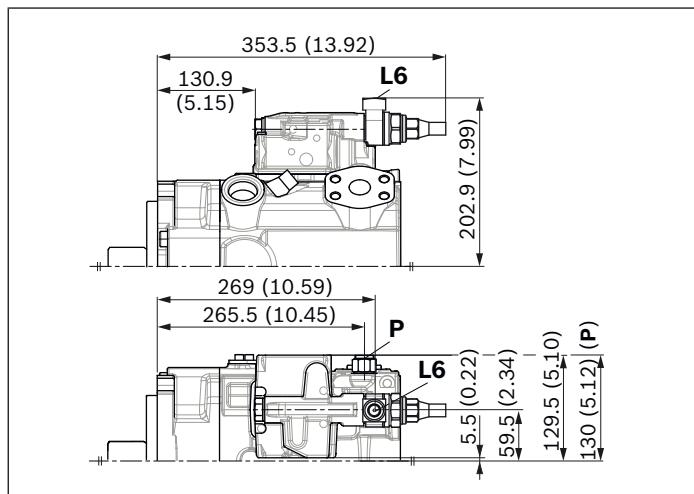
8) Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected
(see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).

9) O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

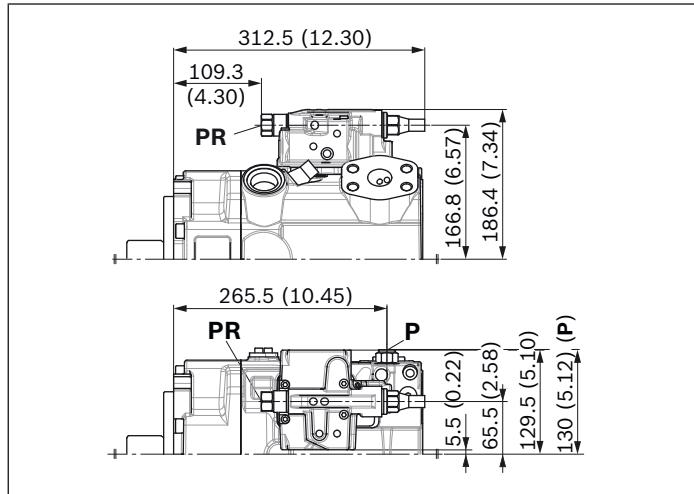
▼ **LR** – Power controller, fixed setting



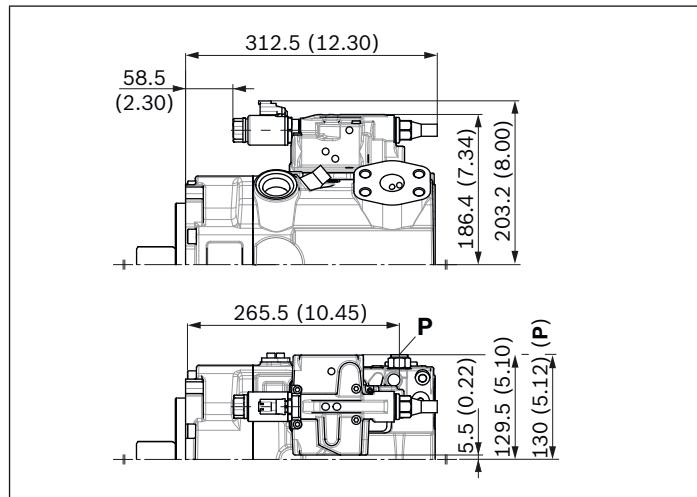
▼ **L5/L6** – Power controller, hydraulic override



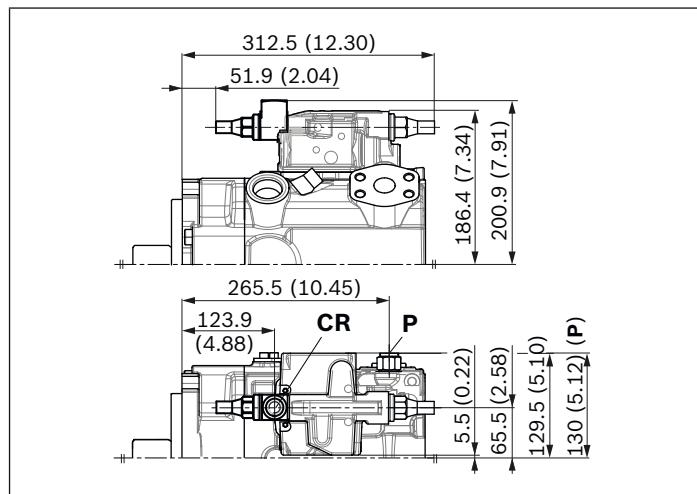
▼ **PR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, without stop



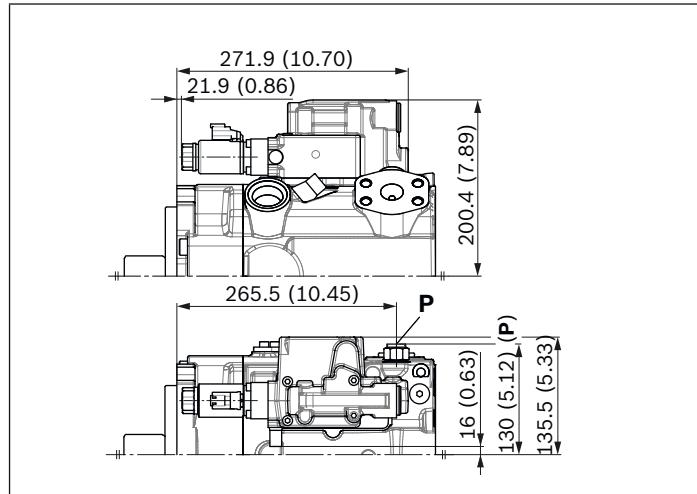
▼ **L3/L4** – Power controller, override electric-proportional



▼ **CR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, with stop

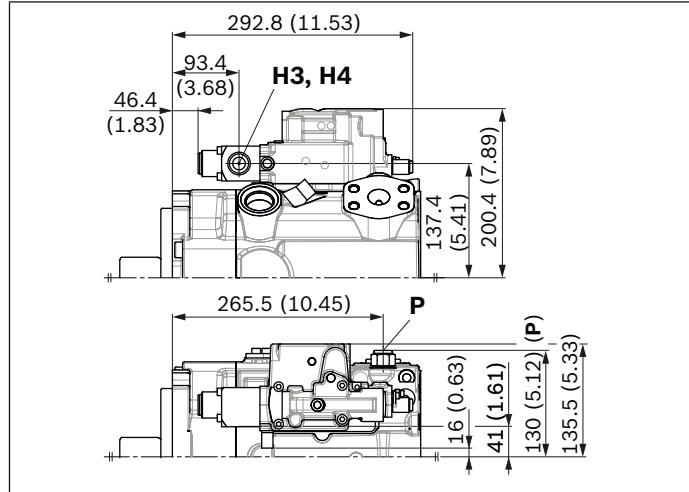
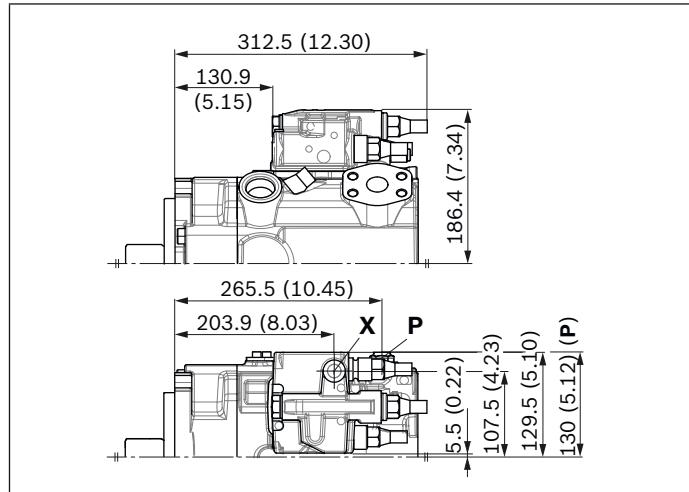
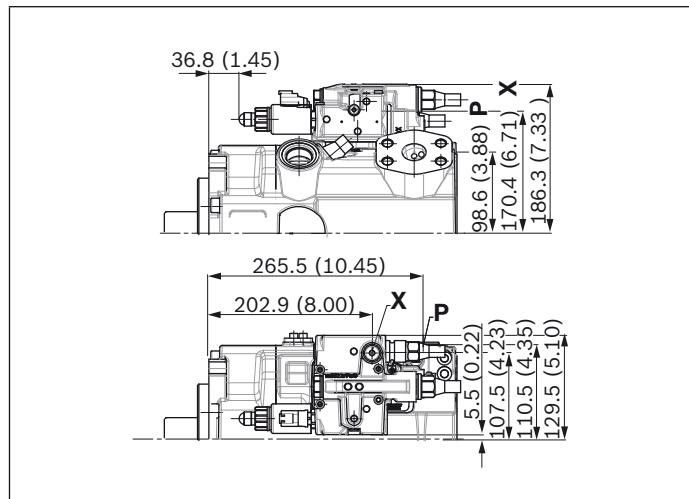
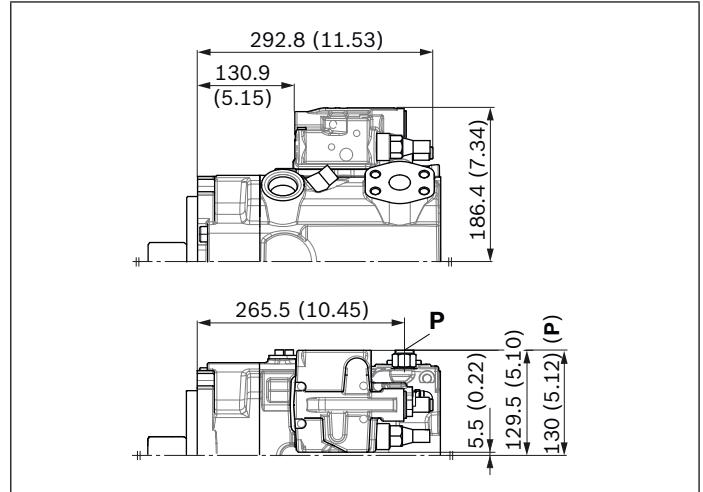
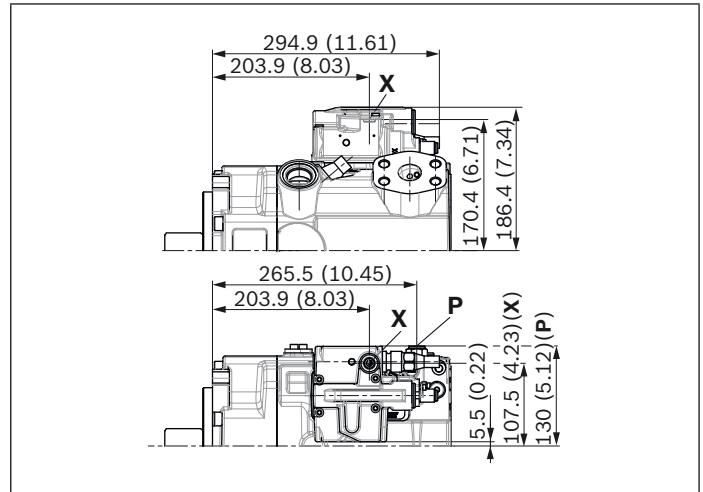
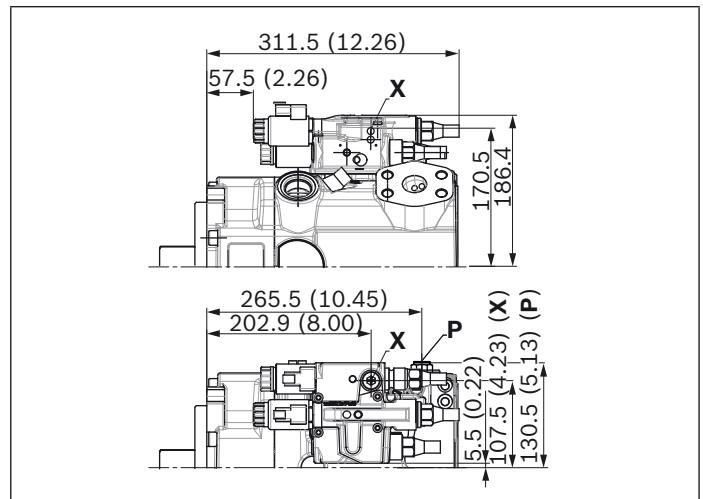


▼ **E1/E2** – Stroke control electric-proportional



Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

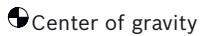
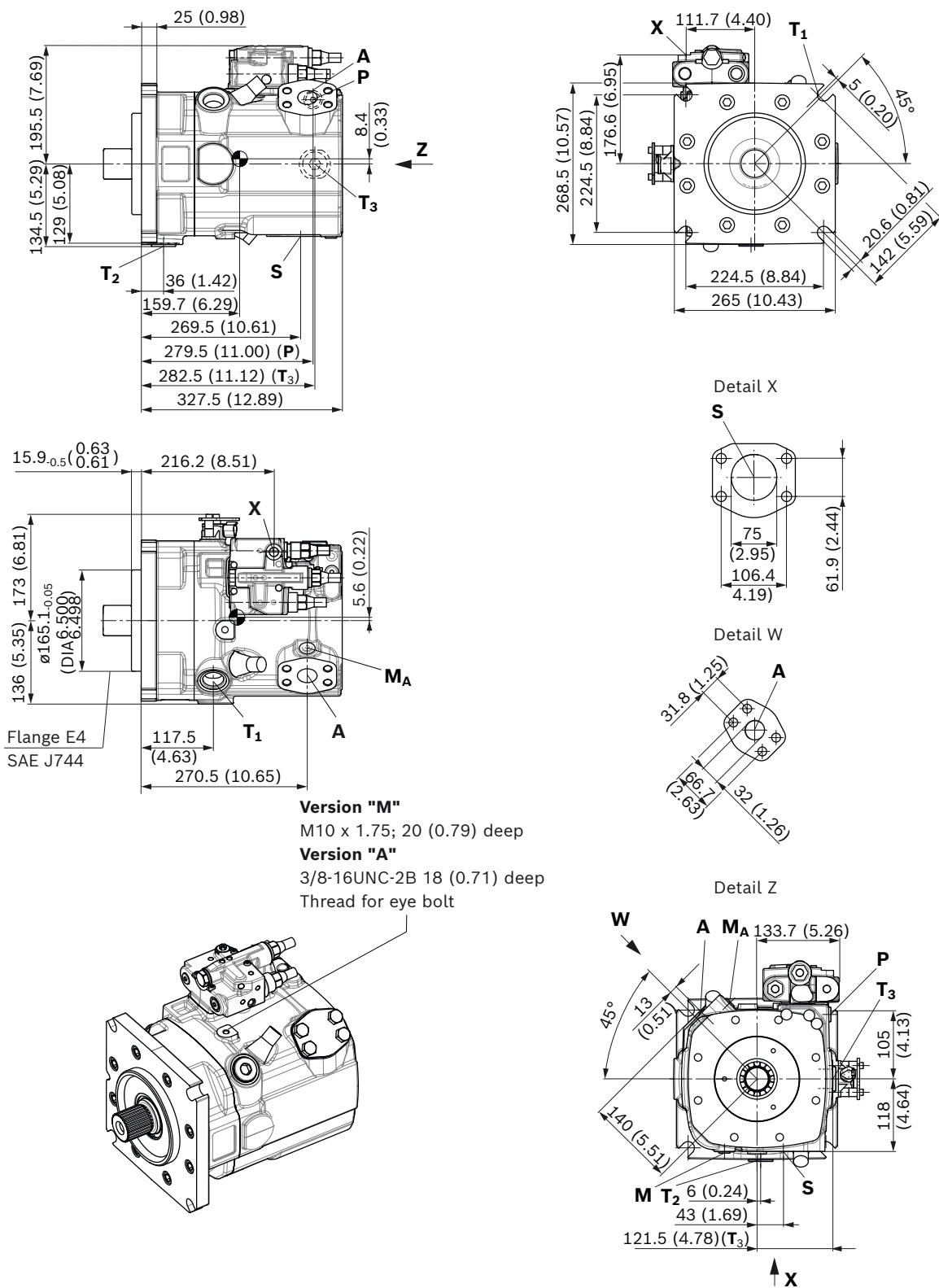
▼ **H3/H4** – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure▼ **LRDRS0** – Power controller with pressure controller and load-sensing, fixed setting▼ **DGT6/DGT8** – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override▼ **DR** – Pressure controller, fixed setting▼ **DG** – Pressure controller, hydraulic, remote controlled▼ **S3/S4** – Load-sensing, internal pressure, electric-proportional**Notice**

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

Dimensions, size 175

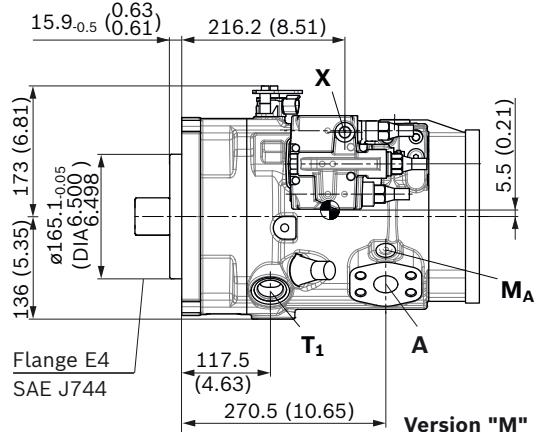
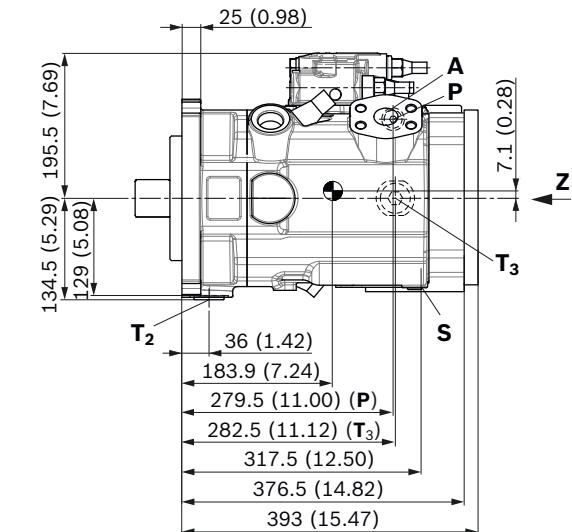
LRDRS0 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Without charge pump, clockwise rotation



LRDRS0 - Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

With charge pump, clockwise rotation

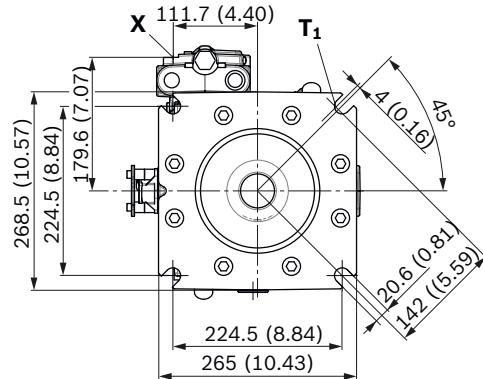
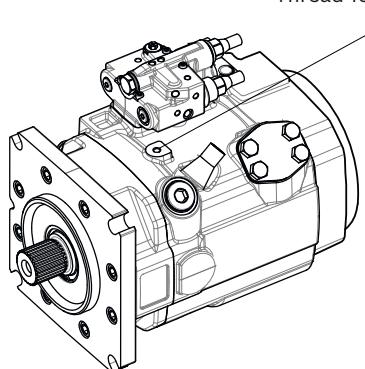
**Version "M"**

M10 x 1.75; 20 (0.79) deep

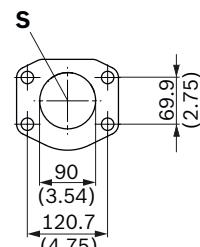
Version "A"

3/8-16UNC-2B 18 (0.71) deep

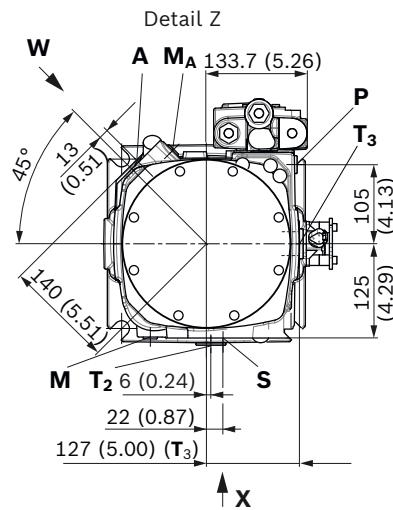
Thread for eye bolt



Detail X



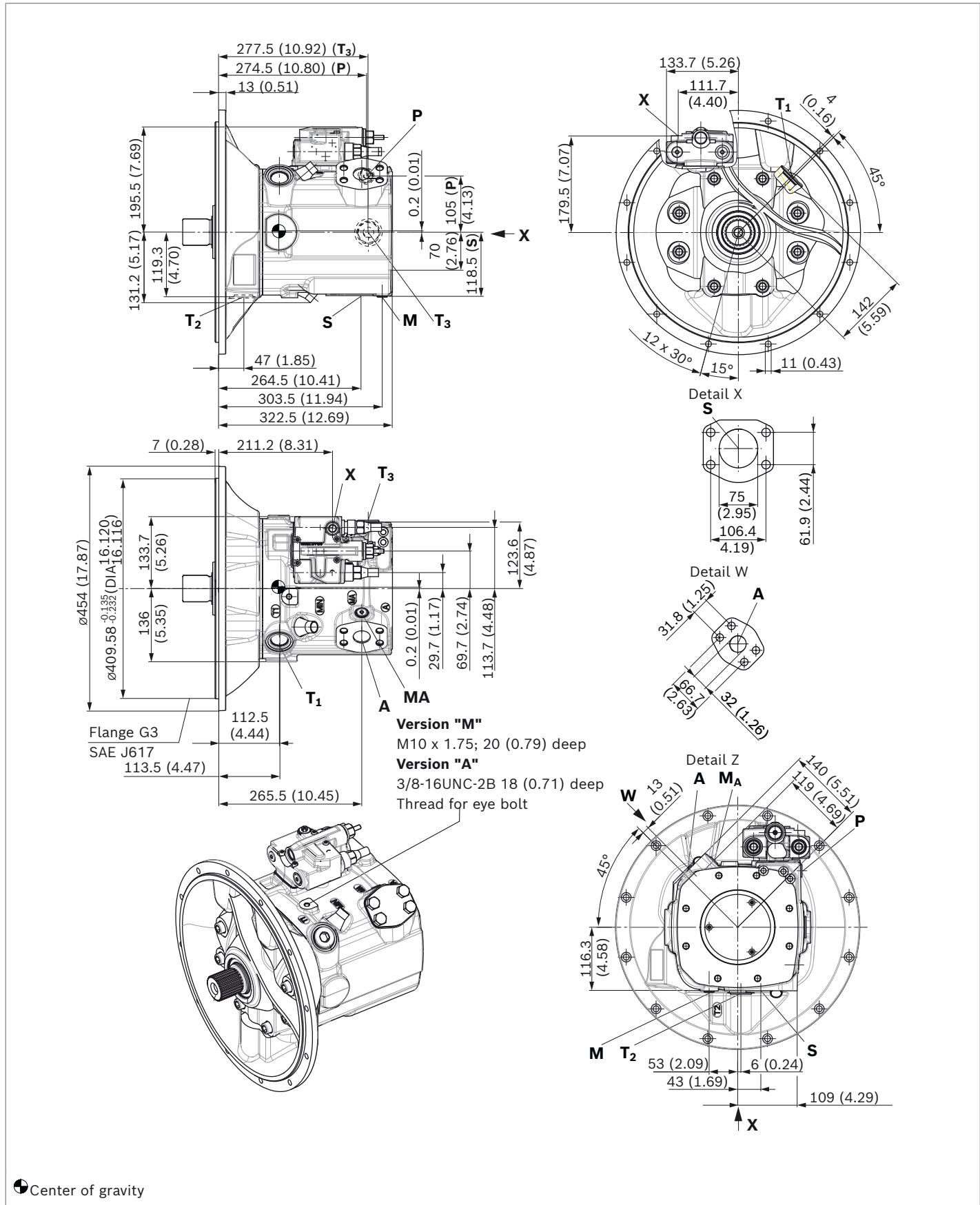
Detail W



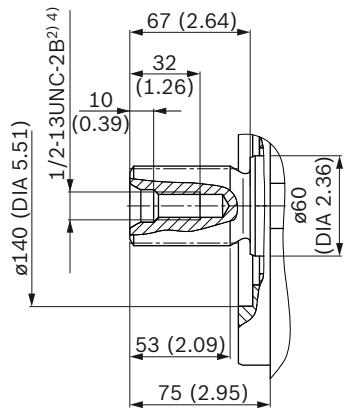
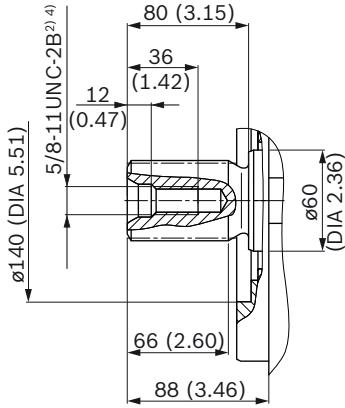
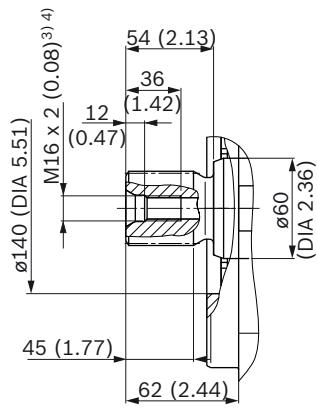
X

Center of gravity

LRDRS0 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and without electric swivel angle sensor
Mounting flange G3 according to SAE J617; 409-12; without charge pump



Center of gravity

▼ Splined shaft SAE J744**T1 - 1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP¹⁾****T2 - 2 in 15T 8/16DP¹⁾****▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480****A2 - W50x2x24x9g**

- 1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle
flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
- 2) Thread according to ASME B1.1
- 3) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)
- 4) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

Ports version "M", metric		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	1 1/4 in M14 × 2; 22 (0.87) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 in M16 × 2; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 1/2 in M16 × 2; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M33 × 2; 19 (0.75) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
H ₃ , H ₄	Pilot signal (H ₃ and H ₄ only)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
L ₅ , L ₆	Override power controller (only with L ₅ and L ₆)	ISO 6149	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S ₀ , S ₃ /S ₄ and DG only)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 × 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M18 × 1.5; 14.5 (0.57) deep	420 (6100)	X
Ports – version "A" SAE		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	1 1/4 in 1/2-13UNC-2B; 19 (0.75) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/16UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
H ₃ , H ₄	Pilot signal (H ₃ and H ₄ only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
L ₅ , L ₆	Override power controller (only with L ₅ and L ₆)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S ₀ , S ₃ /S ₄ and DG only)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 12.6 (0.50) deep	420 (6100)	X

⁵⁾ Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.
Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

⁶⁾ Metric fastening thread is a deviation from standard.

⁷⁾ The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

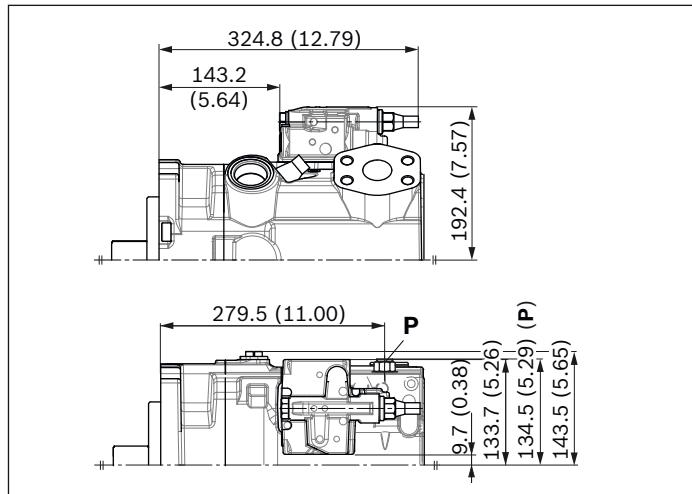
⁸⁾ Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected
(see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).

⁹⁾ O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

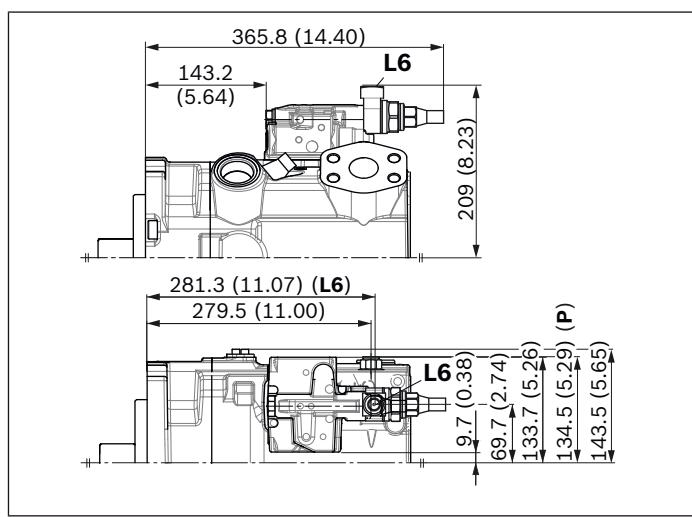
Dimensions [mm (inch)]

Axial piston variable pump | **A15V(L)O Series 11** 49
Dimensions, size 175

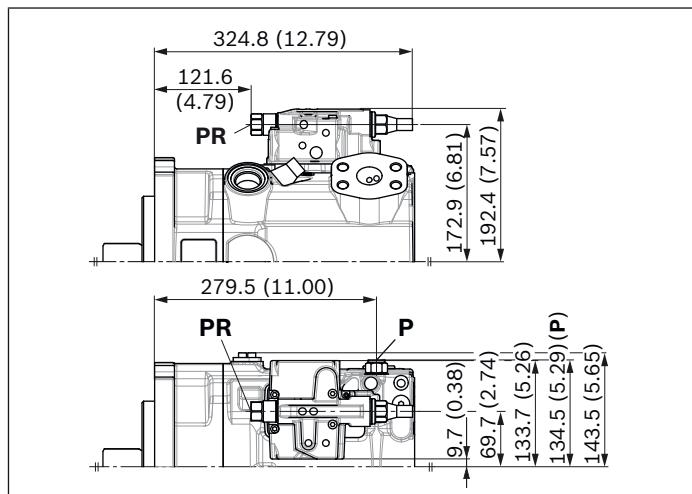
▼ **LR** – Power controller, fixed setting



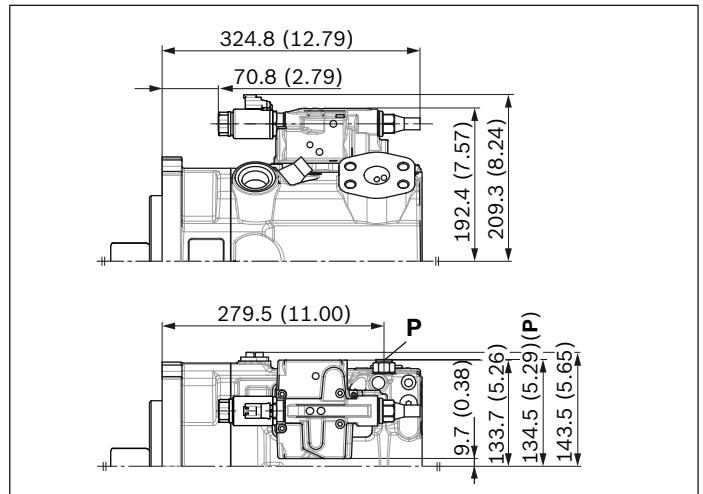
▼ **L5/L6** – Power controller, hydraulic override



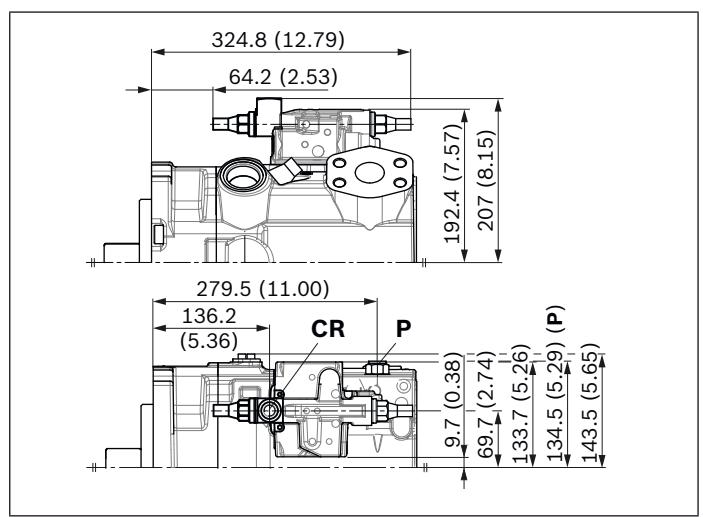
▼ **PR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, without stop



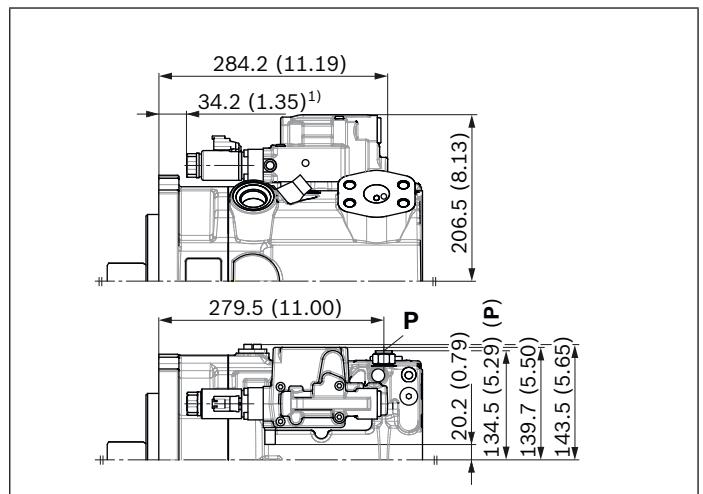
▼ **L3/L4** – Power controller, electric-proportional override



▼ **CR** – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, with stop



▼ **E1/E2; E4** – Stroke control electric-proportional

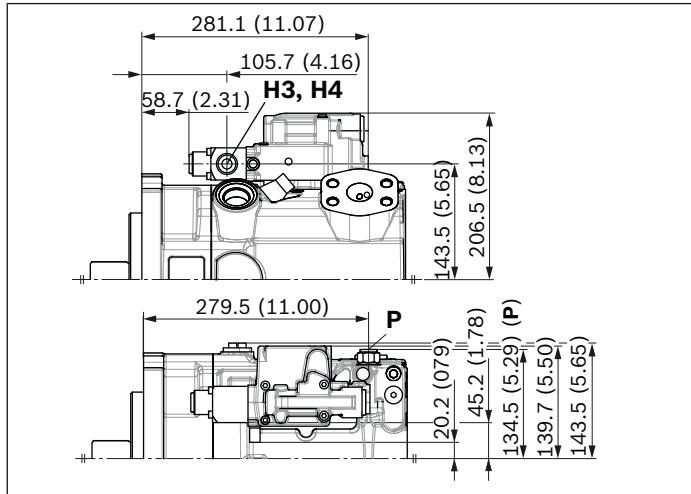


Notice

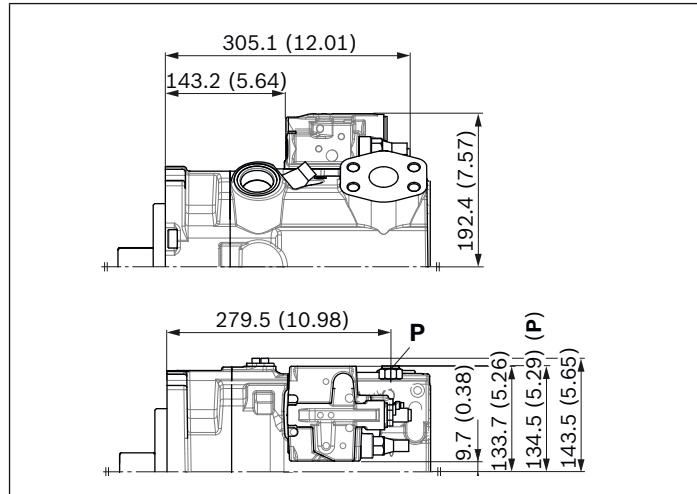
All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

¹⁾ 15.7 (0.62) for E4 control

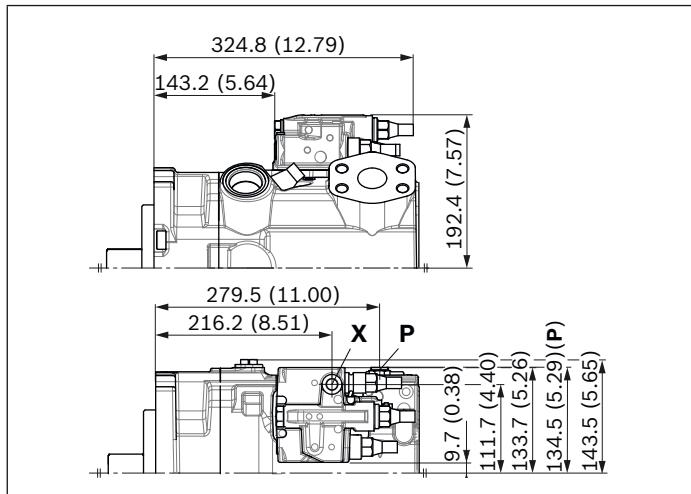
▼ **H3/H4** – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure



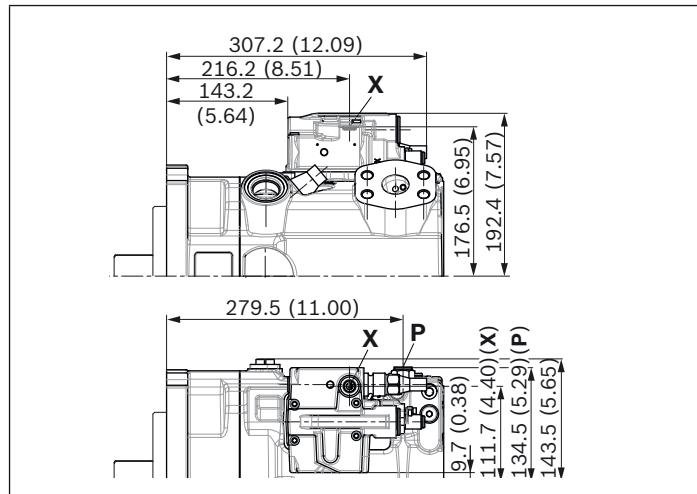
▼ **DR** – Pressure controller, fixed setting



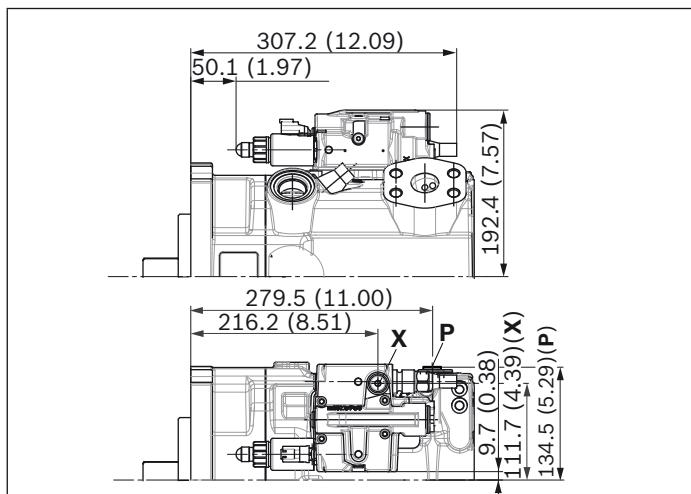
▼ **LRDRS0** – Power controller with pressure controller and load-sensing, fixed setting



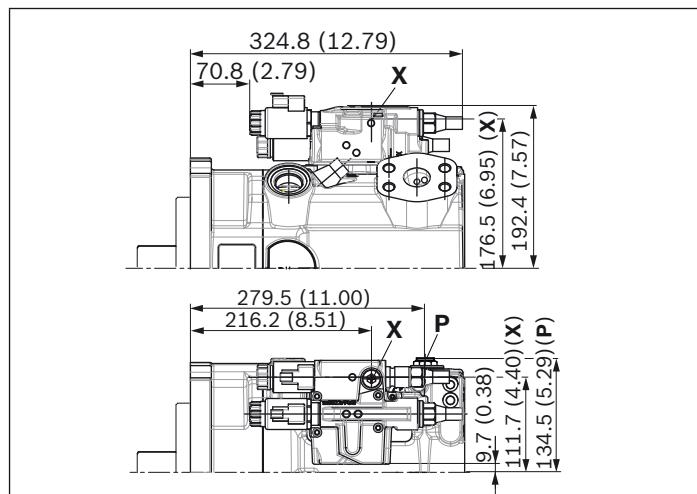
▼ **DG** – Pressure controller, hydraulic, remote controlled



▼ **DGT6/DGT8** – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override



▼ **S3/S4** – Load-sensing, internal pressure, electric-proportional



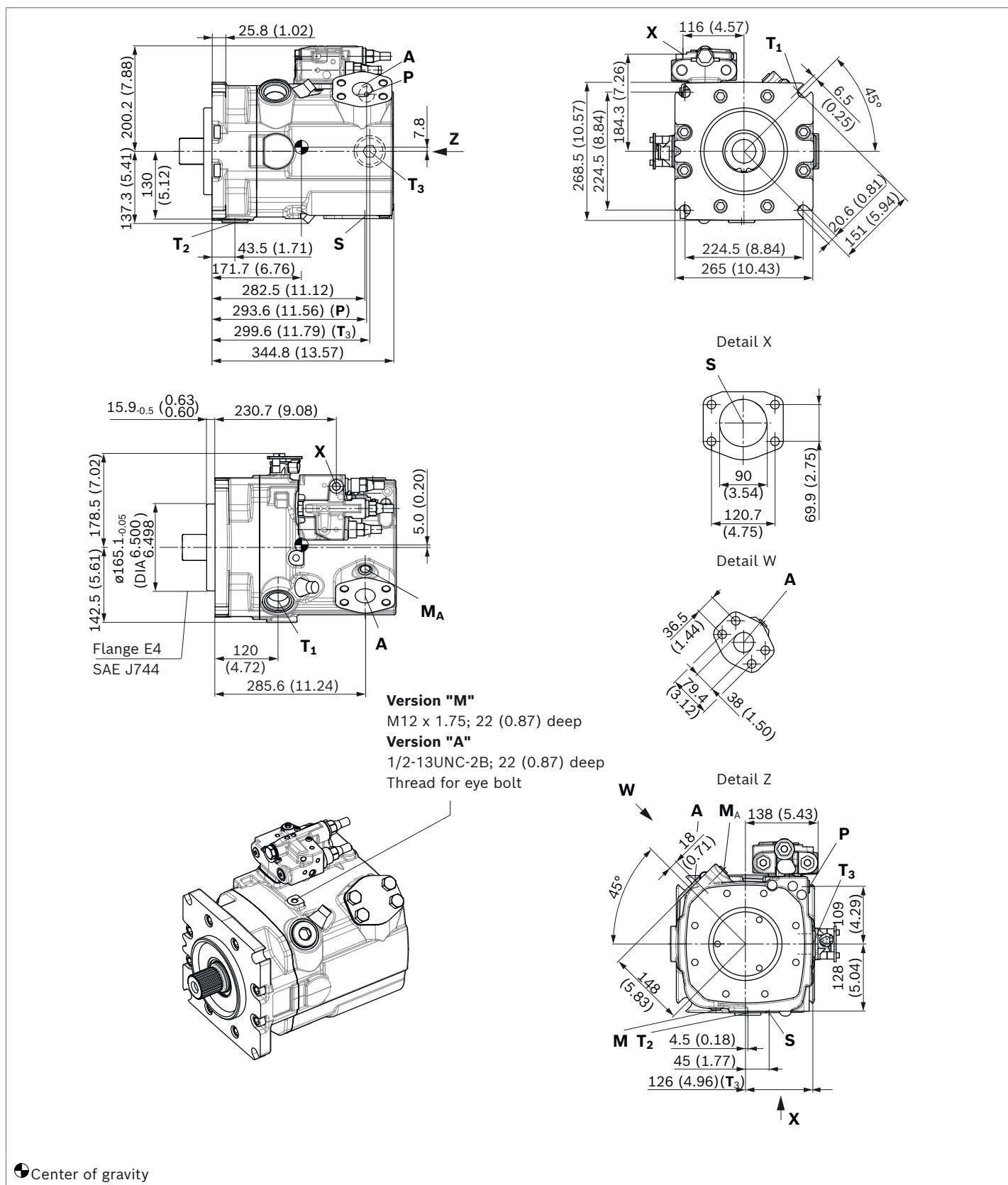
Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

Dimensions, size 210

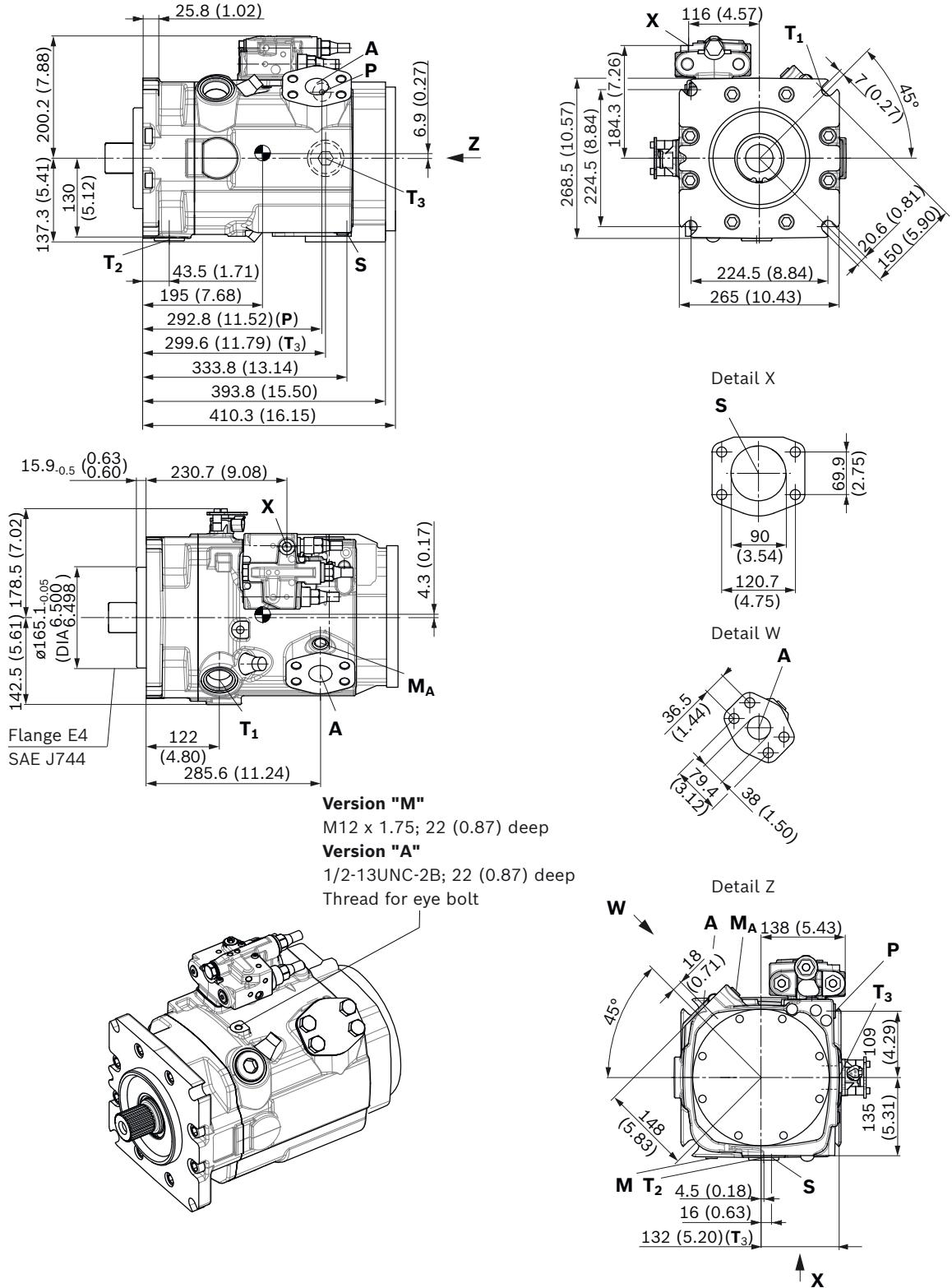
LRDRSO – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Without charge pump, clockwise rotation



 Center of gravity

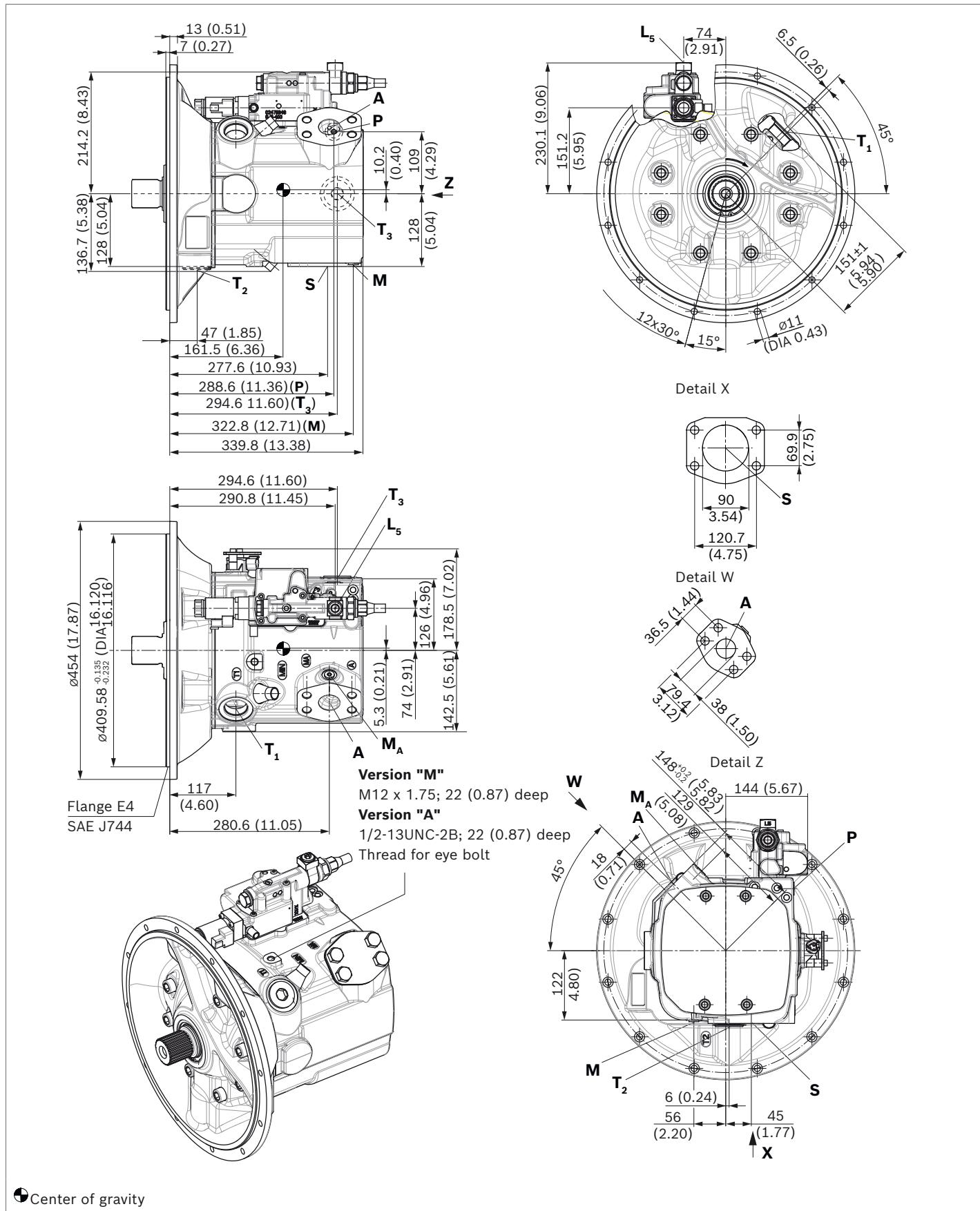
LRDRS0 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor
With charge pump, clockwise rotation



Center of gravity

L5E2 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

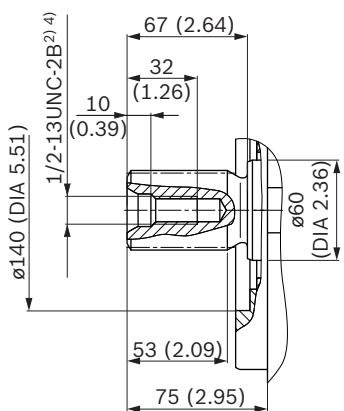
Mounting flange G3 according to SAE J617; 409-12; without charge pump



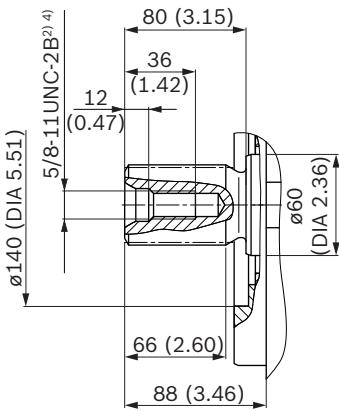
Center of gravity

▼ Splined shaft SAE J744

T1 - 1 3/4 in 13T 8/16DP¹⁾

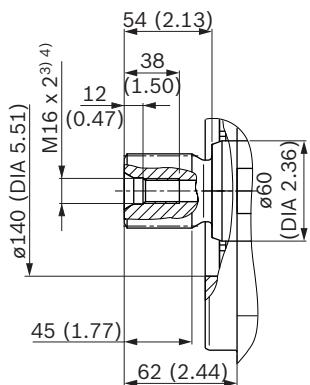


T2 - 2 in 15T 8/16DP¹⁾



▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480

A2 - W50x2x24x9g



- ¹⁾ Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle
flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5
²⁾ Thread according to ASME B1.1
³⁾ Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)
⁴⁾ Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum
tightening torques.

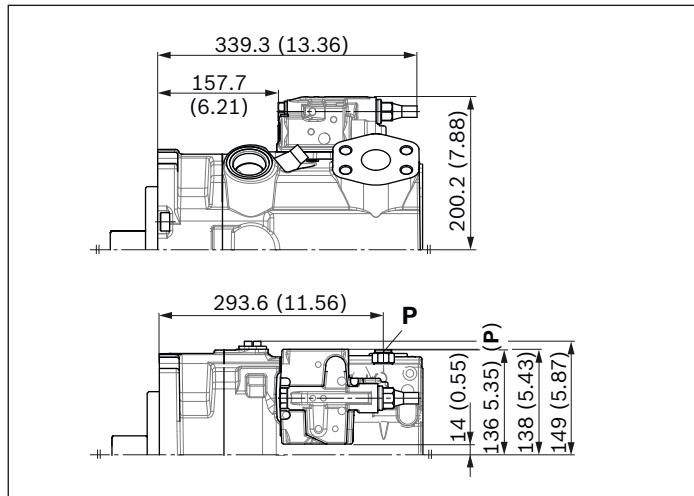
Ports version "M", metric		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	1 1/2 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 1/2 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁶⁾ DIN 13	3 1/2 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M42 x 2; 19.5 (0.77) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M42 x 2; 19.5 (0.77) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M42 x 2; 19.5 (0.77) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 x 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 x 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁷⁾	M18 x 1.5; 14.5 deep	420 (6100)	X
Ports - version "A" SAE		Standard	Size ⁴⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ⁵⁾	State ⁹⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	1 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 30 (1.18) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 30 (1.18) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ⁴⁾ ASME B1.1	3 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 30 (1.18) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/8-12UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	O ⁸⁾
T ₂	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/8-12UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
T ₃	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	1 5/8-12UNF-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁸⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁷⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 12.6 (0.50) deep	420 (6100)	X

⁵⁾ Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.

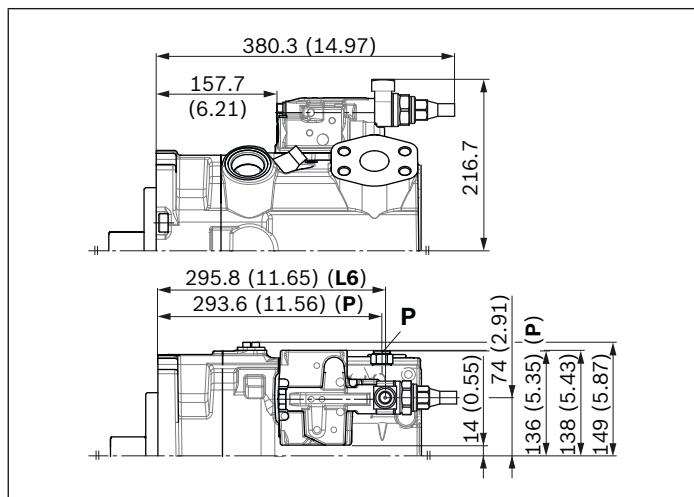
Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.

⁶⁾ Metric fastening thread is a deviation from standard.⁷⁾ The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.⁸⁾ Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected
(see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).⁹⁾ O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
X = Plugged (in normal operation)

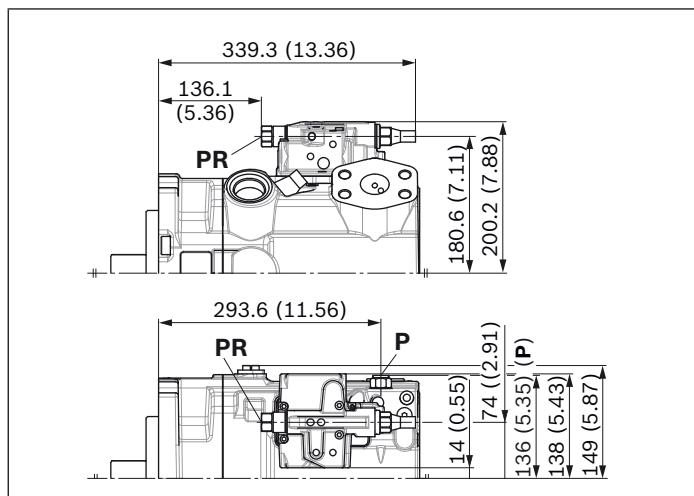
▼ LR – Power controller, fixed setting



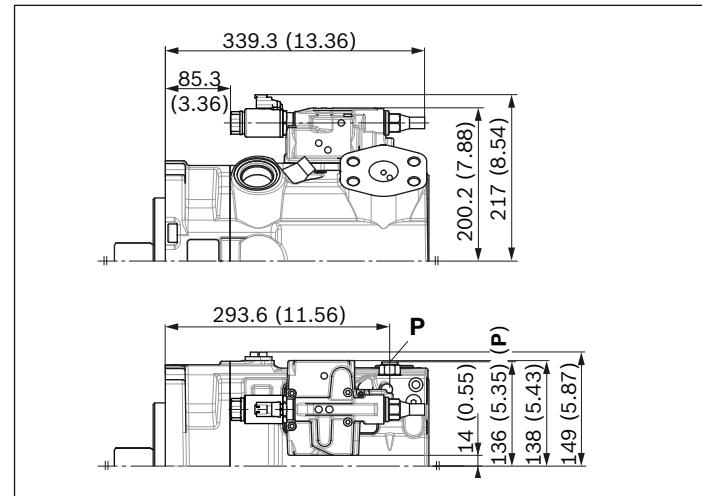
▼ L5/L6 – Power controller, hydraulic override



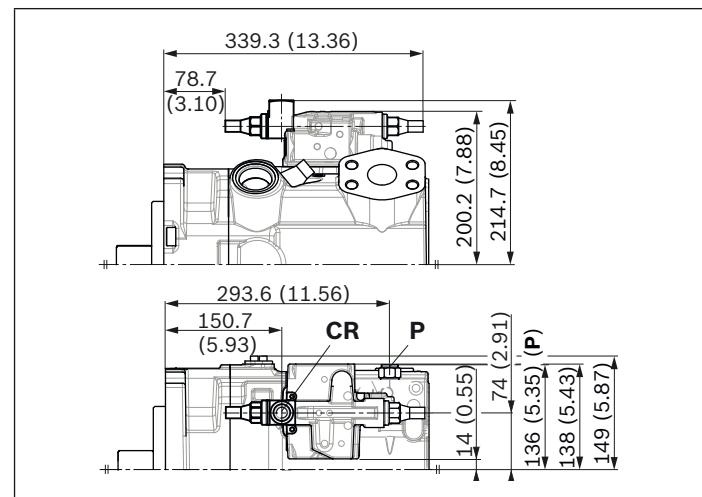
▼ PR – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, without stop



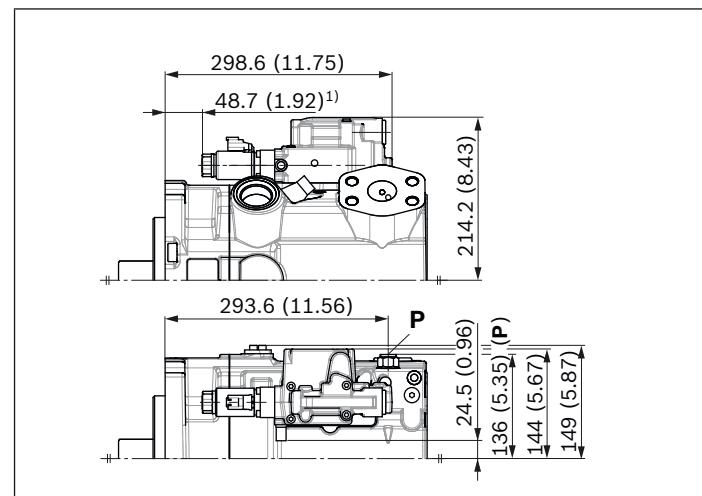
▼ L3/L4 – Power controller, electric-proportional override



▼ CR – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, with stop



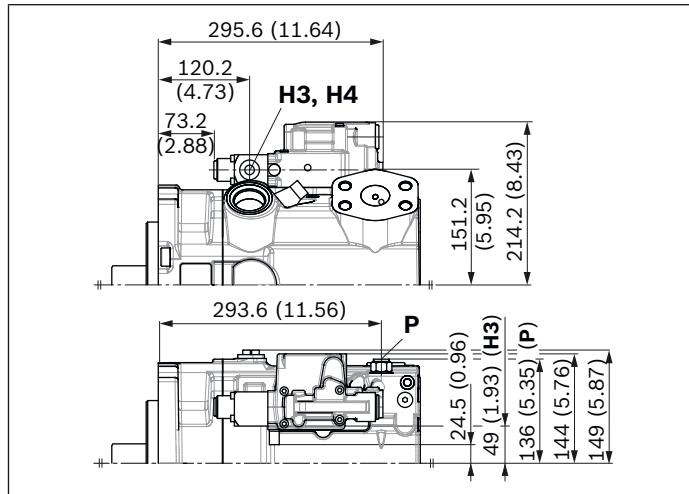
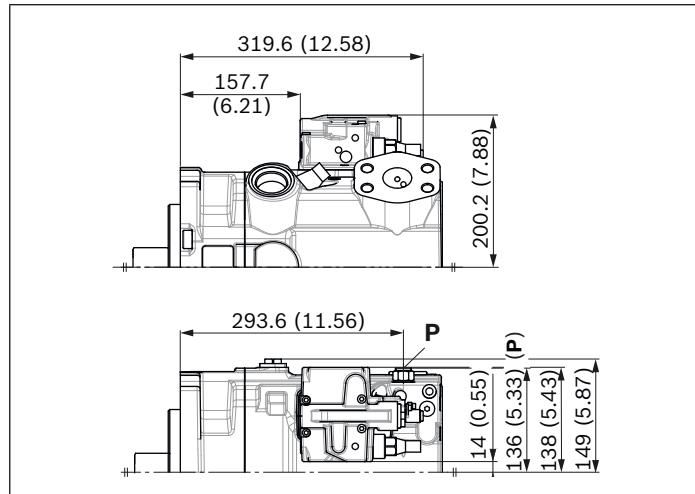
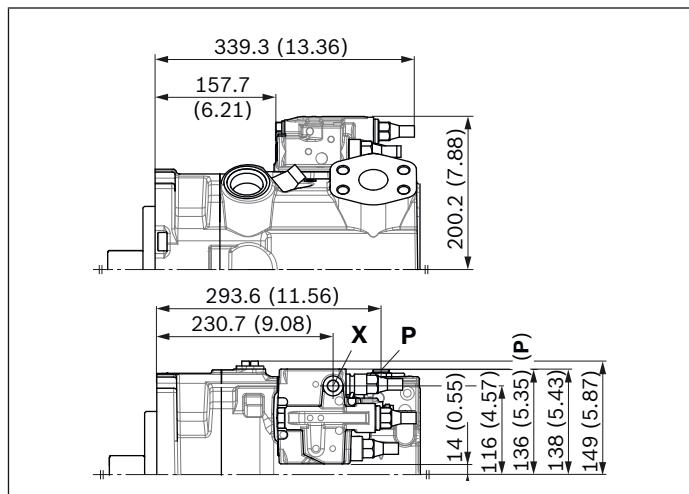
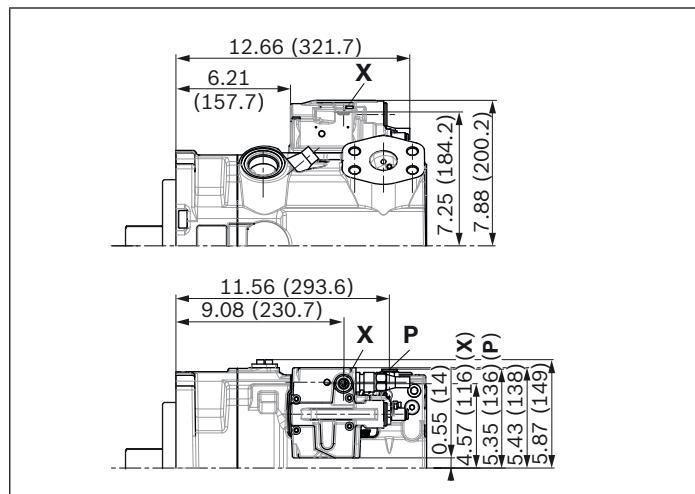
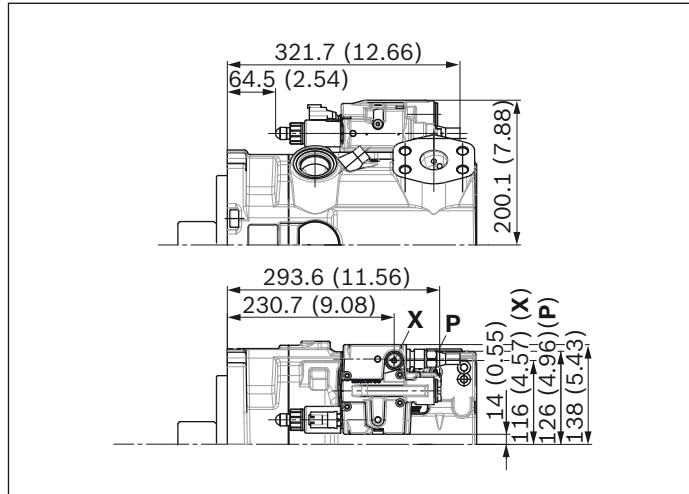
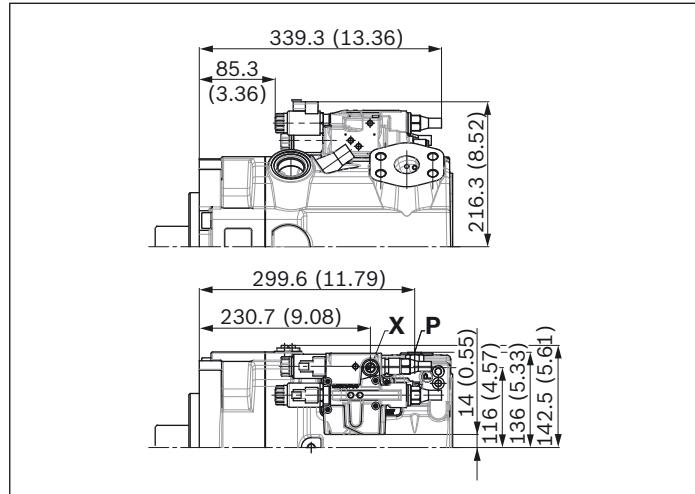
▼ E1/E2; E4 – Stroke control electric-proportional



Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

¹⁾ 30.2 (1.19) for E4 control

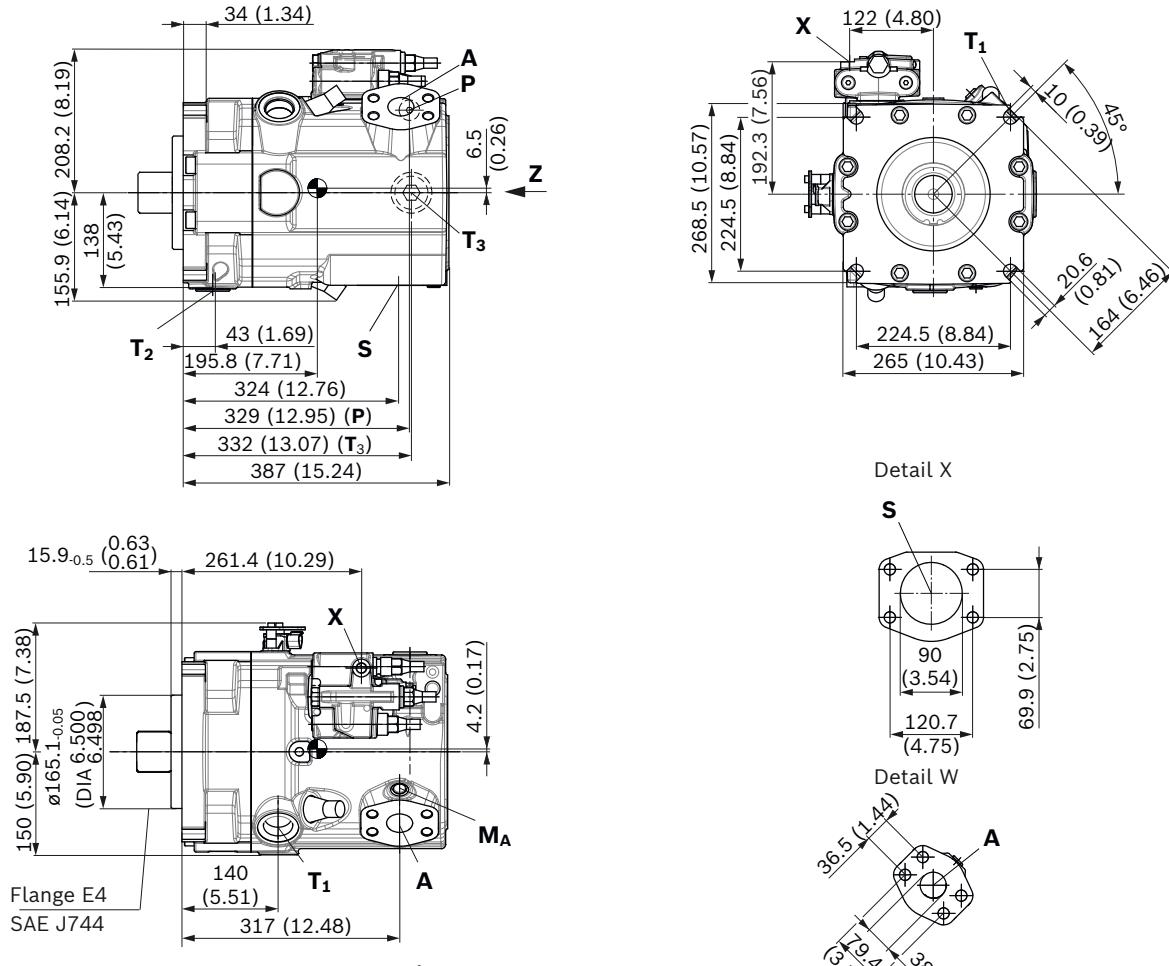
▼ **H3/H4** – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure▼ **DR** – Pressure controller, fixed setting▼ **LRDRS0** – Power controller with pressure controller and load-sensing, fixed setting▼ **DG** – Pressure controller, hydraulic, remote controlled▼ **DGT6/DGT8** – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override▼ **S3/S4** – Load-sensing, internal pressure, electric-proportional**Notice**

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

Dimensions, size 280

LRDRS0 - Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

Without charge pump, clockwise rotation



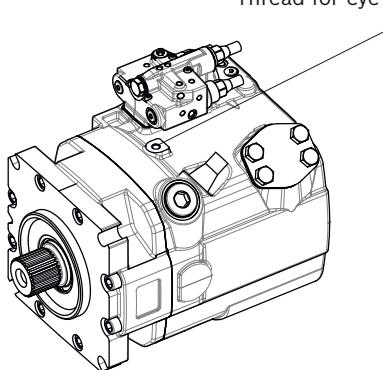
Version "M"

M12 x 1.75; 22 (0.87) deep

Version "A"

1/2-13UNC-2B; 22 (0.87) deep

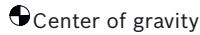
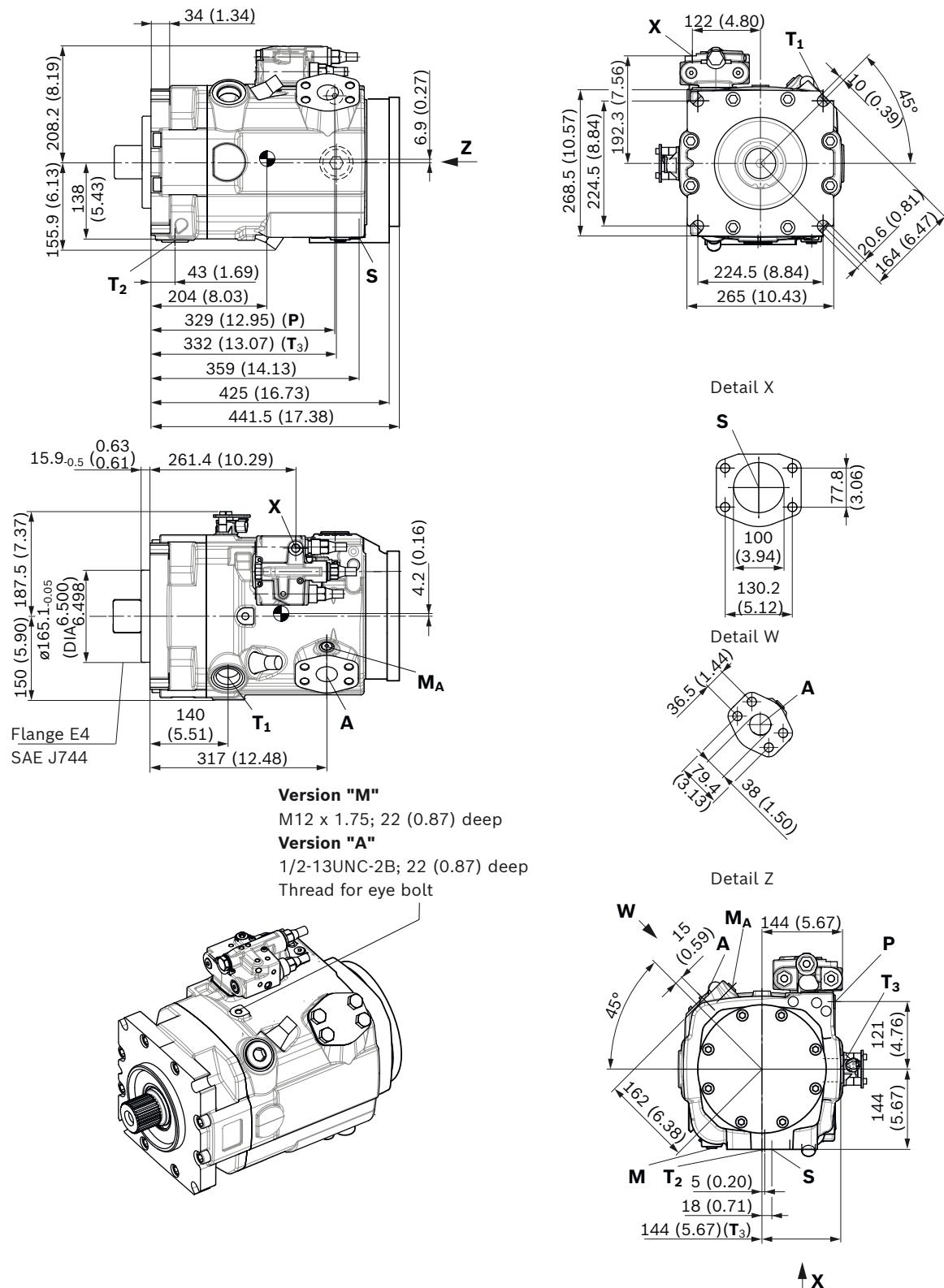
Thread for eye bolt



Center of gravity

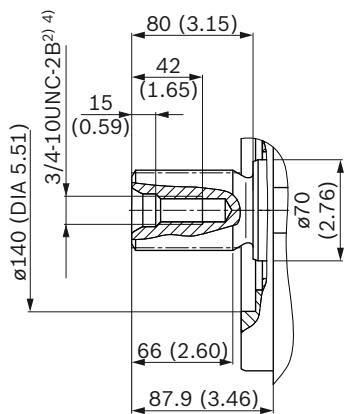
LRDRS0 – Power controller with pressure controller, load-sensing and with electric swivel angle sensor

With charge pump, clockwise rotation



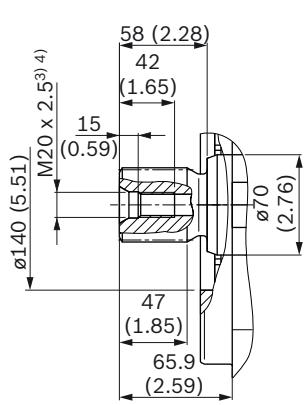
▼ Splined shaft SAE J744

T3 – 2 1/4 in 17T 8/16DP¹⁾



▼ Splined shaft DIN 5480

A4 – W60x2x28x9g



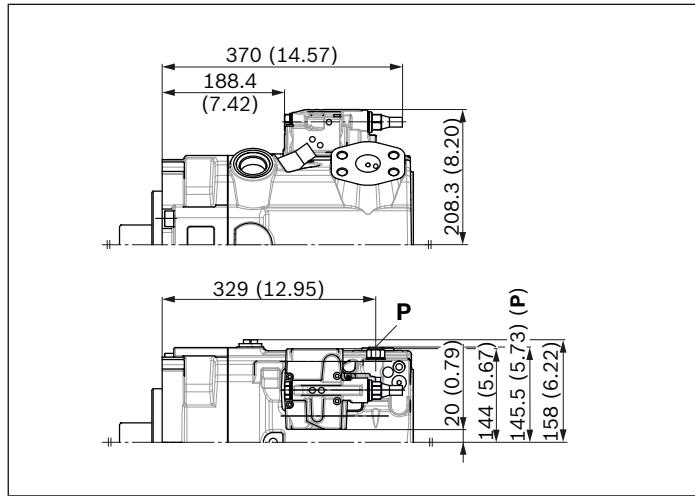
- 1) Involute spline according to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle
flat root, side fit , tolerance class 5
- 2) Thread according to ASME B1.1
- 3) Center bore according to DIN 332 (thread according to DIN 13)
- 4) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the
maximum tightening torques.

Ports version "M", metric		Standard	Size ¹⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ²⁾	State ⁶⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ³⁾ DIN 13	1 1/2 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ³⁾ DIN 13	3 1/2 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ³⁾ DIN 13	4 in M16 x 2; 24 (0.94) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M42 x 2; 19.5 (0.77) deep	10 (145)	O ⁵⁾
T ₂ , T ₃	Drain port	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M42 x 2; 19.5 (0.77) deep	10 (145)	X ⁵⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 6149	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	420 (6100)	O
Y	Port for pilot pump (only with D2)	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M14 x 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M14 x 1.5; 12 (0.47) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M14 x 1.5; 11.5 (0.45) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 6149 ⁴⁾	M18 x 1.5; 14.5 (0.57) deep	420 (6100)	X
Ports – version "A" SAE		Standard	Size ¹⁾	$p_{\max \text{ abs}}$ [bar (psi)] ²⁾	State ⁶⁾
A	Working port Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	1 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 35 ⁷⁾ (1.38) deep	420 (6100)	O
S	Suction port (without charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	3 1/2 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 35 ⁷⁾ (1.38) deep	30 (435)	O
S	Suction port (with charge pump) Fastening thread	SAE J518 ASME B1.1	4 in 5/8-11UNC-2B; 35 ⁷⁾ (1.38) deep	2 (30)	O
T ₁	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	1 5/8UN-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	O ⁵⁾
T ₂ , T ₃	Drain port	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	1 5/8UN-2B; 20 (0.79) deep	10 (145)	X ⁵⁾
CR	Pilot signal (CR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
PR	Pilot signal (PR only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
H3, H4	Pilot signal (H3 and H4 only)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
L5, L6	Override power controller (only with L5 and L6)	ISO 11926	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	100 (1450)	O
X	Pilot signal (S0, S3/S4 and DG only)	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	O
Y	Port for pilot pump (only with D2)	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	7/16-20UNF-2B; 12 (0.50) deep	50 (725)	O
M	Control pressure measuring	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
M _A	Measuring pressure A	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	420 (6100)	X
P	External control pressure (Type code position 8 version B or C = with external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	9/16-18UNF-2B; 13 (0.51) deep	50 (725)	O
	Port P is without function (Type code position 8 version A = without external control pressure supply)	ISO 11926 ⁴⁾	3/4-16UNF-2B; 12.6 (0.50) deep	420 (6100)	X

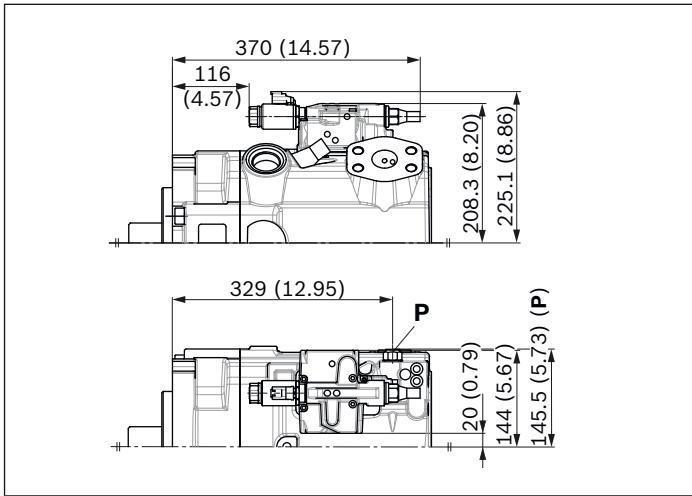
- 1) Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.
 2) Depending on the application, momentary pressure peaks can occur.
 Keep this in mind when selecting measuring devices and fittings.
 3) Metric fastening thread is a deviation from standard.
 4) The countersink may be deeper than specified in the standard.

- 5) Depending on installation position, T₁, T₂ or T₃ must be connected
 (see also Installation instructions on pages 73 and 74).
 6) O = Must be connected (comes plugged)
 X = Plugged (in normal operation)
 7) The thread depth is 30 mm (1.18 in) for the left pump direction
 of rotation

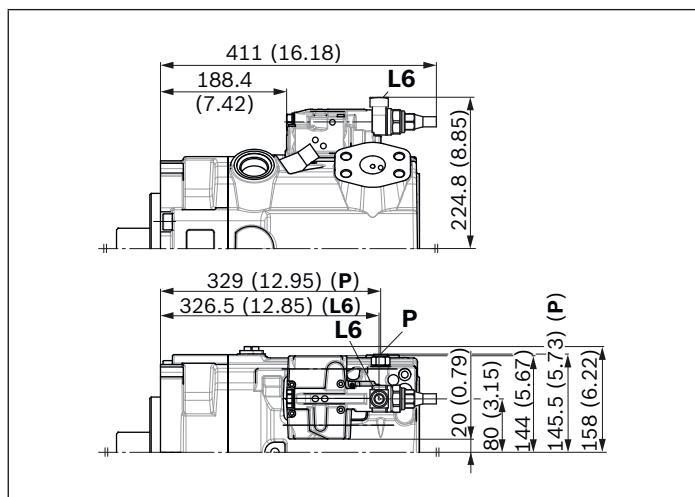
▼ LR – Power controller, fixed setting



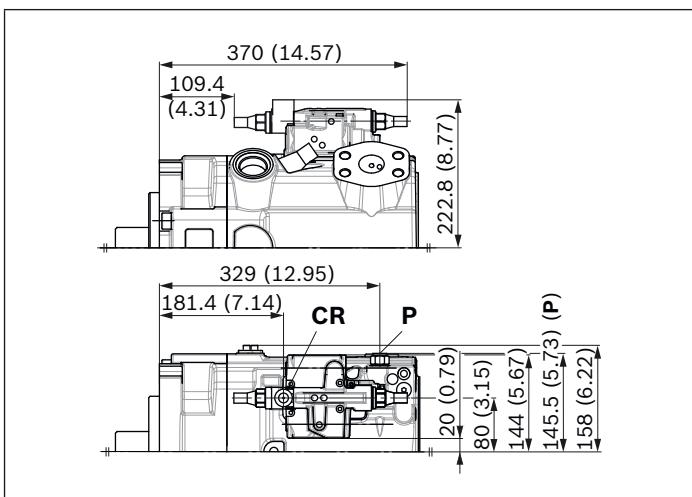
▼ L3/L4 – Power controller, electric-proportional override



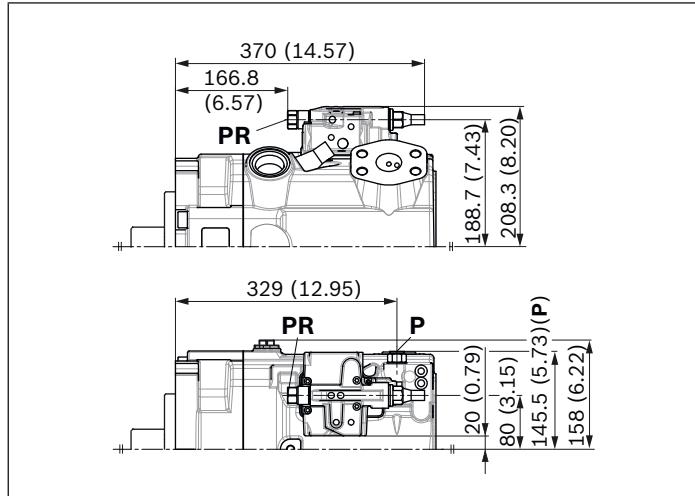
▼ L5/L6 – Power controller, hydraulic override



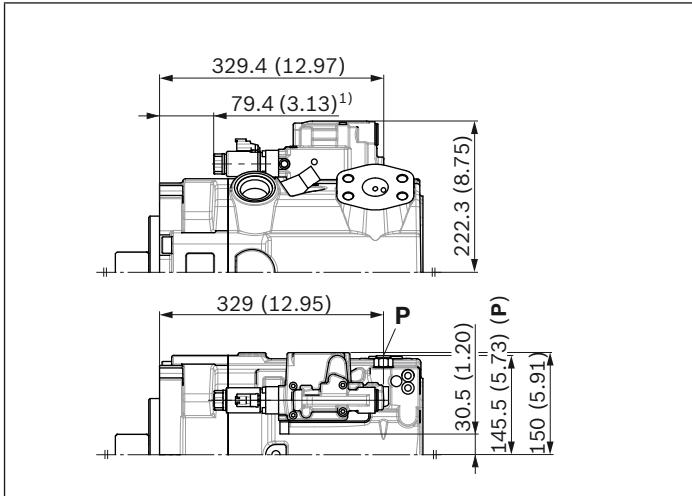
▼ CR – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, with stop



▼ PR – Power controller, hydraulic-proportional override, high pressure, without stop



▼ E1/E2; E4 – Stroke control electric-proportional



Notice

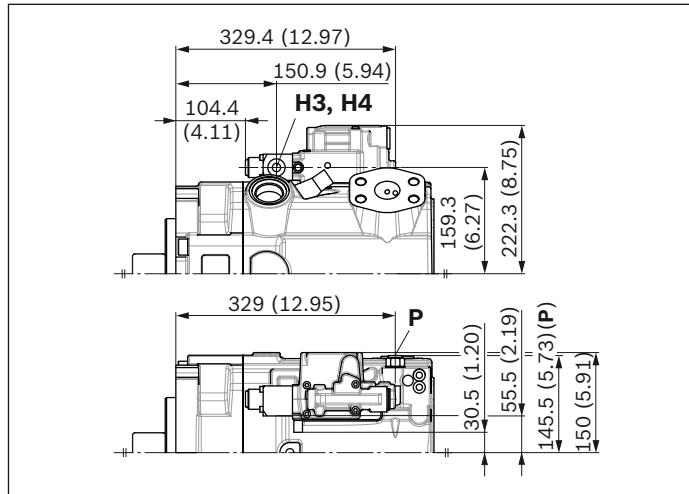
All controllers described with shuttle valve in P
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

¹⁾ 60.9 (2.40) for E4 control

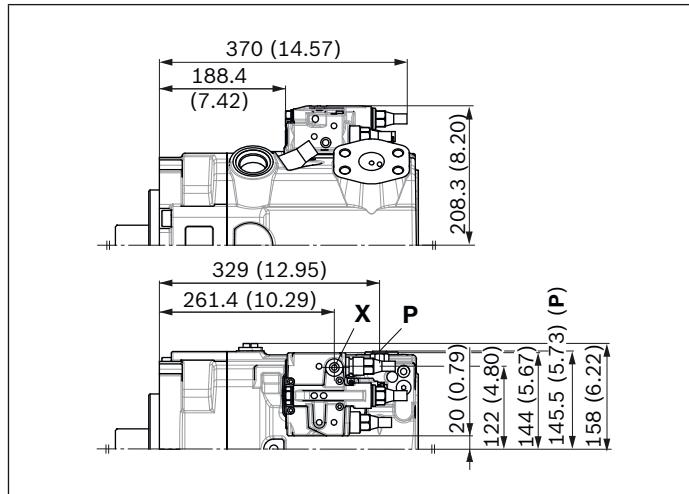
Dimensions [mm (inch)]

Axial piston variable pump | **A15V(L)O Series 11** 63
Dimensions, size 280

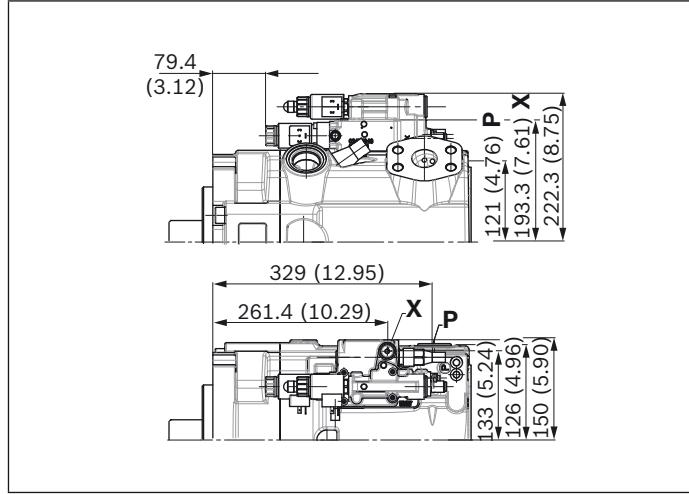
▼ **H3/H4** – Stroke control, hydraulic-proportional, pilot pressure



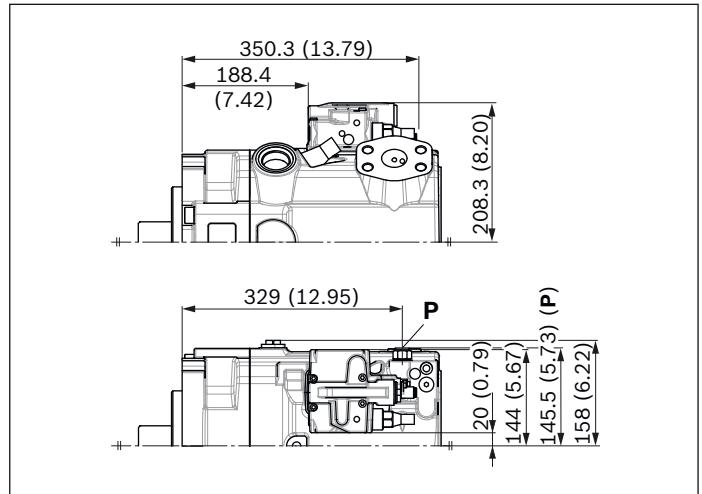
▼ **LRDRS0** – Power controller with pressure controller and load-sensing, fixed setting



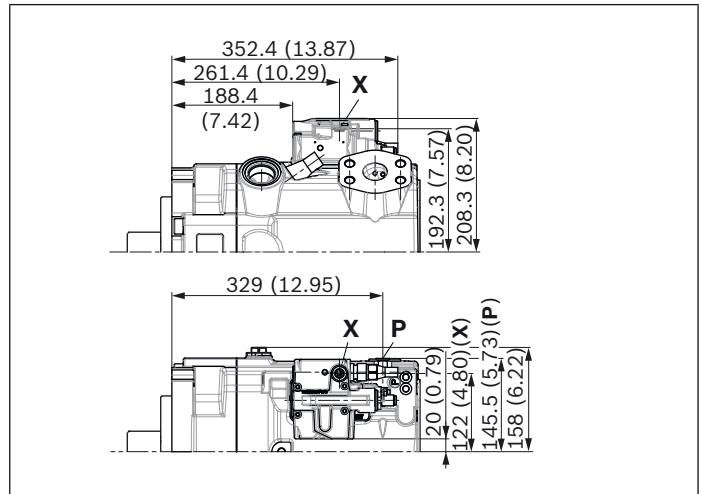
▼ **DGT6/DGT8** – With integrated pilot control valve, electric-proportional override



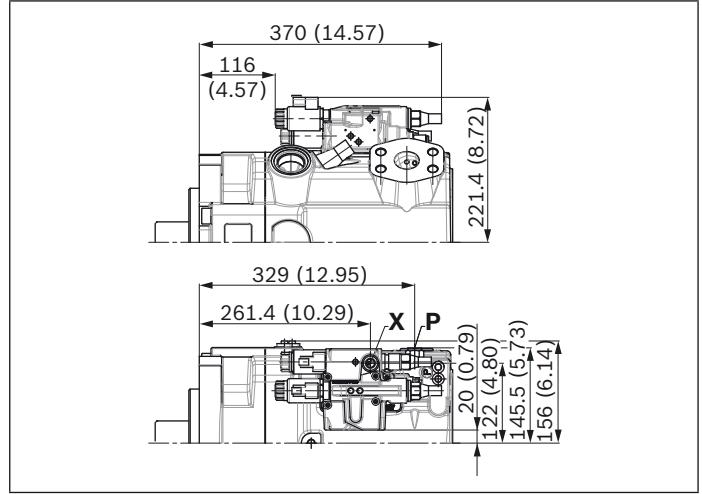
▼ **DR** – Pressure controller, fixed setting



▼ **DG** – Pressure controller, hydraulic, remote controlled



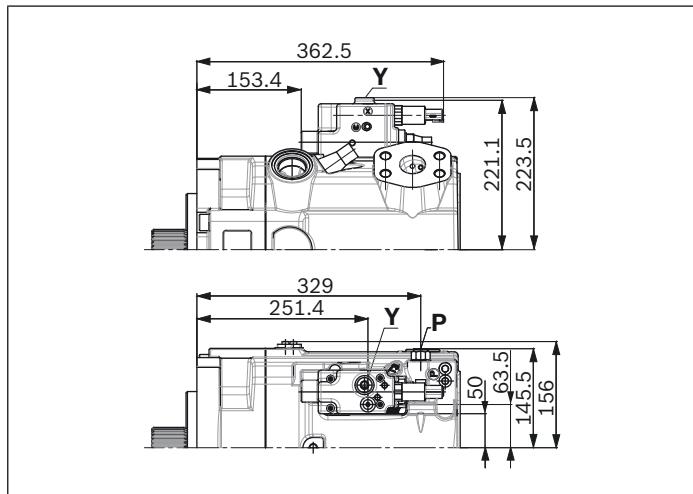
▼ **S3/S4** – Load-sensing, internal pressure, electric-proportional



Notice

All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

▼ D2 – pressure controller; electric-proportional with integrated pilot valve for external pilot pressure supply



Notice

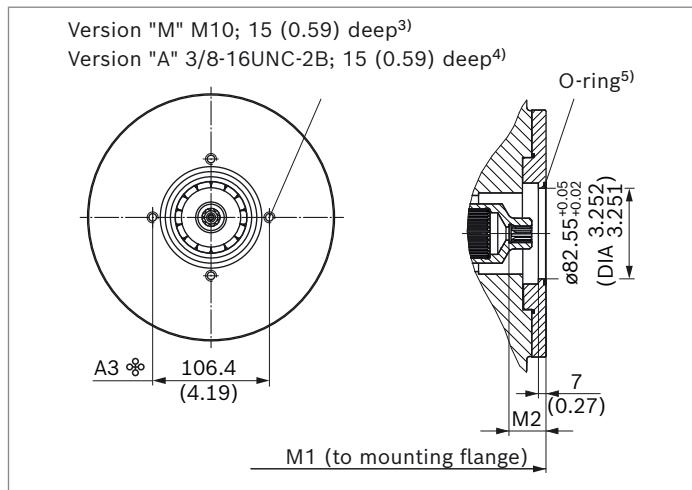
All controllers described with shuttle valve in **P**
(some contrary to standard as per type code position 08)

Observe the safety information for the D2 controller
in instruction manual 92511-01-B.

Dimensions for through drives

Flange SAE J744			Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾			Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation		110	145	175	210	280	
82-2 (A)	∅	A3	5/8 in	9T 16/32DP	S2	●	●	●	●	●	A3S2
			3/4 in	11T 16/32DP	S3	●	●	●	●	●	A3S3

● = Available ○ = On request

▼ 82-2 (A)

A3S2	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	301 (11.85)	34 (1.39)
	145	326 (12.83)	34 (1.39)
	175	340.5 (13.41)	33.8 (1.33)
	210	357.8 (14.09)	33.8 (1.33)
	280	400 (15.75)	33.8 (1.33)
with charge pump	145	374.7 (14.75)	40 (1.57)
	175	389.5 (15.33)	33.8 (1.33)
	210	406.8 (16.02)	33.8 (1.33)
	280	438 (17.24)	33.8 (1.33)

A3S3	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	301 (11.85)	40 (1.57)
	145	326 (12.83)	40 (1.57)
	175	340.5 (13.41)	40 (1.57)
	210	357.8 (14.09)	40 (1.57)
	280	400 (15.75)	40 (1.57)
with charge pump	145	374.7 (14.75)	40 (1.57)
	175	389.5 (15.33)	40 (1.57)
	210	406.8 (16.02)	40 (1.57)
	280	438 (17.24)	40 (1.57)

¹⁾ According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

²⁾ Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

³⁾ Thread according to DIN 13; observe the max. tightening torques in the instruction manual.

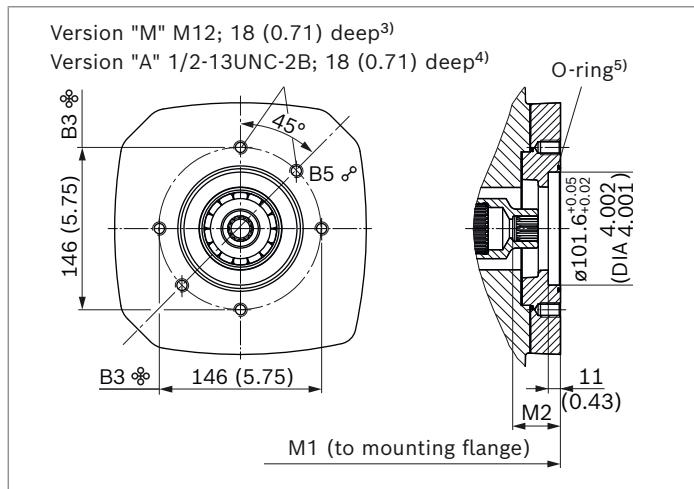
⁴⁾ Thread according to ASME B1.1. Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

⁵⁾ O-ring included in the scope of delivery

Flange SAE J744			Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾			Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation		110	145	175	210	280	
101-2 (B)	$\frac{3}{8}$	B3	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	●	●	●	●	●	B3S4
			1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	●	●	●	●	●	B3S5
	$\frac{5}{8}$	B5	7/8 in	13T 16/32DP	S4	●	●	●	●	●	B5S4
			1 in	15T 16/32DP	S5	○	○	●	●	○	B5S5

● = Available ○ = On request

▼ 101-2 (B)



B3S4, B5S4	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	312 (12.28)	43 (1.69)
	145	337 (13.27)	43 (1.69)
	175	355 (13.97)	43 (1.69)
	210	372.3 (14.65)	43 (1.69)
	280	414.5 (16.31)	43 (1.69)
with charge pump	145	385.7 (15.19)	43 (1.69)
	175	404 (15.90)	43 (1.69)
	210	421.3 (16.58)	43 (1.69)
	280	452.5 (17.81)	43 (1.69)
B3S5, B5S5	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	312 (12.28)	48 (1.89)
	145	337 (13.27)	48 (1.89)
	175	355 (13.97)	48 (1.89)
	210	372.3 (14.65)	48 (1.89)
	280	414.5 (16.31)	48 (1.89)
with charge pump	145	385.7 (15.18)	48 (1.89)
	175	404 (15.90)	48 (1.89)
	210	421.3 (16.58)	48 (1.89)
	280	452.5 (17.81)	48 (1.89)

1) According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the max. tightening torques in the instruction manual.

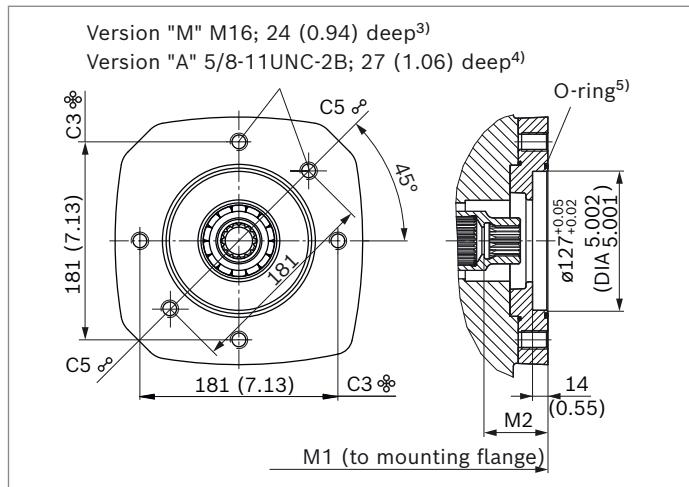
4) Thread according to ASME B1.1. Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

5) O-ring included in the scope of delivery

Flange SAE J744			Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾			Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation		110	145	175	210	280	
127.2 (C)	∅	C3	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	●	C3S7
	∅	C5	1 1/2 in	17T 12/24DP	S9	●	●	●	●	●	C3S9
			1 1/4 in	14 12/24DP	S7	○	●	●	●	●	C5S7

● = Available ○ = On request

▼ 127.2 (C)



C3S7	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	323 (12.72)	58 (2.28)
	145	348 (13.70)	58 (2.28)
	175	354.5 (13.96)	58.1 (2.29)
	210	371.8 (14.64)	58.1 (2.29)
	280	414 (16.30)	58.1 (2.29)
with charge pump	145	396.7 (15.62)	58 (2.28)
	175	403.5 (15.89)	58.1 (2.29)
	210	420.8 (16.57)	58.1 (2.29)
	280	452 (17.80)	58.1 (2.29)

C3S9	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	323 (12.72)	64 (2.52)
	145	348 (13.70)	64 (2.52)
	175	359.5 (14.15)	64 (2.52)
	210	376.8 (14.83)	64 (2.52)
	280	414 (16.30)	63.8 (2.51)
with charge pump	145	396.7 (15.62)	64 (2.52)
	175	408.5 (16.08)	64 (2.52)
	210	425.8 (16.76)	64 (2.52)
	280	452 (17.80)	63.8 (2.51)

C5S7	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	145	348 (13.70)	58 (2.28)
	175	354.5 (13.96)	58 (2.28)
	210	371.8 (14.64)	58 (2.28)
	280	414 (16.30)	58 (2.28)
with charge pump	145	396.7 (15.62)	58 (2.28)
	175	403.5 (15.89)	58 (2.28)
	210	420.8 (16.57)	58 (2.28)
	280	452 (17.80)	58 (2.28)

1) According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the max. tightening torques in the instruction manual.

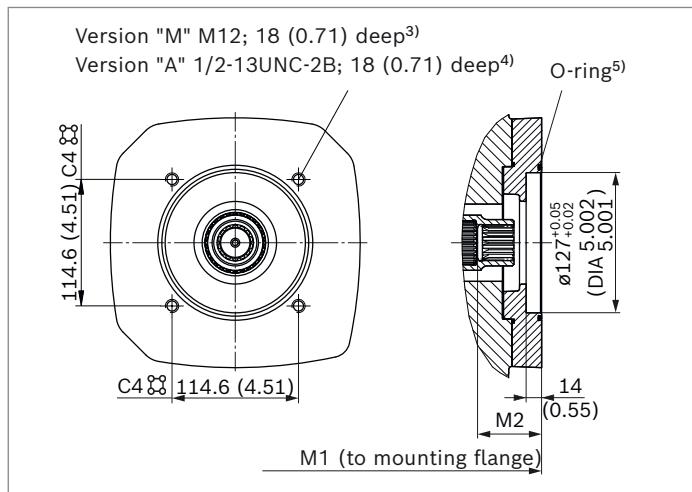
4) Thread according to ASME B1.1. Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

5) O-ring included in the scope of delivery

Flange SAE J744			Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation	110	145	175	210	280	
127-4 (C)	ØØ	C4	1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	○ C4S7
			1 3/8 in	21T 16/32DP	V8	●	●	○	○	○ C4V8

● = Available ○ = On request

▼ 127-4 (C)



C4S7	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	323 (12.72)	58 (2.28)
	145	348 (13.70)	58 (2.28)
	175	354.5 (13.96)	58 (2.28)
	210	371.8 (14.64)	58 (2.28)
with charge pump	145	396.7 (15.62)	58 (2.28)
	175	403.5 (15.89)	58 (2.28)
	210	420.8 (16.57)	58 (2.28)

C4V8	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	323 (12.72)	58 (2.28)
	145	348 (13.70)	58 (2.28)
with charge pump	145	396.7 (15.62)	58 (2.28)

1) According to ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, tolerance class 5

2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the max. tightening torques in the instruction manual.

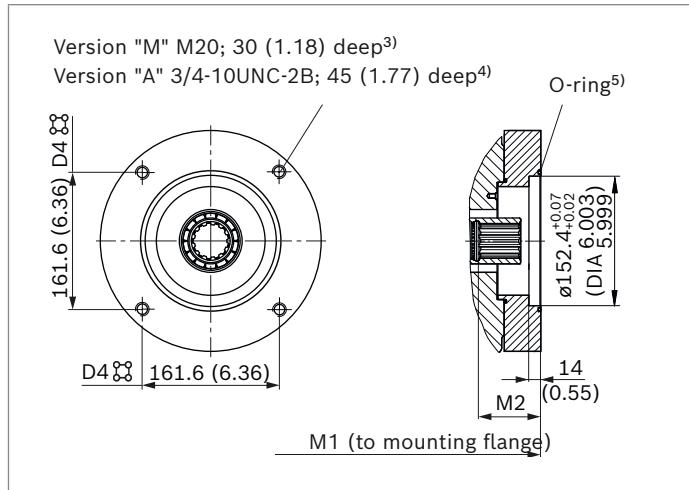
4) Thread according to ASME B1.1. Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

5) O-ring included in the scope of delivery

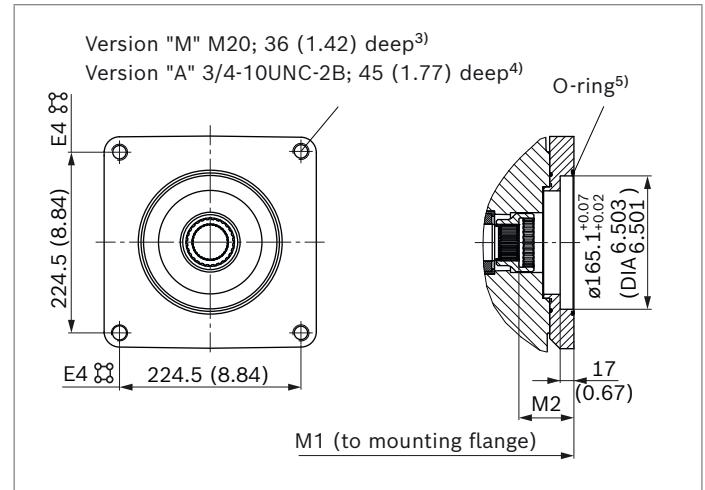
Flange SAE J744			Hub for splined shaft ¹⁾		Availability across sizes					Code
Diameter	Mounting ²⁾	Designation	Diameter	Designation	110	145	175	210	280	
152-4 (D)		D4	1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	●	●	●	●	● D4T1
			1 1/4 in	14T 12/24DP	S7	●	●	●	●	○ D4S7
165-4 (E)		E4	1 3/4 in	13T 8/16DP	T1	-	-	●	●	● E4T1
			2 in	15T 8/16DP	T2	-	-	●	●	● E4T2
			2 1/4 in	17T 8/16DP	T3	-	-	-	-	● E4T3
W60x2x28x9g ⁶⁾					A4	-	-	-	-	● E4A4

● = Available ○ = On request

▼ 152-4 (D)



▼ 165-4 (E)



D4T1	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	336 (13.23)	77 (3.03)
	145	361 (14.21)	76.8 (3.02)
	175	372.5 (14.67)	76.8 (3.02)
	210	389.8 (15.35)	76.8 (3.02)
	280	432 (17.01)	77 (3.03)

with charge pump	145	409.7 (16.13)	76.8 (3.02)
	175	421.5 (16.59)	76.8 (3.02)
	210	438.8 (17.28)	76.8 (3.02)
	280	470 (18.50)	77 (3.03)

D4S7	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	110	325 (12.8)	60 (2.36)
	145	350 (13.78)	60 (2.36)
	175	354.5 (13.96)	58 (2.28)

with charge pump	145	399 (15.71)	60 (2.36)
	175	403.5 (15.88)	58 (2.28)
	210	420.8 (16.57)	58 (2.28)

E4T1	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	175	355 (13.98)	77 (3.03)
	210	389.8 (15.35)	77 (3.03)

with charge pump	175	421.5 (16.59)	77 (3.03)
	210	438.8 (17.27)	77 (3.03)
	280	470 (18.50)	77 (3.03)

E4T2	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	175	385.5 (15.18)	90 (3.54)
	210	402.8 (15.86)	90 (3.54)

with charge pump	175	434.5 (17.11)	90 (3.54)
	210	451.8 (17.79)	90 (3.54)
	280	483 (19.02)	90 (3.54)

E4T3	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	280	445 (17.52)	90 (3.54)

with charge pump	280	483 (19.02)	90 (3.54)
	280	483 (19.02)	90 (3.54)

E4A4	NG	M1	M2
without charge pump	280	423 (16.65)	68 (2.68)

with charge pump	280	461 (18.15)	68 (2.68)
	280	461 (18.15)	68 (2.68)

1) In accordance with ANSI B92.1a, 30° pressure angle, flat root, side fit, Tolerance Class 5

2) Mounting holes pattern viewed on through drive with control at top.

3) Thread according to DIN 13; observe the max. tightening torques in the instruction manual.

4) Thread according to ASME B1.1. Observe the notes in the instruction manual concerning the maximum tightening torques.

5) O-ring included in the scope of delivery

6) Hub N60x2x28x8H according to DIN 5480

Overview of mounting options

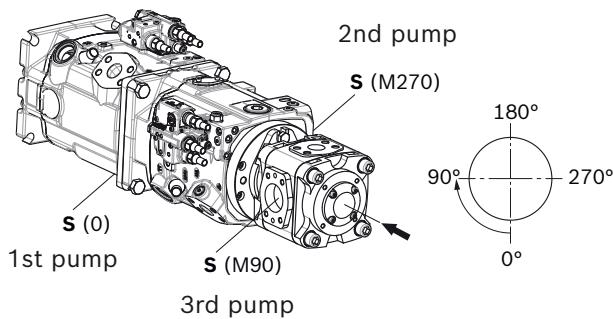
Through drive ¹⁾			Mounting options – 2nd Pump							
Flange	Hub for splined shaft	Code	A15VO/1x NG (shaft)	A1VO/10 NG (shaft)	A10VO/3x NG (shaft)	A4VG/32 NG (shaft)	A4VG/40 NG (shaft)	A10VO/5x NG (shaft)	External gear pump	
82-2 (A)	5/8 in	A3S2	–	–	18 (U)	–	–	10, 18 (U)	Series F ²⁾	
	3/4 in	A3S3		18 (S3) 28 (S3)	18 (S, R)			10 (S), 18 (S, R)		
101-2 (B)	7/8 in	B_S4	–	18 (S4) 28 (S4) 35 (S4)	28 (S, R); 45 (U, W)	–	–	28 (S, R); 45 (U, W)	Series N ²⁾	
	1 in	B_S5	–	35 (S5)	45 (S, R)	28 (S)	–	45 (R, S); 60, 63 (U, W) 72 (U, W)	PGH4	
127-2 (C)	1 1/4 in	C_S7	–	–	71 (R) (S) 88 (R) (S)	40, 56, 71 (S)	45, 65 (S7)	85, 100 (U, W)	–	
	1 1/2 in	C3S9	–	–	100 (S)	–	45, 65 (S9)	85, 100 (S)	PGH5	
	1 1/4 in	C5S7		–	71 (S, R) 88 (S, R) 100 (U, W)			85, 100 (U, W)		
127-4 (C)	1 1/4 in	C4S7	–	–	71 (R) (S) 88 (R) (S)	–	65 (S7)	60, 63 (S, R) 72 (S, R) 85 (U, W)	–	
	1 3/8 in	C4V8	–	–	–	–	85, 110 (V8)	–	–	
152-4 (D)	1 1/4 in	D4S7	–	–	100 (U, W)	90 (U)	–	–	–	
	1 3/8 in	D4V8	–	–	–	–	85, 110 (V8)	–	–	
	1 3/4 in	D4T1	110, 145 (T1)	–	140 (S)	90, 125 (S)	145 (T1)	–	–	
165-4 (E)	1 3/4 in	E4T1	–	–	–	180, 250 (S)	145, 175 (T1)	–	–	
	2 in	E4T2	175, 210 (T2)	–	–	–	145 (T2)	–	–	
	2 1/4 in	E4T3	280 (T3)	–	–	180, 250 (T)	175 (T3)	–	–	
	W60	E4A4	280 (A4)	–	–	–	–	–	–	

Mounting situation combination pumps in relation to each other

Port **S** of the relevant mounting unit in relation to port **S** of the first pump is always used as orientation.

Below, you will find an example with three attachment pumps:

1st pump	2nd pump	3rd pump
Alignment port S	Mounting angle to 1st pump	Mounting angle to 1st pump
Example: without code	-M270	-M90



Details of the mounting situation are provided following the order designation for the relevant combination or mounting unit.

Alignment clockwise viewed on through drive.

Order example

A15VO 280....+A15VO....145....-M270

A15VO 280....+A15VO....145....-M270+PGH....-M90

Notice

- Each through drive is plugged with a **non-pressure-resistant** cover. If the A15 is operated without a through drive unit, the unit must be converted to U000 and plugged with a pressure-proof cover before commissioning (see also operating instruction).

¹⁾ Additional through drives are available on request

²⁾ Bosch Rexroth recommends special versions of the external gear pumps. Please contact us.

Combination pumps A15V(L)O + A15V(L)O

Type code designation for mounting orientation "Mounting situation of combination pumps in relation to each other" on page 67.

Total length A

A15VO (1st pump)	A15VO (2nd pump)						A15VLO (2nd pump)				
	NG110	NG145	NG175	NG210	NG280	NG280	NG145	NG175	NG210	NG280	NG280
	D4T1	D4T1	E4T2	E4T2	E4A4	E4T3	D4T1	E4T2	E4T2	E4A4	E4T3
NG110	621 (24.45)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
NG145	646 (25.43)	671 (26.42)	—	—	—	—	736.2 (28.98)	—	—	—	—
NG175	657.5 (25.89)	682.5 (26.87)	713 (28.07)	—	—	—	747.7 (29.44)	780 (30.71)	—	—	—
NG210	674.8 (26.57)	699.8 (27.55)	730.3 (28.75)	747.6 (29.43)	—	—	765 (30.12)	797.3 (31.00)	814.6 (32.07)	—	—
NG280	717 (28.23)	742 (29.21)	772.5 (30.41)	789.8 (31.09)	810 (31.90)	832 (31.76)	807.2 (31.78)	839.5 (33.05)	856.8 (33.73)	866 (34.09)	888 (34.96)

A15VLO (1st pump)	A15VO (2nd pump)						A15VLO (2nd pump)				
	NG110	NG145	NG175	NG210	NG280	NG280	NG145	NG175	NG210	NG280	NG280
	D4T1	D4T1	E4T2	E4T2	E4A4	E4T3	D4T1	E4T2	E4T2	E4A4	E4T3
NG 145	694.7 (27.35)	719.7 (28.33)	—	—	—	—	784.9 (30.90)	—	—	—	—
NG175	706.5 (27.81)	731.5 (28.80)	762 (30.00)	—	—	—	796.7 (31.37)	829 (32.64)	—	—	—
NG210	723.8 (28.50)	748.8 (29.48)	779.3 (30.68)	796.6 (31.36)	—	—	814 (32.05)	846.3 (33.32)	863.6 (34.00)	—	—
NG280	755 (29.72)	780 (30.71)	810.5 (31.91)	827.8 (32.59)	848 (33.39)	870 (34.25)	845.2 (33.28)	877.5 (34.55)	894.8 (35.23)	904 (35.59)	926 (36.46)

By using combination pumps, it is possible to have independent circuits without the need for splitter gearboxes.

When ordering combination pumps, the type designations of the 1st and 2nd Pump must be connected with a "+" and the mounting situation must be added as described on page 67.

Order example:

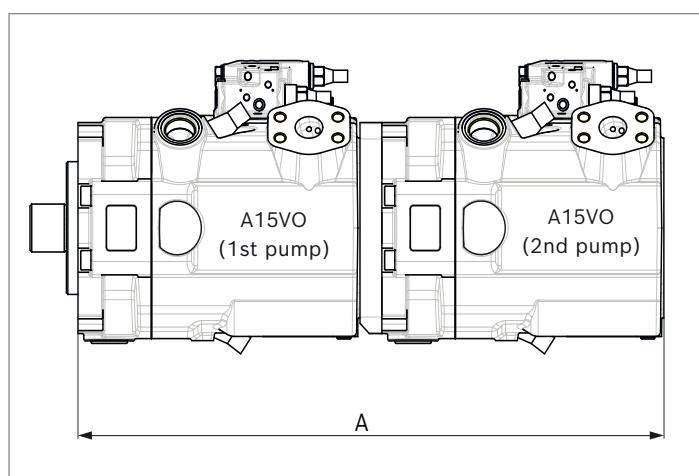
**A15VO280LRDRA00/11M(A)RVE4A41SE4A40-0+
A15VO280LRDRA00/11M(A)RVE4A41SU0000-0-M...**

A tandem pump, with two pumps of equal size, is permissible without additional supports, assuming that the dynamic mass acceleration does not exceed maximum 10 g (= 98.1 m/s²).

For combination pumps consisting of more than two pumps, the mounting flange must be calculated for the permissible mass torque.

Notice

The combination pump type code is shown in shortened form in the order confirmation.



Connector for solenoids

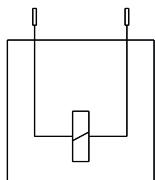
DEUTSCH DT04-2P-EP04

Molded, 2-pin, without bidirectional suppressor diode

The following type of protection ensues with the installed mating connector:

- ▶ IP67 (DIN/EN 60529) and
- ▶ IP69K (DIN 40050-9)

▼ Switching symbol



▼ Mating connector DEUTSCH DT06-2S-EP04

Consisting of	DT designation
1 housing	DT06-2S-EP04
1 wedge	W2S
2 sockets	0462-201-16141

The mating connector is not included in the scope of delivery.

This can be supplied by Bosch Rexroth on request (material number R902601804).

Notice

If necessary, you can change the position of the connector by turning the solenoid body. The procedure is defined in the instruction manual.

Installation instructions

General

The axial piston unit must be filled with hydraulic fluid and air bled during commissioning and operation. This must also be observed following a longer standstill as the axial piston unit may empty via the hydraulic lines.

Particularly in the installation position "drive shaft upwards", filling and air bleeding must be carried out completely as there is, for example, a danger of dry running. The case drain leakage in the housing area must be directed to the reservoir via the highest available drain port (T_1 , T_2 , T_3).

For combination pumps, the leakage must be drained off at each single pump.

If a shared drain line is used for several units, make sure that the respective case pressure in each unit is not exceeded. The shared drain line must be dimensioned to ensure that the maximum permissible case pressure of all connected units is not exceeded in any operating conditions, particularly at cold start. If this is not possible, separate drain line must be laid, if necessary.

To achieve favorable noise values, decouple all connecting lines using elastic elements and avoid above-reservoir installation.

In all operating conditions, the suction and drain lines must flow into the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The permissible suction height h_s results from the total pressure loss. However, it must not be higher than $h_{s\ max} = 800$ mm (31.50 inch). The minimum suction pressure at port **S** must also not fall below 0.8 bar (12 psi) absolute (without charge pump) or 0.7 bar (11 psi) absolute (with charge pump) during operation and during a cold start.

Make sure to provide adequate distance between suction line and drain line for the reservoir design. This prevents the heated return flow from being drawn directly back into the suction line.

Notice

In certain installation positions, an influence on the control device can be expected. Gravity, dead weight and case pressure can cause minor characteristic shifts and changes in actuating time.

Installation position

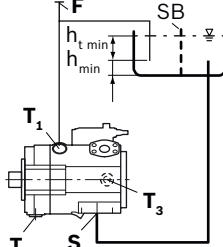
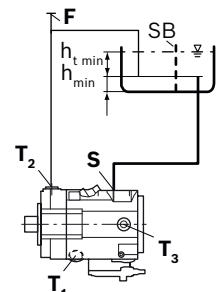
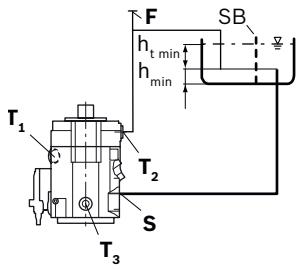
See the following examples 1 to 7.

Further installation positions are available upon request.

Recommended installation position: 1 and 2

Below-reservoir installation (standard)

Below-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed outside of the reservoir below the minimum fluid level.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
1	T_1	$S + T_1$
		
2	T_2	$S + T_2$
		
3	T_2	$S + T_2$
		
Key		
L	Filling / Air bleeding	
S	Suction port	
T	Drain port	
SB	Baffle (baffle plate)	
$h_{t\ min}$	Minimum required immersion depth (200 mm (7.87 inch))	
h_{min}	Minimum required distance to reservoir bottom (100 mm (3.94 inch))	
$h_{ES\ min}$	Minimum height required to prevent axial piston unit from draining (25 mm (1 inch))	
$h_{s\ max}$	Maximum permissible suction height (800 mm (31.50 inch))	

Above-reservoir installation

Above-reservoir installation means that the axial piston unit is installed above the minimum fluid level of the reservoir. To prevent the axial piston unit from draining, a height difference $h_{ES\ min}$ of at least 25 mm (1 in) at port **T₂** is required in position 5. Observe the maximum permissible suction height $h_{S\ max} = 800$ mm (31.50 inch).

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
4	F	T ₁ (F)
5	F	T ₂ (F)

Inside-reservoir installation

Inside-reservoir installation is when the axial piston unit is installed in the reservoir below the minimum fluid level. The axial piston unit is completely below the hydraulic fluid. If the minimum fluid level is equal to or below the upper edge of the pump, see chapter "**Above-reservoir installation**".

Axial piston units with electric components (e.g. electric controls, sensors) must not be installed in a reservoir below the fluid level.

Installation position	Air bleed	Filling
6	Via the highest available port T ₁	Automatically via the open port T ₁ due to the position under the hydraulic fluid level
7	Via the highest available port T ₂	Automatically via the open port T ₂ due to the position under the hydraulic fluid level

Notice

Port **F** is part of the external piping and must be provided on the customer side to make filling and air bleeding easier.

For key, see page 73.

Project planning notes

- ▶ The A15V(L)O axial piston variable pump is designed to be used in open circuits.
- ▶ The project planning, assembly and commissioning of the axial piston unit require the involvement of qualified skilled persons.
- ▶ Before using the axial piston unit, please read the corresponding instruction manual completely and thoroughly. If necessary, this can be requested from Bosch Rexroth.
- ▶ Before finalizing your design, please request a binding installation drawing.
- ▶ The specified data and notes contained herein must be observed.
- ▶ Depending on the operating conditions of the axial piston unit (working pressure, fluid temperature), the characteristic curve may shift.
- ▶ The characteristic curve may also shift due to the dither frequency or control electronics.
- ▶ Preservation: Our axial piston units are supplied as standard with preservative protection for a maximum of 12 months. If longer preservation is required (maximum 24 months), please specify this in plain text when placing your order. The preservation periods apply under optimal storage conditions, which can be found in data sheet 90312 or in the instruction manual.
- ▶ Not all versions of the product are approved for use in a safety function according to ISO 13849. Please consult the proper contact at Bosch Rexroth if you require reliability parameters (e.g. MTTF_d) for functional safety.
- ▶ Depending on the type of control used, electromagnetic effects can be produced when using solenoids. Use of the recommended direct current (DC) on the electromagnet does not produce any electromagnetic interference (EMI) nor is the electromagnet influenced by EMI. Potential electromagnetic interference (EMI) exists if the solenoid is energized with a modulated direct current (e.g. PWM signal). The machine manufacturer should conduct appropriate tests and take appropriate measures to ensure that other components or operators (e.g. with a pacemaker) are not affected by this potentiality.
- ▶ Pressure controllers are not safeguards against pressure overload. Be sure to add a pressure relief valve to the hydraulic system.
- ▶ For drives that are operated for a long period with constant rotational speed, the natural frequency of the hydraulic system can be stimulated by the excitation frequency of the pump (rotational speed frequency ×9). This can be prevented with suitably designed hydraulic lines.
- ▶ Working ports:
 - The ports and fastening threads are designed for the specified maximum pressure. The machine or system manufacturer must ensure the connecting elements and lines correspond to the specified application conditions (pressure, flow, hydraulic fluid, temperature) with the necessary safety factors.
 - The working ports and function ports are only intended to accommodate hydraulic lines.

Safety instructions

- ▶ During and shortly after operation, there is a risk of burning on the axial piston unit and especially on the solenoids. Take the appropriate safety measures (e.g. by wearing protective clothing).
- ▶ Moving parts in control equipment (e.g. valve spools) can, under certain circumstances, get stuck in position as a result of contamination (e.g. contaminated hydraulic fluid, abrasion, or residual dirt from components). As a result, the hydraulic fluid flow and the build-up of torque in the axial piston unit can no longer respond correctly to the operator's specifications. Even the use of various filter elements (external or internal flow filtration) will not rule out a fault but merely reduce the risk. The machine/system manufacturer must test whether remedial measures are needed on the machine for the application concerned in order to bring the driven consumer into a safe position (e.g. safe stop) and ensure any measures are appropriately implemented.

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